The New-York Times.

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EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Advices to Last Evening by Ocean Telegraph.

The Movement on Rome--Garibaldi Arrested by the Italian Government.

French Troops Reported En Route for the Eternal City.

Rumored Refusal by Russia of an Alliance with Turkey.

Collision of British Soldiers and Irish Citizens in Limerick.

ITALY AND ROME.

Garibaldi Arrested by the Italian Government.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24—9 P. M.

The following dispatch has been received here:

FLORENCE, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

GARIBALDI has been arrested by the Italian Government. He was taken prisoner while crossing the Roman frontier.

French Troops Sent to Rome.

PARIS, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Evening.

Troops have left France for Rome.

The Italian Government Sending Troops to the Roman Frontier.

FLORENCE, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The Government is sending troops to the frontiers of the Roman territory.

Dispatches from Rome state that many arrests have been made there of parties suspected to be in correspondence with GARIBALDI and his followers.

The Papal Authorities Concentrating their Forces.

FLORENCE, Monday, Sept. 23—Evening.

The Roman Government is taking precautionary steps to guard against an attack from without or a sudden rising within the city. All the Pontifical troops are being withdrawn from outlying points in the Provinces of Cevita Vecchia, Viterbo and Villetri, and concentrated in and around the City of Rome.

RUSSIA.

Rumored Refusal of an Alliance with Turkey.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

It is reported that the Emperor of Russia has refused a proffer of alliance made by the Sublime Porte, and that he is now seeking to bring about an alliance between Russia and France.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Disturbance in Limerick.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

An unfortunate conflict occurred in the streets of Limerick yesterday, between the people and the Royal troops. The latter fixed bayonets and charged upon the crowd. Eight persons are reported wounded; and one man was killed. The conduct of the troops is condemned.

Signaling of a Supposed Fenian Privateer.

DUBLIN, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

A report has reached here from the South of Ireland that a suspicious looking craft, supposed to be a Fenian vessel, has been seen cruising off the coast of Kerry.

Arrest of Alleged Rioters in Manchester.

MANCHESTER, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Arrests of alleged rioters are still being made here by the Police.

The Rescued Prisoners Said to be En Route for America.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

It is rumored that KELLY and DEASY sailed from Liverpool on one of the Atlantic steamers for the United States, on Saturday.

Trial of the Rioters.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

A special Commission is to be appointed, and will soon assemble in Manchester, to try the cases of the parties now in jail there on charge of taking part in the riot last week.

Parliament to Reassemble in November.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

It is considered quite probable that Parliament will reassemble in November.

New-Market Races—First Day.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The races known as the New-Market first October meeting commenced to-day at New-Market.

The Great Eastern Railway Handicap, net value of the stakes £665, was won by *Mistletoe*.

The Handicap Sweepstakes, valued at £80, was won by *Indian Star*.

The Grand Duke Michael Stake, valued at £800, was won by *Friponier; Hermit* and *Hippia*, the Derby and Oaks victors, coming in respectively second and third.

The £1,000 Sweepstakes were won by *St. Ronan*.

The China Clipper Race.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, Sept. 23.

The ship *Ariel*, one of the Chinese tea fleet, arrived to-day. She beats the *Taeping*, which was the first ship out, having left Shanghae nine days after the departure of the latter.

The United States Gunboat Shamrock.

SOUTHAMPTON, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The United States gunboat *Shamrock*, of the European squadron, has arrived off Cowes.

PRUSSIA.

Bismarck on the Union of the States.

BERLIN, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Evening.

In the North German Parliament to-day, during the debate on the address to the King of Prussia, Count VON BISMARCK made a patriotic and significant speech. He declared in the most emphatic manner that if the German nation wished to unite, there was no power strong enough to hinder the Union, nor was there any power paltry enough to make the attempt.

Projects of German Unity.

BERLIN, Monday, Sept. 23—Evening.

The *North German Gazette*, the reputed organ of Count VON BISMARCK, says the South German States are now free to join the Confederation of the North, and make Germany one nation.

The Prussian Diet Dissolved.

BERLIN, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The Prussian Diet was dissolved yesterday. It will meet again in November, when it will include among its members deputies elected from States which have been annexed to Prussia.

SPAIN.

The Administration of the Colony of Porto Rico.

MADRID, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Salutary reforms are about to be introduced in the administration of the Colony of Porto Rico. They are now under the consideration of the Cabinet, and the law carrying them into effect will soon be promulgated.

FRANCE.

Resignation of the President of the Credit Mobilier.

PARIS, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

M. PEREIRE has resigned his position as President of the *Credit Mobilier*.

CHINA.

The Tea Market.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Late advices from China have been received. The market for tea was quiet. The total amount of tea exported this season, up to the 28th of August, was 60,000,000 pounds.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Financial.

LONDON, Monday, Sept. 23—Evening.

Consols for money, 94⅝.

United States Five-Twenties	73¼
Illinois Central Railway Shares	77
Erie Railway Shares	41¼
Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated Bonds	22¾

FRANKFORT, Monday, Sept. 23—Evening.

United States Five-Twenties closed at 76¾ for the issue of 1862.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Noon.

Consols for money, 94⅝.

No advices have yet been received to-day from New-York in regard to American Securities, and in the absence of such advices the following are the quotations:

United States Five-Twenty Bonds	73¼
Illinois Central Railway Shares	77
Erie Railway Shares	41¼

The quotation for Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated Bonds is 22¾.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24—2 P. M.

Consols have declined to 94 7-16.

Up to this hour no advices have been received over the cable of the prices of American Securities in the New-York market.

United States Five-Twenties	73¼
Illinois Central Railway Shares	77¼
Erie Railway shares	41¼
Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated Bonds	22¼

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Evening.

Consols closed at 94 7-16 for money.

American securities closed at the following rates:

United States Five-Twenty Bonds	73 1-16
Illinois Central Railway Shares	77¼
Erie Railway Shares	41¼
Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated Bonds	22¼

FRANKFORT, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Evening.

United States Bonds closed at 76¾ for the issue of 1862.

Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, Sept. 23—Evening.

COTTON—The sales to-day foot up 12,000 bales. The following are the closing quotations:

Middling Uplands	9⅛d.
Middling Orleans	9⅛d.

BREADSTUFFS—Corn, 42s. per quarter for mixed Western. Wheat, 13s. 8d. ℔ cental for white California. Barley, 5s. 3d. ℔ 60 lbs. for American. Oats, 3s. 7d. ℔ 45 lbs. for Canadian. Peas, 44s ℔ 504 lbs. for American.

PROVISIONS—Beef, 147s. 6d. ℔ 304 lbs. for extra prime mess. Pork, 71s. ℔ 200 lbs. for city prime mess. Bacon, 42s. 6d. ℔ cwt. for middles. Lard, 51s. 6d. ℔ cwt. for American. Cheese, 53s. ℔ cwt. for Middling American.

PRODUCE—Resin, 8s. ℔ cwt. for common American, and 12s. for medium. Tallow, 44s. ℔ cwt. for American. Spirits of Turpentine, 28s. 6d. ℔ cwt. Petroleum, 10d. ℔ gallon for spirits, and 1s. 5½d. for standard White. Cloverseed, 41s. ℔ cwt. for Red American.

LONDON, Monday, Sept. 23—Evening.

No. 12 Dutch Standard Sugar, 25s. 6d. Calcutta Linseed 68s. 6d. ℔ imperial quarter. Whale Oil £40 ℔ 252 gallons. Sperm Oil £115 ℔ ton. Linseed Oil £39 ℔ ton. Linseed Cakes £10 5s. ℔ ton for feeding.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Noon.

Cotton quiet. The sales to-day are estimated at 10,000 bales. Middling Uplands, 9⅛d.; Middling Orleans, 9⅛d.

BREADSTUFFS—Corn, 42s. Wheat, 13s. 8d. for White California. Barley, 5s. 3d. Oats, 3s. 7d. Peas, 44s.

PROVISIONS—Beef, 147s. 6d. Pork, 71s. Bacon, 42s. 6d. Lard, 51s. 6d. Cheese, 53s.

PRODUCE—Resin, common, 8s.; medium, 12s. Tallow, 44s. Spirits of Turpentine, 28s. 6d. Petroleum, spirits, 10d.; standard White, 1s. 5½d. Cloverseed, 41s.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Noon.

No. 12 Dutch Standard Sugar, 25s. 6d. Calcutta Linseed, 68s. 6d. Whale Oil, £40. Sperm Oil, £115. Linseed Oil, £39. Linseed Cakes, £89.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Noon.

Petroleum closed firm at Antwerp last evening for standard White.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, Sept. 24—2 P. M.

COTTON is quiet and unchanged.

BREADSTUFFS are firmer. White California Wheat is now quoted at 13s. 10d. Peas, 44s. 6d. Corn, Oats and Barley are without change.

Beef has declined to 145s. and Lard has advanced to 51s. 9d. No change in Pork, Bacon and Cheese.

In the Produce Market the prices are the same as at noon.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24—2 P. M.

We have no changes to report in our markets since the noon dispatch.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Evening.

COTTON—The market closes easier and lower, at the following quotations:

Middling Uplands	9⅛d.
Middling Orleans	9⅛d.

The sales of the day foot up 10,000 bales.

TRADE REPORT—The advices from Manchester are unfavorable. The market for goods and yarns is heavy.

BREADSTUFFS—The market closed firm. Corn, 42s.; Wheat, 13s. 10d. for California White; Barley, 5s. 3d.; Oats, 3s. 7d.; Peas, 44s. 6d.

PROVISIONS—Beef 145s., and Pork 71s., ℔ bbl.; Bacon, 42s. 6d.; Lard, 51s. 9d.; Cheese, 53s.

PRODUCE—Resin, common, 8s., and medium, 12s.; Tallow, 44s.; Spirits Turpentine, 28s. 6d.; Petroleum Spirits have advanced to 11d.; Refined Petroleum, 1s. 6d.; Cloverseed, 41s.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Evening.

Sugar steady at 25s. 6d. Crude Linseed, 68s. 6d.; Whale Oil, £40; Sperm Oil, £115; Linseed Cakes, £10 5s.; Linseed Oil, £39.

ANTWERP, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Evening.

The Petroleum market is lower; Standard White, was last quoted at [illegible].

MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

SOUTHAMPTON, Monday, Sept. 23—Evening.

The steamship *Hansa*, Capt. [illegible], of the North German Lloyds Line, from New-York on the 12th inst., arrived here at 6 o'clock this morning.

LONDONDERRY, Monday, Sept. 23—Evening.

The steamship *Moravian*, of Allan's Line, Capt. WYLIE, from New-York on the 14th inst., arrived here this afternoon *en route* to Liverpool.

QUEENSTOWN, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Noon.

The steamship *City of Baltimore*, Capt. MCGUIGAN, from New-York on the 14th inst., arrived here this morning on the way to Liverpool.

Marine Disasters.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, Sept. 23—Noon.

The ship *W. B. Dinsmore*, Capt. FREEMAN, from Shields on the 22d of April last for Bombay, has been destroyed at sea. The crew were all saved.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, Sept. 24—Noon.

Advices have been received here that the brig *E. McK. Spearing*, from New-York on the 18th of July last, has arrived at Nerva, Spain, in a disabled condition.

BY STEAMSHIP TO SEPT. 15.

The Cunard steamship *Java*, from Liverpool Sept. 14, and Queenstown Sept. 15, reached this port yesterday. Her advices are three days later than those received by the steamer *City of Paris*.

The General Transatlantic Company's steamer *St. Laurent*, from Havre Sept. 12, and Brest Sept. 14, arrived at an early hour yesterday morning.

Now that the Abyssinian expedition has been fairly determined upon, and a million of money, perhaps, has been actually spent, people are beginning to complain that the object we propose to ourselves might have been achieved by other and more peaceful means. Twice has the *Times* taken up the tale of despondency, and in its issue of the 12th it was quite melancholy on the distance from Massowah to Magdala, the difficulties of the journey, and so on. A tenth part of the money now to be spent would thinks the *Times*, in judicious hands, have procured for us the release of the prisoners. This turning back, after having once put the hand to the plow, has of course called forth severe animadversions; but there is no doubt that the *Times* is giving expression to an important section of British taxpayers who are already beginning to look upon the probabilities of THEODORE's "little bill" with fear and trembling. With reference to a report current some days since, to the effect that the Sultan had given permission to the British Government to enlist volunteers for Abyssinia in Arabia, it is stated that the Government has not applied for any such privilege, and that therefore it has not been conceded.

The *Temps* of the 13th says that according to intelligence received from Berlin, it is now decided that the Emperor NAPOLEON will shortly pay a visit to the Prussian Court. Count VON DER GOLTZ will convey to Biarritz the formal invitation from King WILLIAM. All the Sovereigns of the North German Confederation would be at Berlin simultaneously with the Emperor NAPOLEON, the latter being accompanied by the Empress EUGENIE. The period for the journey has not yet been fixed.

Intelligence received from Geneva states that a long and stormy sitting of the International Peace Congress was held on the 11th, at which M. DUPASQUIER reproached the Assembly, attacking religion and criticising the American Republic. At the last sitting of the Congress it was impossible to continue the proceedings in consequence of violent popular manifestations on the part of the inhabitants of the town. The Congress had set aside the proposals of M. FAZY and M. CATARET, and in consequence of this decision an understanding was come to between M. FAZY and the Conservative party in Geneva against the Committee whose proposals had been adopted by the Congress. The vehement protests of the minority against these proposals induced the President to put on his hat, and subsequently to declare the sitting at an end. The latest telegrams announce that a large public meeting had been held to protest against the revolutionary and socialist tendency of the organization, and that the Congress had been dissolved by the Radical Party, and the room in which the members met cleared. It was said that the Peace Congress would resume its sessions at Manheim. GARIBALDI had left Geneva previous to its adjournment.

On the 12th the Italian authorities arrested several armed men who were attempting to cross the Roman frontier. Negotiations are reported to be in progress for the occupation of a portion of Roman territory by the Italian troops. The *Opinione* states that the question of the Antibes Legion, which has never had any effect upon the good relations existing between France and Italy, has been settled. The negotiations on the subject have been concluded to the perfect satisfaction of the Italian Government, and in accordance with the spirit of the September Convention.

The usual policy of the military rulers in Spain, namely, to be gentle and forgiving when insurgents are in the field, but sanguinary and revengeful when they have laid down their arms, is at this moment being pursued in Spain. Nothwithstanding the amnesty proclaimed for those who had participated in the latest *faux pas* of PRIM, they are being shipped off by NARVAEZ to the most pestilential settlements still appertaining to the kingdom.

A semi-official communication from Copenhagen, published by the *Hamburger Nachrichten*, states, in reference to a rumor current in Berlin that Prussia was willing to draw the North Schleswig line of demarcation in the district of Hadersleben, but that such offers could not be accepted by Denmark on account of their insignificance. The Copenhagen journals express the same views on the subject in an equally irritated tone.

Gen. IGNATIEFF, Ambassador of Russia, had left again for Livadia, bearing the answer of the Porte to the Russian proposals relative to Crete. Russia had demanded an armistice, during which the Great Powers would try to come to an acceptable solution. The Porte did not consent to it, in order not to recognize in the insurgents the quality of belligerents; she offers to order OMAR PASHA to suspend hostilities while keeping all his positions, to grant a general amnesty to the insurgents putting down their arms, and the foreign volunteers would be granted a delay of one month to leave the island. The Ottoman Government expects, the answer of the Czar to these counter proposals. An imperial ukase had been issued ordering the immediate and energetic execution, with the coöperation of all the Ministries, of the ukase of 1830, commanding the introduction of the Russian language into all the Government administrations of the Baltic Provinces, where the regulation had not hitherto been applied.

The *Independance Belge* says that it has learned from a source which inspires it with confidence that the Emperors NAPOLEON and FRANCIS JOSEPH came to an agreement at Salzburg to support the Ottoman Empire in Europe against Russia, in concert with England, to whom overtures were to be made. If M. BEUST goes to London, as it is said to be his intention, it may have reference to this subject.

The Berlin *Börsen Zeitung* of the 13th publishes a telegram from Vienna, stating that OMAR PASHA has received orders to suspend hostilities in Crete for four weeks. A general amnesty has been granted to all insurgents, and foreigners can, if they desire, leave Crete in Turkish vessels without hindrance.

GEN. GARIBALDI.

Speech at Orvieto.

Orvieto (Aug. 26) Correspondence of La Riforma.

We are enabled to give the following report of a scene which took place before the Hotel des Beaux Arts in Orvieto: GARIBALDI, addressing the crowd from one of the windows, said: "I cherish a grateful recollection of this dear people. I have had occasion to see them in times of more difficulty than the present—times of peril and of fear. I have seen them, when certain Jesuits would have shut the gates against us, insist upon their rights, and affording an asylum to the wreck of liberty—the defenders of Rome. [Cries of 'Rome or Death.'] No, it is no longer Rome or death; it is 'Rome and life.' Our enemies are not only the priests; our chief enemy is the French Emperor. Who prevents us from going to Rome? The priests. Who else? The French Emperor. [Cries of 'Death to the Emperor, Death to BONAPARTE.'] Don't confound the nation with BONAPARTE. The nation is great and generous; the nation is with us; all nations are sisters. Now I tell you there is no Italy without Rome. [Cries of 'to Rome, to Rome.'] We are told there are 40,000 there. If we make a new appeal we shall not be 40,000, but one million, and united with a brave army we shall accomplish our redemption. [Frenzied applause.] Many of us are accustomed to the fire of battle, but we shall not bestow the honor of the bayonet on mercenaries and priests. We shall bundle them out with the butt ends of our guns. [Cries of 'Out with the Priests;' 'Death to the Priests.'] These people have completed the degradation of the noblest people on earth. ['True, true.'] International right permits the Romans to revolt. It allows them to rise out of the mud into which the Jesuits have flung them."

Address at the Peace Congress.

Gen. GARIBALDI rose in the midst of vociferous cheering and said: "I should not have risen to speak, citizens, if I did not feel somewhat constrained to reply to some of the speeches which have been delivered here. The speakers will pardon me if I dissent from some of their opinions. I may boast of loving Switzerland as a Swiss. The principles which bear sway in Switzerland are those which are dear to me, and which I have always upheld. I feel here as if I were in my own country. Far from me the idea of compromising the neutrality of Switzerland. Still I cannot approve of that somewhat groveling and somewhat selfish prudence which will risk nothing in order to comfort the woes of others. We do not wish to overthrow monarchies in order to found republics, but we wish to destroy despotism in order to raise upon its ruins liberty and justice. Despotism is a lie, and a lie must always be odious to those who have not directly experienced its effects on their lives or their interests. The only remedy which I know of against despotism is the universal brotherhood of free people. The General then submitted to the Congress a programme in which he advocated the creation of a general and permanent assembly, in which all nations should be represented, to judge and decide upon all national controversies; the abolition of the papacy as the most pernicious of sects; the founding of religion of God—that was to say, the religion of truth and reason on earth and a priesthood of genius and intellect instead of a priesthood of ignorance and revelations. Moral propagandism and the spread of education, and war in the only case in which war is lawful—the defence of the weak and the oppressed against tyrants—were the means by which these objects were to be accomplished.

British Opinion of the Italian Agitator.

From the London Saturday Review, Sept. 14.

By far the oddest votary of peace is the feather-headed hero of Caprera. A thousand absurdities will never destroy GARIBALDI's claim to the gratitude of his country and to the indulgent admiration of mankind; but the services which outweigh all his eccentric caprices of thought and action have been performed in the field. A chivalrous and disinterested soldier, with sound instincts which often supply the place of sense and judgment, GARIBALDI personifies the occasional duty of fighting even on the benches of a Peace Congress. Although he commenced his career as an adventurous partisan in the squabbles of a foreign and semi-barbarous country, there is no reason to suppose that he has ever been hardened into a disregard of the evils and horrors of war. When he defended Rome against the French, and chased the Neapolitan army across the Pontine marshes; in his desperate escape from the Austrian troops; in his Alpine warfare of 1859 and 1866; in his marvelous conquest of Sicily and Naples; and even in the brainless enterprise which ended at Aspromonte, GARIBALDI has always fought and suffered in the cause of Italy, without any collateral aim of personal ambition. In opposition to cautious statesmen he has uniformly supported an appeal to arms, at the risk of destroying the Italian Kingdom by a premature assault on the Quadrilateral, or of provoking an irresistible French invasion by an attack on the garrison which occupied Rome. Within a month or two he has probably encouraged the project of an armed incursion into the Roman territory, and it was only when he was satisfied of the temporary impracticability of the scheme that he found himself at leisure to proclaim at Geneva the principles of universal peace. Perhaps among the solemn quacks by whom he has lately been surrounded, there was not one capable of genial amusement at the declaration that the Pope and all tyrants must be destroyed before the commencement of the reign of peace. Gen. PRIM modestly proposed a short civil war in Spain as his own contribution to the objects of the Congress; but GARIBALDI more liberally contemplates fifty or a hundred years of internecine struggles throughout Europe, as an introduction to the millennium. It is the peculiarity of modern democracy to caricature the follies of despotism. Although he lately, with amusing innocence, professed his respect for the memory of VOLTAIRE, GARIBALDI is, after his own fashion, a religious or sentimental enthusiast; and if he had read WORDSWORTH, and had appreciated poetical and paradoxical generalizations, he would have found his own practical convictions forcibly expressed in the celebrated proposition that

> God's most dreaded instrument
> For working out a pure intent
> Is man arrayed for mutual slaughter
> Yea! Carnage is thy daughter.

GARIBALDI is not, like NAPOLEON or NICHOLAS, a lover of war for its own sake, or an instrument of tyranny and spoliation; but he rightly believes that force, exerted on the side of justice, is the only effective method of resisting forcible wrong. If the Peace Congress shared his sentiments, it ought to have passed a resolution in favor of every war of which its members might approve. The real opinion of its promoters, as far as their language has a meaning, is that war should be suppressed as soon as their own doctrines have been triumphantly established.

THE ULTRAMONTANE CONGRESS.

Bishop Dupanloup's Address.

Paris (Sept. 11) Correspondence of the London Times.

The annual Ultramontane Congress is in full blast at Malines. That gentle shepherd, Mons. DUPANLOUP, who styles himself "the Bishop of the Orleans of Jeanne d'Arc," has been dealing in his customary flowers of rhetoric. He had read, he said, in a newspaper that Belgium was becoming the sink of Europe. Of course, he could not endorse that opinion, for he had just before declared that the Belgians were a Christian nation to the very marrow of their bones; but he thought he had discovered what the journalist meant. The Rev. gentleman said: "This very morning, passing through Brussels, and visiting the fine squares of the Hotel de Ville, I entered a street called, I regret to say, 'Street of the Hotel de Ville.' My attention was caught by an ostentatious inscription on the wall of a large house. It ran thus: 'Liberal Association: Constitutional union,' and then below—there was a public house!" At this terrible announcement, according to the *Monde*, there was a "sensation" in the bishop's audience. According to a less pious paper that sensation was expressed by universal and prolonged laughter. But the bishop had not concluded his horrifying revelations. He proceeded to say: "The public house had for its sign 'A l'Enfer.' [Prolonged sensation.] From that moment I was enlightened. There is no society, however good and brilliant; there is no proud ship, however stately, that has not a foul corner—a sink." His wrath rose higher still when he came to speak of LUTHER and CALVIN and the Reformed Church, and, having let drop the word "Liberals," the effect upon him was so violent that he seems to have almost foamed at the mouth. He called them very hard names, but as he admitted he was irascible when he got upon those topics, allowance must be made for the weakness of his nature. JUAREZ was a Liberal, he understood; also, GARIBALDI, who had declared it necessary "to extirpate the sacerdotal vampire." The Portuguese Liberals threw stones in the streets at the Sisters of Charity, &c. He had heard there was a statue to be raised to the man who gave to the Church the name of *l'Infâme*." If this were done, he should say that a statue had been raised to infamy personified. It may be satisfactory to VOLTAIRE's descendants to know that the bishop declared himself ready to give his proofs and stand an action for libel. The bishop of Jeanne d'Arc's city could hardly do less than vituperate the author of *La Pucelle*, and the jury would probably bring in a verdict of "justifiable anathema." If Monseigneur DUPANLOUP be irascible, of course he cannot help it, but it may be questioned whether such harangues as that at Malines will greatly adorn either his episcopal character or the Church of which he is so fierce a defender and so brilliant an ornament.

AFFAIRS IN SPAIN.

Consequences of the late Insurrection.

Madrid (Sept. 6) Correspondence of the Independance Belge.

The course of executions has commenced at Barcelona, Tarragona, Valencia, and other large towns. The councils of war get rapidly through their work, and discharge their grim duties to the full satisfaction of the Government. In order still more to intimidate any who might hereafter be tempted to join any armed bands, the unfortunate prisoners now in hand are condemned, not to be shot, but to suffer the ignominious penalty of the garotte. Two inhabitants of Valencia suffered this punishment on Monday last. On the following day there were five executions in Barcelona and four at Tarragona. The less heinous prisoners are daily sent off by hundreds to the penal establishments, there to undergo hard labor for any number of years varying from 12 to 20. Fearful reprisals are in store for a future which cannot be very far distant. The terror in the provincial capitals, which have been the scenes of recent events, is at its height, and exceeds anything I can describe. The most moderate men are aghast at the bare thought of the severities intended against the mass of captives taken with or without arms; they still hope the Queen will herself be alarmed at such extensive bloodshed, and will be induced to appoint a transition Ministry for the purpose of conciliation, whose special mission it should be to bring back the Progressists within the limits of legality by means of considerable concessions. It is too late for such a remedy, which, moreover, the Queen would not adopt. Whenever a change of Ministry shall happen, the Neo-Catholic and Absolutist Party will succeed to the office now filled by Marshal NARVAEZ, and his friends, and Senores PEZUELA and NOCEDAL will be called upon to enforce a policy which has always been among the instincts of the Spanish Court. The Generals commanding the different military divisions have published edicts directing the formation of what are called in Spain *somatenes*—that is to say, a levy *en masse* of all persons competent to bear arms in each locality to defend the public peace, under the control of the Mayors, whenever any cause of apprehension may arise. The most rigorous penalties are invoked against citizens who may fail to observe the orders of the authorities. The Civil Guard continues to be concentrated in the towns, thus leaving an open field for thieves and robbers. Security there is none in the villages and country districts. Considerable robberies are reported from all quarters, but the Government, it is true, think it very convenient to attribute these crimes to the armed bands which dispute its authority. The provincial deputation of Navarre is rapidly proceeding with the formation of its battalion of volunteers; the officers summoned to command are already appointed. It is asserted that several other deputations have made similar offers to the Government, which have been accepted. We have thus the spectacle of representative corporations employing in the purchase of arms and uniforms the funds raised from taxpayers for sanitary purposes, for the maintenance of roads, and the support of schools. To these friends of order it little signifies that the towns continue to be centres of infection, that schools for the instruction of the children are wanting, or that numerous localities are deficient in means of communication, when above all things it is necessary to maintain in full vigor the present reactionary system of Government. All furloughs to officers and private soldiers have been stopped; in short, all the measures taken by the Government show that while it boasts of having pacified the country, it apprehends at any moment a general insurrection.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Union Nominations in San Francisco—Increase in Value of Property.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The Union County Convention of San Francisco have nominated Messrs. COWLES and BLAKE, the present incumbents, for County and Probate Judges, and Mr. LOUDERBACK for Police Judge. The party is united on these nominations, and in support of CURRY for Justice of the Supreme Court and SWETT for State Superintendent of Instruction. The Independent Press, which opposed GORHAM, urge the election of all the above candidates.

The statistics of the County Assessors throughout the State show a material increase in property values, improved land and amount of agricultural products and manufactures. Legal-tenders, 70⅞@71. Seven-thirty bonds, 70@80. Wheat, $2 05@$2 07, principally the outside.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Congratulations have been exchanged between the Governor-General of Cuba and the Governor elect of California, on the establishment of telegraphic communication between California and Cuba.

THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

Attempted Wife Murder in London—Suicide of the Husband.

LONDON, Ontario, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

A man named THOMAS FRANCIS attempted to kill his wife this morning, but being foiled, afterward shot himself through the head and died instantly. Domestic difficulties are said to have been the cause of the affair.

A Residence in Toronto Being Provided for Jeff. Davis.

TORONTO, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Arrangements are being made to provide a residence for JEFF. DAVIS. He is expected next week.

The Provincial Fair at Kingston.

KINGSTON, Ontario, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The annual Provincial Fair opened to-day. The weather is fine and the attendance is large.

The Campaign in Ohio—Speech of Gov. Cox at Cleveland—His Ideas of Greenbacks.

CLEVELAND, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Gov. COX and H. J. JEWETT are addressing a Republican meeting here to-night. Gov. COX's speech is devoted to Mr. PENDLETON's scheme for paying the national debt in greenbacks. It is an able address and is exhaustive of the subject. Regarding greenbacks, he says they are alike promises to pay dollars, that is, so many grains of silver and gold, as defined by law, and alike valuable in so far as they so promise. The original design was to issue greenbacks instead of bonds, but Mr. CHASE's counsel to the contrary prevailed. The speaker said that in case of the issue of greenbacks to take the place of bonds, depreciation proportionate to the increase of circulation must take place, and beyond this, so large an issue, creating doubts of the intention of the Government ever to redeem in coin would cause a still further depreciation and ultimate worthlessness, and he made the somewhat novel point that war with foreign governments, whose people held our bonds, would be a possible result. He is still speaking, and is warmly applauded by an immense audience.

Gen. JOHN A. LOGAN speaks here on Saturday next

Yellow Fever at New-Orleans and in Texas.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The interments from yellow fever for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 o'clock this morning were 82.

Letters received from LaGrange, Texas, to be laid before the Howard Association here, state that the number of citizens remaining in the town is barely five hundred, yet the interments have reached 24 in two days. Those attacked are almost sure to die. The disease is proving fatal in nine cases out of ten. Every house is filled with sickness and death, and whole families have been swept away, and in some cases there has been no one to bury them. No provisions are in the town, and the country people will not venture in with produce. On the 9th inst. not even meal could be had to make gruel for the sick. Business has ceased entirely, the stores are closed, and the newspapers have ceased publication. The jail has been emptied of its inmates, who fled in terror from the scene of desolation.

Eligibility to the Virginia State Convention.

RICHMOND, Va., Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Gen. SCHOFIELD has decided that the only restriction imposed upon eligibility to membership of the State Convention is, having taken the oath to the United States, and afterward aided rebellion.

Delegates are arriving to the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention, which meets here to-morrow.

The tobacco factory of REUBEN ROGLAND, at Petersburgh, was burnt this morning. Loss $250,000; insured for $80,000.

About one hundred delegates to the Soldiers and Sailors' Convention arrived here to-night. A caucus was held and a platform determined upon as follows: Equal rights before the law; encouragement of education, more equal taxation and a fostering of the industrial interests of the State.

Death of Col. John H. James.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Col. JOHN H. JAMES, late Quartermaster U. S. A., and afterward Quartermaster-General of the State of Tennessee, died at 7 o'clock this morning of liver and bowel complaint, at the Lookout Mountain House, of which he was proprietor.

Court of Appeals—Calendar for Wednesday.

ALBANY, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The following is the day calendar of the Court of Appeals for Wednesday, Sept. 25: Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

Assembling of Delegates at Syracuse.

The Probable Candidates for State Officers.

Political Intelligence from All Parts of the State.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

SYRACUSE, Tuesday, Sept. 24—P. M.

The city is fast filling up with delegates and outside politicians, who have come to attend the Republican State Convention, which meets in Wieting Hall at 12 M. to-morrow. The hotels are already full, and large accessions of strangers are expected in the evening trains. The New-York and Brooklyn delegations came in about an hour ago on a train of twenty cars or more, in company with the delegations from the river counties, Albany, and intervening places on the route. The Radical delegation is quartered mainly at the Globe Hotel, and the Conservatives at the Syracuse House. New-York and Brooklyn are largely represented here, both in delegates and outsiders. Among the more prominent I notice Thurlow Weed, Ex-Surveyor Andrews, present Surveyor Wakeman, Waldo Hutchins, E. Delafield Smith, Charles S. Spencer, Major Haggerty, A. J. H. Duganne, Supervisor Stewart, Supervisor Taylor, Assistant District-Attorney Ethan Allen, Senator Thos. Murphy, J. Wilson Green, Henry Smith, Col. Birney, M. B. Brewer, W. H. McKinney, Alexander McLeod, Assemblyman John Oakey, Dr. W. C. Benedict, John Keyser and David Miller. The two rival delegations with their numerous backers came up together on the steamer *Drew* last night, and greatly enlivened the tedium of the passage with their good-natured wrangles. The best of feeling seems to exist between the two delegations socially, and as neither professes any intention to bolt the nominations, whatever may be the action of the Convention with regard to their admission, the country delegates are bothered to understand the necessity of a double delegation presenting themselves from New-York. The Conservative delegation profess to be confident that they will gain admission to the Convention by a compromise which shall admit both delegations and allow them only one vote; but the Radical delegation, led by CHARLES SPENCER, are utterly opposed to any compromise which shall give their rivals a seat in the Convention under any circumstances—their leader even going so far as to say that if the Conservative delegation be admitted, the Radicals will withdraw in a body. The long article in this morning's *Tribune*, with its editorial indorsement, is intended for the service of the Convention, and is expected to be a clincher against the claims of the Conservative delegation to a seat in the Convention.

THE NEW-YORK DELEGATION ON CANDIDATES.

The Radical delegation of New-York and Brooklyn are unanimous in favor of a new deal all round, with the exception of the office of Judge of Court of Appeals, and will oppose the renomination of the present incumbents for Secretary of State, Treasurer, Comptroller, Canal Commissioner, Attorney-General, State Prison Inspector and State Engineer. With the exception, however, of the Secretary of State, they have no candidates for the vacant places and are not at all strenuous as to who gets them. For this office, however, they are all agreed and will bring a strong pressure to bear in favor of Major-Gen. WM. HUDSON LAWRENCE, to succeed Mr. BARLOW. Even the Conservative delegation are in his favor, and, should they be admitted to the Convention, will cast a nearly unanimous vote for him. The only thing urged in any quarter against Gen. LAWRENCE appears to be that his nomination might militate against the chances of DAVIES for the Court of Appeals, both being from the same section of the State; but in answer to this it is argued that LAWRENCE, coming from Rockland County, is a country representative, and, moreover, that these two nominations from the southern section of the State are more than offset by Attorney-General MARTINDALE, Comptroller HILLHOUSE, Canal Commissioner ALBERGER, and other officers who come from the western section of the State. The military record of Gen. LAWRENCE will be a tower of strength to the ticket, and there is little doubt he will receive the nomination.

WHO GENERAL LAWRENCE IS.

Major-Gen. LAWRENCE is a native of New-York City, but now a resident of Rockland County, and is about 40 years of age. At the opening of the war he was a private in the Seventh New-York City Regiment, and participated in its famous march to the relief of Washington City. LAWRENCE at once entered the service of the United States as Captain and took an active part in the first battle of Bull Run; and he led his brigade and captured Fort Blakeley, in the battle of Mobile, thus participating in the very opening and closing engagements of the rebellion. Gen. LAWRENCE was twice wounded, once quite severely at the battle of Chancellorsville, and again in the seven days' fight before Richmond. He was in the battles of Antietam and Gettysburgh, besides many of the other important engagements of the civil war. In fact, he was constantly in service from May, 1861, to the battle of Mobile, in 1865. At the time of the capture of Fort Pillow by the rebel Gen. FORREST, and the massacre of its entire garrison, Gen. (then Col.) LAWRENCE was in command of Fort Columbus, a point on the Mississippi River above Fort Pillow. Gen. FORREST, flushed with his victory and his murders, marched from Fort Pillow directly on Fort Columbus, notified Col. LAWRENCE that the Commander and garrison of Fort Pillow had been massacred, informed him that he commanded ten thousand troops, and knew that he (LAWRENCE) had only one thousand, and ordered him to surrender in one hour's time, or he and his command should share the fate which had been visited on the garrison at Fort Pillow. It was then that LAWRENCE returned his famous reply, that thrilled through the loyal North—"I was sent to defend this fort, and intend to do it." He was not attacked. For this gallant action President LINCOLN and Gen. GRANT especially thanked LAWRENCE in general orders and by personal letters, Gen. GRANT saying "that the loss of this hold on the Mississippi River, at the time, would have been an irreparable disaster." Gen. GRANT, in his final great report of the entire war, refers to this defence of Fort Columbus and compliments Gen. LAWRENCE by name, who is the only officer of the rank of Colonel named in the whole report.

Gen. LAWRENCE, it may be further mentioned, is a nephew of the celebrated Capt. LAWRENCE, who now sleeps in Trinity Churchyard, New-York, and who immortalized the name of the frigate *Chesapeake*, by the dying injunction from the quarter-deck, where he fell while in action, "Don't give up the ship." Gen. LAWRENCE is said to be a gentleman liberally educated, a Republican, and of an exemplary character.

OTHER CANDIDATES.

It is also understood that the name of Gen. MCKEON, from the Western part of this State, will be presented for Secretary of State, but as the record of Gen. LAWRENCE, as above set forth by his adherents, seems better to fill the military wishes of the delegates, he will be presented probably with great unanimity. Gen. BARLOW, the present incumbent, will also have strong supporters in the Convention, but from the caucusing on the boat last night it would appear that there is almost an unanimous sentiment in favor of a new deal, in consummating which BARLOW will probably go to the wall.

A BIT OF A ROW.

A bit of a row occurred about midnight last night on board the *Drew*, coming up the river. A New-York rough, calling himself HILL, and claiming to be a delegate from the Sixteenth Ward, but whom nobody knew or recognized as such, committed an unprovoked assault upon one of the colored watchmen in the main saloon, and one of the firemen coming to the rescue, hit the fellow a severe blow with a club on the head, from which the blood flowed profusely. The fellow subsequently assaulted Capt. [illegible], and a general riot was anticipated, much to the alarm of the passengers, but the ruffian was soon brought to his senses and reduced to quiet. The boat was overcrowded, scores of passengers being unable to get either staterooms, berths or cots. Among the politicians, however, of both factions, the most perfect order and jolly good humor prevailed.

SYRACUSE, Tuesday evening, Sept. 24.

The delegates to the Convention have mostly arrived, and are said to comprise more strong, influential working men of the party than have attended a Republican Convention for years past. Though comparatively few noisy politicians are here, yet there is an unusually large number of men who carry their districts by personal influence and hard work, and the prevailing tone of their reports from different parts of the State is that of entire confidence in the success of the Republican ticket at the coming election.

The feeling in favor of a new ticket throughout, is almost unanimous, and a disposition is manifested to put forward the strongest men for each place on the ticket. Beyond this nothing definite has been arrived at. No slate has been made up in advance, and none, therefore, remains to be smashed.

The New-York and Brooklyn delegations continue to press the claims of Gen. LAWRENCE for Secretary of State, and his only rival is Col. MCKEON, from the West. CHARLES J. FOLGER is mentioned to succeed MARTINDALE as Attorney-General, and Ex-Senator FERDON, of Rockland, and Col. ROBINSON, of Elmira, are rivals for the State Prison Inspectorship. FREDERICK JULIAN, of Chenango, stands the best chance for Treasurer. Nothing, however, is definite, as yet, and instead of caucusing beforehand, there is a disposition to let the strength of the rival candidates show itself after the Convention meets.

Gen. VAN WYCK will be permanent President of the Convention, and most likely temporary Chairman also. The Twenty-third-street delegation from New-York will be refused admission, without even the appointment of a Committee to consider their claims. They seem to expect as much, and say they shall go home and work for the ticket all the same.

They will do nothing new in the resolutions adopted by the Convention on ticklish questions. They will be non-committal. No change will be recommended in the Excise Law, and no eulogism pronounced in its favor. The Convention advertised to be held here to-day by Germans, with a view to get the State Convention to recommend a modification of the law, was slimly attended, and amounted to nothing.

The following items relative to the canvass in Senatorial districts are from good authority: HULBERT will supersede WILLIAMS in the Cayuga District; M. MADDEN, the place of LAW in Sullivan District; VOORHEES the place of PARSONS in Monroe district, and PARKER in the place of GODDARD in St. Lawrence. NICHS will be renominated in Steuben, O'DONNELL in Lewis, CHAMALY in Niagara, SESSIONS in Chatauque, and GIBSON in Washington. LABAU and HAVENS, will have a close contest in the Warren district, with chances in favor of the former. KLINE will get the nomination in the New Schenectaday and Saratoga district. Speaker PITTS has been renominated for the Assembly. It is rumored that Judge DAVIES declines a renomination for the Court of Appeals, in which case Judge ANANIAS B. JAMES will be the choice of the Convention.

There has been a good deal of small caucusing at the hotels during the evening, in which the name of LABAU, of Chenango, and CARPENTER and SHELLEY, of Niagara, for Comptroller; Senator BELL, and Ex-Mayor POWELL, of Syracuse, for Treasurer; MITCHELL, of Syracuse, for Attorney-General; and Gen. GATES and A. B. CORNELL, for Canal Commissioner have been mentioned. The Convention will meet at noon to-morrow, and it is hoped will finish their work the first day, but from present appearances this is hardly probable. The change in the organization of the State Committee by the Convention last Fall will be dropped this year, and no member at large will be allowed.

Among the arrivals at the hotels this morning I notice the names of Gen. LEAVENWORTH, Gen. VAN WYCK, CHAUNCEY DEPEW, BENJAMIN FIELD, Senator ROSCOE CONKLING, REES. VAN VALKENBURGH, Senator MADDEN, JNO. L. PARKER, and others. About 300 delegates are in attendance, and twice the number of outsiders. Mr. GREELEY is expected here to-morrow morning. THURLOW WEED and ABRAHAM WAKEMAN stopped in Albany, and it is said will not be here.

There was an impromptu mass meeting this evening, which was addressed by CHARLES SPENCER, from the steps of the Syracuse House, and was quite enthusiastic.

THE WEST INDIES.

Death of Senor Manzano, Captain-General of Cuba.

HAVANA, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Capt.-Gen. MANZANO, died this morning at daybreak. The funeral takes place to-morrow.

Senor BALMESADA takes the place of the deceased at the head of the Government.

Arrived, Sept. 21—Brig *Newton* and bark *Annie* from New-York. Sept. 23—Bark *Eliza Souper*, from New-York. Sept. 24—Steamers *Rapidan* and *Eaton* from New-Orleans; schooner *Croton*, from Newport. Sailed, Sept. 22—Bark *Palo Alto*, for Boston; brig *Antilles*, for Boston. Sept. 23—Bark *Carien*, for New-Orleans. Sept. 24—Bark *Prima Donna*, for New-Orleans.

Shipping Intelligence from Key West.

KEY WEST, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Arrived, Sept. 22, schooner *Francis Coffin*, Boston; Sept. 24, steamer *George Washington*, from New-Orleans, to tow the steamer *George Cromwell*. She will sail to-morrow.

American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

BUFFALO, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions commenced its fifty-eighth annual meeting, in the North Presbyterian Church, in this city. A large concourse of citizens and members were present, and the church was beautifully decorated for the occasion. The meeting was called to order by Rev. MARK HOPKINS, President of Williams College, Massachusetts, and President of the Board. Rev. WM. M. CHESTER was elected Assistant Recording Secretary. The afternoon was devoted to business, principally the arranging of the committees and the reading of the annual and other reports. The annual sermon was delivered to-night by Rev. J. P. THOMPSON, of New-York, to an immense congregation. The Convention will meet again for business to-morrow morning and afternoon, and addresses will be delivered in three of the largest churches in the city in the evening by returned missionaries. The city is crowded with members and visitors.

Nominations by the Baltimore Conservative Convention.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The Democratic Conservative Convention in session here to-day, nominated the following city ticket for the Courts provided for by the new Constitution:

Judge of Court of Appeals, Hon. James S. Bartol; Chief-Justice of Supreme Bench, Hon. T. Parkin Scott; Associated Justices, George W. Dobbin, Henry F. Carey, Robert Gilmore and White Pinckney. Judges Bartol and Scott are at present on the Bench. For Judges Orphans' Court, Thomas Bond, Dr. Balderston and Bolivar Daniels; for City Register, J. Harman Brown.

Loss of the Schooner Paradigm—Safety of the Crew.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The schooner *Paradigm*, Capt. DUNLAP, from Halifax to Charleston, with a cargo of salt, went ashore on Cape Lookout Shoals, on the 22d. The crew were saved by the steamer *Gary*. The vessel and cargo are, no doubt, a total loss.

MAGAZINES FOR OCTOBER.

—Besides the usual variety of stories, essays and poems, *The Atlantic* contains an exhaustive article on International Copyright, by Mr. James Parton. It presents the American side of the question, and shows, by numerous and striking illustrations, that American authors stand in much greater need of protection from English publishers than English authors do against American publishers. The case of Mrs. Stowe is a striking instance of the injustice which our authors suffer through the want of an international copyright. For the American editions of *Uncle Tom's Cabin* she received a per centage amounting to about $40,000—from the immense sales in foreign countries nothing, or next to nothing. So also in the case of Mr. Motley, whose five volumes of Dutch history, the product of great labor and research, were even more extensively read in Europe than in America; he was, and is still, deprived of the revenue which the sale of his work in foreign countries ought to bring him. These instances might be multiplied a hundred fold. Almost every American author of distinction is the victim of European piracy. On the other hand, nearly all American authors make it a point of honor to remit to the foreign authors whose works they reprint a fair share of the profits on the sales. Their conduct in this respect is in honorable contrast with that of foreign publishers. Mr. Parton's argument in favor of an international copyright law is very able, and presents the subject in a new and interesting manner.

—*The Galaxy* opens with the continuation of "Steven Lawrence, Yeoman," a story which, although not equal to "Archie Lovell," by the same author, is a very attractive serial. One of the most interesting articles in this number is Mr. Benson's "Paris and the Parisians," which records in a strikingly original manner the impression made by the great city and its people upon a singularly frank and sensitive nature. Mr. Benson refuses to look at Paris through artistic spectacles alone. Undazzled by the glory of her art, he sees the hollowness of her gayety, the corruption of her social life, and is not afraid to say what he thinks of them. Mr. Whitmore's article on fortune-hunting shows up the folly of the great expectations that drive many Americans, sensible on other matters, into a wild goose chase after property wanting heirs in England. The ease with which "cute" Yankees are gulled into the belief that they are heirs to immense estates in the old country, and the reckless manner in which they pay assessments to insinuating agents, would hardly find credence were not proof abundant and positive. Mrs. Davis' story "Waiting for the Verdict," approaches its conclusion. It will be finished in one more number, and will shortly be issued in book form, with Mr. Hennessy's admirable illustrations.

—*Hours at Home* presents its readers with the fifth of the series of interesting papers on "Representative Cities." The subject of the present article is Alexandria. "The only African city," says the author, "that has ever secured for itself a commanding and enduring place in history." This is surely an inaccurate statement; for though Carthage "has contributed nothing to modern civilization," and is now "without an inhabitant," her "place in history" is no less "commanding and enduring" than that of Alexandria, not to speak of Cairo, Thebes, Memphis and other cities whose names and fame will endure to the latest generations. The Rev. George N. Boardman's address on the "Importance of public institutions for the education of young women," contains nothing new, either of criticism or suggestion. In an interesting article on the health and longevity of brain-workers, Dr. G. M. Beard contrasts the average life-time of scholars and literary men with that of mechanics, and comes to the somewhat obscure conclusion that it is "a part of the mysterious plan of God in the world to proportion the expectation of human life according to the degree of our mental endowments and the manner in which they are improved." Mr. C. H. Webb writes a lively sketch of the tribulations of a war correspondent in Virginia. The description of the attempted crossing of "Kettle Run" in a freshet, is very graphic and amusing. "Lang Syne sketches," "A dinner with Count von Bismarck," and "Something about Japan," are all articles of interest and merit.

—Readers of *Harper* who have followed the varying fortunes and thrilling adventures of the "Dodge Club," will be sorry to find that the story of their wanderings comes to an end in the October number. But it is consoling to know that everything ends happily; that Buttons marries the lovely Spanish maiden, and that Pedita's brother becomes reconciled with Dick, who, of course, at once makes the best use of his opportunities. One of the most pleasing stories in the number is "Little Ravageot," taken from Jean Macé's delightful *Home Fairy Tales*, translated for Harper & Brothers by Mary L. Booth. The friends of the late Thomas Francis Meagher will read with peculiar interest the first of a projected series of papers on Montana, prepared by that gentleman.

—*The Catholic World*, which was started in this City about two years ago, as an experiment, has achieved a very gratifying success. Under the able editorship of Rev. Mr. Hecker it has obtained a high position among religious magazines, and is distinguished not only for literary excellence, but for the temperate tone and scholarly style of its discussions of controverted points of religious belief. Under the original plan, a large amount of its space was occupied with extracts from European magazines; but, commencing with the present number, *The Catholic World* will contain original articles only, or translations made expressly for its pages. It comes out in an entirely new typographical dress, and presents a very handsome and attractive appearance.

—*Our Young Folks* fully maintains the high position it won at the start as a juvenile magazine. The stories and essays have a healthy, common-sense tone, and very rarely degenerate into the namby-pamby style which some authors indulge in when writing for boys and girls. The number for October is capital, both in matter and illustrations.

—In no way inferior to *Our Young Folks* as a juvenile magazine is the *Riverside*, published by Hurd & Houghton. The reading matter is excellent, and the illustrations are far superior in design and execution to anything we find in other magazines. The frontispiece to the October number is a very taking and effective piece of work.

—The sixth number of the *Northern Monthly*, a magazine which seems to have secured the support it so well deserves, contains a pleasant variety of reading matter. Though not remarkable for brilliancy or originality the articles are characterized by sound common sense, and the style of them is generally unexceptionable.

—We have received from Walter Low Part III. of *Cassell's Magazine*. It is profusely illustrated, and contains a great variety of interesting reading matter. This magazine, after next January, will appear simultaneously in this country and in England.

—Hurd & Houghton's reprint of *London Society* for September appears simultaneously with the arrival of the original from London in this country.

—*Mme. Demorest's Magazine* for October sustains the reputation of that periodical for handsome looks and attractive contents. Some neatly written stories add to the interest of this number—the fashion plates are as usual excellent.

AFFAIRS IN GEORGIA.

The Injury to the Cotton Crop—The Presidential Proclamations—Political Matters—Bilious and Intermittent Fevers.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Augusta, Ga., Thursday, Sept. 19, 1867.

The injury to the crops by the recent rains has been much greater and more widespread than was supposed. In the southwestern portion of the State, which is the principal cotton region, the damage has been very extensive. I have received accounts from several counties, upon which perfect reliance may be placed, which represent the loss as from a fourth to a third of the crop. Where the land was richest and the plant most luxuriant, the boll-rot and the ravages of the boll-worm have been most disastrous. On some plantations where a bale of cotton to the acre was confidently and reasonably expected, a quarter-bale will not be gathered. I learn also that the cotton which has been already picked is of a very inferior quality. This and the great decline in price, and the anticipation of a still greater decline, make planters very despondent, and create considerable consternation among all classes who looked to the cotton crop as the means of restoring material prosperity, enabling debtors to pay their debts, and merchants to ply an active trade during the Fall and Winter. Believing that it would be abundant and was secure, the merchants in the principal towns went North some weeks ago, and ordered large stocks of merchandise of all sorts, which are just beginning to arrive. They are not now nearly as hopeful as they were, and would very gladly recall many of their purchases of "fancy goods," if it were still in their power. Those who profess to be most knowing judges of the market, express the belief that cotton will fall to 15 cents per pound, which will be 12½ cents to the planter after deducting the tax, from which are still to be deducted freights, storage and brokers' commission. Planters who have been buying corn all the Spring and Summer at $2 to $2 50 per bushel, and have paid from 20 cents to 25 cents per pound for bacon, together with usurious interest for money borrowed to buy provisions at these prices, say that they cannot make both ends meet with cotton at 15 cents, without allowances for tax and expenses of transportation and sale.

The rains have also injured the corn very materially. In many places it is rotting and sprouting on the stalk. The crop was immense, and even allowing for loss from the wet weather, I think that abundance will still be gathered.

In Northern and Middle Georgia the injury to both crops has been much less. The corn is quite safe and is being gathered and housed. The cotton is backward. Very little has been picked; but the warm sun of the last three or four days is making it open, and by the beginning of next week the pickers will have plenty to do. A few planters in Oglethorpe County have made an experiment with a new kind of cotton introduced two years ago by Hon. Joseph Echols, ex-member of Congress, which promises to be a great success. It is something between the long staple of the Sea Islands, and the best Upland cotton, is astonishingly productive and very rich in color. When the best Uplands sold last year at 30 cents per pound, this Echols cotton brought 55 cents, and the experiments for this year promise a similar relative result. A gentleman who has raised a small patch of it sent me a sample of the ginned lint a day or two ago, and he also sent me a stalk which measured eleven feet in height and had on it 507 grown bolls, exclusive of blooms and forms. It is calculated that 100 bolls produce one pound of lint; and allowing 2,700 stalks to the acre, did they all produce as the stalk sent me, the total yield would be 13,689 pounds of cotton! Could such a result as this be attained the great problem of the maximum of production and the minimum of labor would be satisfactorily solved. Sanguine "book farmers" pretend that by manure and good culture ten bales to the acre may be raised. Practical farmers regard these theorists with pity, and dispose of their speculative calculations with the simple word—impossible.

The excitement at the North about the coming elections and the President's proclamations does not extend to this part of the country. Neither the "Democratic gains" in Maine and Vermont, nor the Democratic victory in California, have quickened the pulse or excited the hopes of any person whom I have met. The Proclamation of Amnesty, embracing those who were either specially pardoned already, or not exposed to any danger of indictment or confiscation, and pointedly excluded all those for whom the masses of the people feel any anxiety, is received pretty much on the thank-you-for-nothing principle. If it was intended as a boon to the South, I can only say that the people I meet cannot appreciate it, and the telegraphic assurances that the Cabinet unanimously declared that the amnesty restored the right to vote, has not produced a similar conviction in the minds of those whom the Sherman Bill has disfranchised, or of the registrars whose duty it is to prepare the lists of voters; nor have I heard of a single recipient of amnesty who intends to make the registrars declare in court *quo warranto* they refuse to register his name as a duly qualified voter.

The newspaper conjectures as to what the President will do in certain contingencies—how he will "*prorogue* (?) Congress," according to the *Herald*, arrest the impeachers according to some Baltimore paper, proclaim marshal law over the whole continent, restore the Union and settle things generally by his own motion and "out of his own head," do not inspire hopefully even the select few who are "spoiling for a fight." The fact is, that in the past battles between the President and Congress, the rebel States which did not and could not interfere in any way, although they constituted the bone of contention, have always been the sufferers, and they do not see how they are to derive any advantage from a renewal of the strife. The most lucid exposition of the Constitution, and the most conclusive demonstration of the utter lawlessness of Congress, while they fail to produce any other result than the Congressional acts of the last two years—increasing in sincerity as the exposition and demonstration grew in earnestness—produce no popular emotion here, even among those who are most convinced of their truth. Practical relief is what the people want. *Vox et præterea nihil* is entirely "played out."

The local controversy which attracts most attention is as to whether Gen. Pope has or has not issued secret instructions to all his subordinates, forbidding negroes to become candidates for office, especially for election to the Convention. "He did" is vociferated on one side, and "he didn't" on the other, and each is equally positive he is right, and refuses to be convinced by the other. Having no means of ascertaining the fact, and having no anxiety to do so if I had, the reliable authorities of both sides do not interest me, and the negroes who are immediately interested preserve the utmost equanimity of temper, and display entire indifference on the subject.

The negroes of Washington County recently administered a very severe rebuke to an extra enthusiastic candidate for the Convention, who was seeking their suffrages and advocating perfect social as well as political equality between the races, even to the extent of intermarriage. When he said he would just as willingly see his daughter addressed by black as by white men, his colored audience hooted and yelled, and refused to listen to him any longer. This occurred at a little place called Davisboro', and caused a good deal of excitement.

Mr. Hesecomb [illegible] and his law partners contend that the cotton tax is unconstitutional, and that [illegible] who have paid it are entitled to recover all that they have paid. They advertise [illegible] professionally for parties who have thus paid the tax in their own wrong, and have been, I hear, already employed by hundreds of claimants. If they succeed they will make an immense sum, as they are to receive half the sum recovered as their fee; but should they fail they get nothing and have to pay all expenses. They express perfect confidence of success, and are laboring lustily by all means to inspire others with a like faith in their capacity to make Uncle Sam disgorge. Were I a claimant I should regard my claim as merely contingent—not available property.

Bilious and intermittent fevers are very prevalent all over the State, but especially in Southern Georgia, so much so that the Circuit Judges in that section have adjourned their Courts for the present. The city is said to be unusually healthy, but the heat is oppressive, the water execrable, and the mosquitoes numerous. The long-talked-of street railroad is in progress of construction, and if the work is pressed with the same vigor now being used, it will be ready for passengers by the time the Autumn dust of Broad-street turns into Winter mud.

QUONDAM.

The Man-Monitor—Additional Details of Construction, Strength, Armament, &c.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

New-York, Monday, Sept. 23, 1867.

Two errors occurred in your description of the man-monitor last Friday. You put the number of men in the crew at 32, when the truth is there will be 32 men to man the rudder, the training wheel and the man-power machinery, and 24 others, officers and men; so that the entire number of persons to be carried by each boat amounts to 56. The extra men, of course, will be occupied in action in working the gun, handling the ammunition, and so on. It must further be noted that the intention is to employ only picked men, the best material of the Swedish Navy, and the small crew of 56 persons will not only be thoroughly trained, but will also form a body of men who, for pluck, stubbornness and dash will prove themselves true Norse Sea-kings.

The other error was in stating the thickness of the turret, which in the forward end will be 10 inches. The oval form of the structure gives to the two ends great curvature, and the 10 inches of solid iron on the bow end, the only part that will be exposed to fire, combined with the extreme angle of curvature is expected to be fully sufficient to parry the blow of any shot used in Europe. The English now boast that their Woolwich 9-inch rifle gun is the most formidable weapon in the world. There can be no doubt that the 10-inch turret would easily be master of the 10-inch shot. Even our 15-inch round shot, fired with 100 pounds of mammoth powder, would be more likely to knock the whole boat clean out of Sweden than to break through the stout, small-fronted turret. The English, by the way, will have to repeat their trials of our gun at Shoeburyness, because, in their first experiments, they only tickled the monster with 60 pounds of powder—two-thirds of a dose. Since that time they have fired the gun at a high elevation, with its full charge, without bursting it as they evidently expected they would do, but obtaining a range of four and a half miles for the 450-pound shot. When they level it against their target they will see a different performance from that witnessed at the first trial. Sir John Brown, the armor-plate Knight of Sheffield may yet be called upon to enlarge his furnaces and put up new rolling mills before he can make a plate able to resist the crushing power of the American smooth-bore.

It is with this gun that the Swedish boats will be armed. The turret will be made entirely of iron, after the American pattern, and have no wood backing, as the English make theirs. The boat will consist of three parts: (1.) The hull, 85 feet long, 18 feet wide and 7 feet deep, made of plate iron. This hull has a deck also made of plate iron, curving upward in the middle and strongly riveted to the sides. This first part, then, forms a water-tight box, which, if necessary, may be submerged. (2.) On this is placed a wooden raft, made solid and armor-plated at the bow. This is 103 feet long and 20 feet wide, and about two feet thick. The greater length of this part provides an "overhang" of nine feet, both forward, where it protects the training-wheel, and aft, where the rudder and propeller are effectually guarded by it. (3.) On the raft the turret, which has already been sufficiently described, is built. When the boat is in trim for action, the upper surface of the raft is only nine inches above the water level.

The calculated results of the trials which were made at the Delamater Works show that partly in consequence of the advantageous conditions under which the power executed by the men is applied, and partly on account of the extraordinary simplicity of the machinery, the twenty-four men produce a much greater effect than the accepted theory of man-power assigns them. According to standard experiments in France and in other countries, eight men are equal in power to one horse. But the dynamometer used at the Delamater Works showed that the twenty-four men at the brakes executed a force equal to lifting 177,000 pounds one foot high in one minute. The universal measure of one horse power is 33,000 pounds raised one foot high in one minute. The crew therefore produced very nearly the effect of five and a half horses, instead of three horses which theory accords them. This was the work done at an easy rate of speed and without making any extra exertion. When special effort was made the crew worked up to the remarkable result of 234,000 pounds raised one foot high in one minute, equal to *seven and three quarters horse-power*. Both these calculations give the best result to which the friction of the machinery must be added. The five and a-half and seven horse power is the force exerted upon the propeller and all useful in urging the ship on its way. Such unusual development of power proves both the tough quality of Scandinavian muscles and the simple and effective design of the machinery.

Such a success is extremely important, for in war every quality of a ship is likely to be tried to its utmost, and the fact that twenty-four men can exert for hours a power equal to five and a half horses, is one which engineers will thoroughly appreciate. The crew of fifty-six officers and men can easily supply two detachments for the brakes, so long as the craft is not in action, and even if coal should be entirely exhausted, the boat will still be able to maintain itself with scarcely undiminished ability for warfare, for weeks and even months. The great objection made to steamships and to monitors, among them is, that though indispensable to modern war, and excellent in themselves, they have to depend for life and activity upon coal boats which are both less active and less protected than themselves. But with the man-monitor, so long as there is life in the crew there is motion for the ship. No vessel can carry more than fifteen days' coal, and small gunboats seven days' stock, unless, like the *Great Eastern*, she is especially made for the purpose. But these man-boats carry provisions for sixty days, and therefore are able to maintain their integrity for that time.

Union of Dorchester and Boston.—A large meeting of citizens of Dorchester, Mass., was held on Friday evening, 20th inst., to consider the subject of annexing Dorchester to Boston. The matter was much discussed, and a unanimous vote given to proceed at once to make the necessary arrangements to petition the Legislature. A Committee of Ten was appointed, selected from among the most prominent citizens, of which Samuel Atherton, Esq., a member of the Legislature of 1867, was Chairman, to circulate petitions and give the required legal notices. The meeting adjourned for two weeks, when a general meeting of citizens will be held to consider the subject more fully.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Clerke, J.

Reserved Causes.

Nos.
65—Hoblin vs. Leverson.
66—Seigel vs. Willets.
69—Jay, Receiver, &c., vs. De Groot.
72—Giles vs. Bailey.
74—Bailey vs. Giles.
75—N. Y. National Ex. Bank vs. Bailey.
78—Gordon vs. Quigley.
79—Demmler vs. Krongberger.
82—Myers vs. Myers.
93—Maning vs. Solis.
99—Broadhead vs. Bright.
100—Bright vs. Bright.
101—Oakley vs. Bright.
102—Bright vs. Bright.
127—Smith vs. Snisheimer.
131—Oetlinger vs. Showingen.

The call commences at No. 143—Brusley vs. Dusendorf.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Held by Hearne, J.

Nos.
310—Archer vs. Ryan.
311—McIntyre vs. Gardner.
[illegible]—Ahearne vs. Cohen.
[illegible]—Crittenden vs. Greenhall.
[illegible]—Pomeroy vs. Trischet.
[illegible]—Daly vs. [illegible] Railroad Co.
[illegible]—Shields &c. vs. [illegible]
[illegible]—Kane vs. Barnard.
[illegible]—Hurlbert vs. Del. and Lac. R. R. Co.
[illegible]—Andrews vs. Collins.
317—Same vs. Same.
[illegible]—Williams vs. Sturgis.
[illegible]—Dodge vs. Lesand.
[illegible]—Gordis vs. [illegible]
[illegible]—Robinson vs. The N. H. S. Co.
[illegible]—Bressler vs. Dodd.
[illegible]—Wolfe vs. Marcus.
[illegible]—Horn vs. Wheeler, Jr.
[illegible]—[illegible] vs. Youmans.
[illegible]—Gallinger vs. The Erie R. R. Co.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

NEUTRAL POSITION IN RESPECT OF BOUNDARY LINE IN THE DISCHARGE OF CARGO—PROBABLE CAUSE—COSTS OF CAPTURE.

The United States, Appellants, vs. Brig Dashing Wave, Cargo and Claimants, and a Cross Appeal.—Appeals from the District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana. Mr. Chief-Justice Chase delivered the opinion of the [illegible] decrees were rendered in the District Court [illegible] first directing [illegible] The United States [illegible] from the first and the claimants took an appeal from the [illegible]. The proofs show that the *Dashing Wave* was a neutral vessel bound from Liverpool to Matamoras, with a cargo of general merchandise and coin, no part of which was contraband. It is clear therefore that the decree of restitution must be affirmed. The only question which requires much consideration relates to the [illegible] of capture. And this question resolves itself into two. 1. Was there anything in the position of the *Dashing Wave* at the time of capture, which warranted the opinion of the captors that she was engaged in breaking the blockade? 2. Was there anything in the papers on board the [illegible] which justified the capture? It is claimed for the captors that she was taken in Texan waters lying convenient to the blockade coast. The preliminary evidence [illegible] her position in much [illegible], but the testimony taken under the order for further proof, in connection with the chart upon which her position is marked by one of the witnesses, establishes beyond reasonable doubt that she was anchored north of the line between the Mexican and Texan waters, with an easy access to the land on the rebel as on the Mexican side. We think it was the plain duty of a neutral claiming to be engaged in trade with Matamoras, under circumstances which warranted close observation by the blockading squadron, to keep his vessel, while discharging or receiving cargo, so clearly on the neutral side of the boundary line as to repel, so far as position could repel, all imputation of intent to break the blockade. He had no right to take voluntarily a position in the immediate presence of the blockading fleet, from which merchandise might be so easily introduced into the blockaded region. We do not say that neglect of duty, in this respect, on the part of the brig, especially in the absence of positive evidence that the neglect was wilful, calls for condemnation; but we cannot doubt that under the circumstances described capturing and sending in for adjudication was fully warranted.

The other question relates wholly to the papers concerning the shipment of coin. There is no evidence which affects with culpability any other part of the cargo. The cargo is claimed by de Lizardi & Co., neutral merchants of Liverpool, but the proof shows that one H. N. Caldwell was the real owner of the larger part of it. A letter dated Aug. 17, 1863, and addressed by Caldwell to Lizardi & Co. states his intention, in view of the "uncertain state of our political affairs," to take gold to purchase cotton, instead of taking goods to Mexico, if he can arrange for an advance of £5,000, making, with certain credits in his favor with Lizardi & Co. and £3,000 which he had in bank, £12,000 with which to operate.

In the same letter he further proposed that the whole should be shipped to J. Ramon, of Matamoras, as the property of Lizardi & Co. The next day Lizardi & Co. acknowledged the receipt from Caldwell of a check for the £3,000 in bank, and agreed to his proposals. Three days later Lizardi & Co. addressed a letter to Ramon, advising of the arrangement with Caldwell, and distinguishing expressly the £5,000 advanced by them, from "the other £7,000 of the said gentlemen." These letters were found on board the brig. Caldwell was a passenger on the brig, but was allowed to leave before any question of his character was made. What was the character, in fact? Was he a rebel, enemy, or a neutral? The temper of his letter to Lizardi & Co., his proposal that the specie should be shipped as their property, when seven-twelfths of it belonged to himself; and especially the circumstance that he has never made claim in this suit to any part of it except through Lizardi & Co., indicates that he was not a neutral but an enemy. On the other hand, there is no positive proof of this enemy character, though further proof was allowed to the captors. This evidence in our judgment does not warrant condemnation of the specie; but it does, as we think, justify the capture. We shall therefore affirm the decrees of the District Court, restoring the vessel and cargo, but direct that costs and expenses consequent upon the capture, be suitably apportioned between the brig and the shipment of coin, and that the residue of the cargo be exempt from contribution.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

Before Commissioner Betts.

The investigation of the charge of personating an Inspector of Internal Revenue and endeavoring to extort money fraudulently, preferred against Bernard Hess, was resumed at noon, yesterday. A single witness, Arnold Uhlmann, was examined for the defence, who testified that he was present at lunch with Hess at the time that it is alleged that he was called out by England, and that this allegation was wholly untrue. The case was then adjourned to 12 o'clock M. to-day.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

THE ALTENHEIM CASE.

The case of the United States vs. Eliza Altenheim came up yesterday before Commissioner Osborn for final hearing. The deed of the disputed property not having yet been recovered, the Commissioner dismissed the case, holding that the presence of the original deed was absolutely necessary to determine the merits of the action. The defendant was accordingly discharged from custody.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Sept. 24.

Before Judge Clerke.

A MOTHER IN PURSUIT OF HER CHILD.

Frances E. Sherman vs. Sidney Sherman.—This action was brought by Mrs. Sherman, the wife, for the purpose of obtaining a divorce from her husband on the ground of infidelity. The parties have been married about four years. Being unable to live together in harmony, a separation took place, at which time the defendant took their child from the custody of its mother, and placed it with his, defendant's, father, at Coxsackie, this State. The wife and mother attempted to regain possession of their offspring, but as appears from the evidence, she was opposed, and not only that, but the father-in-law made highly improper advances to her. A writ of *habeas corpus* was then procured by her counsel, and duly served, to the end that she might regain the custody of the child. When the writ was returned the father-in-law set up an agreement whereby the child was to remain with him until it was of age. The mother denied this, and the Court thereupon ordered a reference to take testimony as to the facts. The evidence in brief is, that the husband and wife separated about one year since; that the improper advances spoken of as being made by defendant's father, were made to her when she called upon him to see her child; that she was requested not to tell her husband about it, and that for a long time she refrained from saying anything for fear of making trouble. The wife also gave evidence that on one occasion when she called on the child she found it so filthy that she had to wash and dress it before she dare give it a kiss. The child was permitted to run around the docks at the Coxsackie steamboat landing *ad libitum*, to the great danger of its life. It was her great desire to have the child, and yet she could not even see it without being annoyed and insulted whenever she went there. In the testimony of Mrs. Sherman, given yesterday, she positively denies that she ever entered into any agreement with her father-in-law or with her mother-in-law to the effect that they were to keep the child till it was 21 years old, or to keep it for any other definite period. The second time she went to Coxsackie to see her child, she says the mother-in-law, Mrs. Benjamin Sherman, at first refused her admission, and told her she did not wish to have her come there. The mother said she came to see her child and she would see it. Thereupon Mrs. B. Sherman abused her, and told her she had no right to come; that she hated witness, who was proud and dressed too well. Witness then told her she did not come there to quarrel but to see her child and to clothe it, she having taken a bundle of clothes for that purpose. The other then replied she was glad of that, for the child needed dresses, and she could not afford to buy them. Witness said, "You need not be troubled, I will take the child away." The other replied that was the best thing; she was too old, she said, to have the care of it, besides she feared that the child would be badly beaten if it remained there. When leaving, witness was told never to go there again. At none of the interviews was there any allusion made to the alleged agreement about the child remaining until of age. The first witness heard of it was when counsel read it in Court. The further hearing of the case was adjourned until to-day.

SURROGATE'S COURT.

Before Hon. Gideon J. Tucker, Surrogate.

In the Matter of the Accounting of William Depew, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Thomas Bolton, Deceased.—Thomas Bolton died on the 27th of April, 1863, leaving a last will and testament, wherein he named William Depew sole executor, who duly qualified. By the will the said testator gave all his property in trust to the said executor, with directions to invest, call in and reinvest the same, and pay the income of one-third thereof to Mrs. Marie Sands during her life, with remainder to her daughters, and like provisions as to the other two-thirds, the income to be paid to the daughters, in remainder to the mother and other daughter. On Oct. 12, 1865, Mrs. Sands applied to the Surrogate for an order for the said executor to account, and on the return thereof the said executor applied for a final accounting, and on the return day of the citation filed his account, wherein he admitted that the sum of $36,435 48 had not been invested by him, but was used in his business. The Surrogate thereupon, on motion of the proctor for Mrs. Sands, directed the said executor to invest the said money (so used by him in business) in United States stocks. The executor appealed from the decree on the ground that the Surrogate had no authority to make such order, the money being a trust fund held by him as trustee, and subject to the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court alone. The proctor of Mrs. Sands then presented a petition to the Supreme Court reciting the above facts, and asking for an order that the said executor, as trustee aforesaid, invest said money as directed by the order of the Surrogate, or give security. To this the executor objected, on the ground of irregularity, viz.: That the proceeding should have been commenced by an action. The Court (Justice Ingraham) overruled the objection, and ordered the executor to invest the said moneys as had been directed by the Surrogate. From this the executor appealed to the General Term, and applied to Judge Leonard for a stay of proceedings pending such appeal. This Judge Leonard denied, unless he should give security in $50,000, failing to do this the Court removed Mr. Depew, and John T. Martin was appointed trustee in his place.

Miller, [illegible] for Marie Sands.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Before Justice Dowling.

Upon the calendar at Court of Special Sessions, yesterday, there were fifty-three prisoners [illegible]. Of these, twenty-one were charged of petty larceny, twenty-one of assault and battery, five of misdemeanor, one of disorderly-house keeping, one of abandonment, one of violation of Health Law, two of cruelty of animals. The more interesting cases were as follows:

A [illegible].

John Donahoe was charged by Officer Andrew Houston with having made an attempt to rob a drunken man late on the night of the 19th. Houston, a detective, said that he watched the proceedings of the prisoner from a second-story window. He could not swear, however, whether it was moonlight or not, and was so indefinite in his statements that there was no case against the prisoner, who was discharged.

[illegible] LAGER TO GAIN TIME.

Louis Murray was charged by Francis Fitzpatrick, of No. 198 Eleventh-street, with stealing his gold watch. He (Fitzpatrick) was sitting on his own stoop, when Louis Murray came down and asked him to go and take a glass of lager together; they had three or four glasses together, and then they went and had oysters together, and they had a bottle together of something stronger, he wasn't sure whether it was gin, or bourbon, or rum, but it was something hot; they had two or three glasses of this, and then they went to walk home together, on the way they tried to get more lager, but it was after 12 o'clock. When they were near home Murray put his hand in the complainant's pocket, seized his watch, and wrung it off the chain. Luckily for the complainant he could stand drink to a considerable extent, and was not so far gone but he was able to give it to the prisoner "in the countenance," thrust his hand into his pocket and recover his watch. At this juncture the officer arrived and made the arrest. The officer on oath stated that the complainant made a clear statement at the time, and repeated it exactly on the following morning at Court. The prisoner was found guilty, and sent to the Penitentiary for six months.

O'GRADY KILLS A CAT.

Miss Sarah Herring, a pleasant, mild-looking lady, before she spoke, charged a rather fierce looking citizen of Phœnician origin named Richard O'Grady with killing her cat. The cat was a nice fat cat and a pet of Miss Herring; she was an amiable, good-natured cat, was fond of fresh meat and of fish, with a particular yearning toward herring. The proprietrix of the cat, that is to say Miss Herring, was alarmed by a pistol shot in the yard adjoining her own, and rushed out to see where the noise came from; she looked through a hole in the fence and saw the prisoner with a pistol in his hand and the prostrate body of his victim at his feet. She saw the cat afterwards a whole hour afterwards, lying in the outhouse, still alive, where she had been thrown by the O'Grady.

Miss Josephine Tims saw the cat bleed in the outhouse; she was still living and was meowing, but she was unable to see where the ball went in or came out.

O'Grady, who made serious charges against the cat, was fined $10.

WHO ATE THE OYSTERS.

Officer Francis Fossit charged Thomas Rooney with assaulting him on the night of the 31st. The officer attested that he, in company with three other officers, were some distance from Thirty-first-street, that they heard an alarm rap in that direction, and that they proceeded there, but that the "muss" was over; when he (Fossit) was returning through Thirty-first-street he passed Rooney's door, when he was attacked by that person, knocked down and badly beaten. Rooney first called him several ugly names. Rooney, it appears, keeps a basement restaurant, where he retailed oysters. Some time before the occurrence a person had dropped into his place, ate a dozen or two of natives from the shell, and went off, forgetting to shell out. Rooney was on the look-out for this person when he met the officer, who was in citizen's dress, and supposing he was the man who had his oysters, "pitched in" to get the worth of the fish out of him. As it was clearly a case of mistaken identity which led to the onslaught of Rooney, the Court, on finding him guilty, dealt lightly with him, inflicting the penalty of $25.

FOUND GUILTY.

Stephan Witzel, a miserable-looking scoundrel, was found guilty of an indecent assault of a most brutal character upon a child of six years. He was sent to the Penitentiary for six months, and sentenced in addition to pay a fine of $50.

Conrad Bayer was found guilty of driving a horse with several bad sores upon him, and was fined $10.

John Maguire, a boy of 18, and a messenger for a kindling-wood store, committed an assault on a young lad named Haines by striking him with a toy wagon which the latter was playing with, thereby cutting him severely. The prisoner was sent to the City Prison for thirty days.

Owen Fitzgerald was found guilty of dumping manure into an open lot, and fined $10.

Jane McGrath was sent to the Penitentiary for six months for stealing a quantity of wearing apparel, the property of Anne Reilly. Jane is an old offender.

John Kelly, found guilty of stealing pantaloons from the front of a clothing-store corner of Chatham and Doyer streets, was sentenced to be imprisoned for six months.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Sept. 24, 1867.

$150,000	U. S. 6s. 5-20s. C. '62	114	300	West. U. Tel.	38⅞
25,000	U.S. 5s. 10-40s. C.	99⅜	100	do	38⅞
10,000	do	99½	300	do	38⅞
25,000	do	99⅝	800	do ... 2d call	[illegible]
100,000	U. S. 6s 5-20s. C. '65	[illegible]	100	do	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	110⅛	100	Quick'r. Min.	[illegible]
22,000	U. S. 5-20s. C. '65, New Issue	108	100	At. Mail	119
60,000	[illegible]	107⅛	300	Pacific Mail	137
12,000	[illegible]	107⅛	100	do	136
1,000	U. S. 6s 5-20s. C. '64	106⅛	400	N. Y. Cen.	105⅛
10,000	do	109⅛	100	do	104⅞
25,000	do	109	200	do	104⅞
14,000	do	109⅛	2500	do ... s10	104⅞
10,000	U. S. 6-20s. C. '67, New Is.	107⅛	100	do	104⅞
150,000	do	107½	500	do ... s10	104⅞
1,000	U. S. 7-30s. 2d Ser.	106⅛	100	do ... b30	105
300	do 3d ser.	[illegible]	400	do	[illegible]
700	do	[illegible]	1500	Erie Railroad	[illegible]
2,000	Brook. 6s. W. L.	96	500	do	[illegible]
10,000	Tenn. St. 6s. ex-c	65	25	Erie Railroad P.	74½
10,000	do	64⅛	100	Hud. Riv. R.	124⅛
17,000	Tenn. 6s. ... new	63½	200	do	124
20,000	do	63¾	300	do	123
5,000	do	63½	61	Reading R.	101¾
1,000	Missouri 6s	103	1100	do	101⅞
3,000	do	102¾	50	do	101⅞
2,000	do	103	10	do	102
1,000	Mo. 6s, H. & St. J. Issue	91	70	Mich. Cen. R.	109⅝
			200	M. So. & N. I. R.	75⅞
150,000	O. & M. Cer.	25¾	100	do ... b1	75⅜
4,000	Erie 1st M	106	400	do	75⅝
1,000	Erie 3d M	98½	600	do	75⅞
2,000	Harlem 1st M	103½	200	do ... b10	75⅞
25,000	Ill. C. Bds.	12	200	do ... b10	75⅞
1,000	Mich. So. 2d M	91	300	do	75⅞
2,000	M. C. 8s, N. Bs	113½	5	Ill. Central R.	120
2,000	Chic. & Alt. In. B	94	100	do	121
2,000	Chic. & N. W. 1st	85	50	do	121½
5,000	Tol. & Wab. 2d M	80¾	700	Cleve. & Pitts.	76
5,000	Buff., N.Y. & E. 1st	90	1200	do	76
10,000	Cl. & Tol. S. F. B.	102	1000	do	75½
2,000	Morris & Es. 1st M	99	200	Chic. & N. W.	38⅝
3,000	Hud. Riv. 1st	101½	1500	do	38⅝
5,000	Amer. Dock Co.	105	100	do ... b10	38⅝
10	Ocean Bank	105	400	Chic. & N. W. Pf.	63
50	Fourth Nat. Bank	106⅛	1000	do	63⅛
310	Adams Ex. Co.	60½	2000	do	63⅛
30	Wells Fargo Ex.	56	1000	do	63⅛
200	do ... 2d call	55	900	Clev. & Tol. R.	126
31	Amer. Ex.	61	100	Chi. & R. I. ... s10	99
20	do	61½	400	do	99⅛
100	U. S. Ex. Co.	63½	800	do	99⅛
30	Mer. U. Ex. 30 p. c. paid	18½	100	do ... s10	99⅛
			200	do	99⅛
200	do	18	100	do ... b10	99⅛
200	Canton Co.	43	20	do	100
200	do	42¾	100	do ... 2d call	99⅛
100	do ... b30	43	12	Chic., B. & Q. R.	125
600	do ... 2d call	42	24	do ... 2d call	125
500	do	41	200	Mil. & St. Paul ... s30	38⅝
100	do	41⅛	100	do	38⅝
130	do	41⅛	200	do ... s3	39
100	do	41⅛	100	do	38⅝
15	Del. & Hud. C. Co.	149	700	Mil. & St. P. Pr.	60
200	Cum. Coal Pr.	30	900	do	60⅛
100	do ... 2d call	29	200	do	60⅛
600	P., F. W. & C.	100⅛	200	do ... b30	61
500	do	100⅛	600	Tol. W. & W.	39
5	do	100⅛	100	Chi. & Alt. R.	120
2,000	Tenn. 6s. ... new	63	400	Chic. & N. W.	38⅝
10,000	do	62¾	100	Chi. & N. W. P.	63⅛
100	West. U. Tel.	38⅛	600	do	63⅛
100	Cum. Coal Pr.	29	300	Chic. & R. I.	99
600	Erie R.	59½	100	do ... b15	99⅛
100	N. Y. Cen.	104⅛	100	P., F. W. & C.	100⅛
200	do	105⅛	100	do	100

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000	U. S. 6s. 5-20s.		300	Pac. M. S. Co.	137
	C. '64	110⅛	100	do	137⅛
50,000	U. S. 6s 5-20s.		200	do	137⅛
	C. '65	110⅛	500	N. Y. Cen. R. R.	106⅛
25,000	U. S. 5-20s C. '65,		200	do ... b30	107
	new iss.	107⅛	100	do	106⅛
1,000	do	108	100	Reading R.	101⅞
200	West. U. Tel.	39	500	do	101⅞
200	do ... s30	38⅞	100	do	101⅞
300	do	38⅞	300	M. & St. P. Pf.	60
200	do	38⅞	100	M. S. & N. I.	77⅛
100	do ... s60	39	300	do	77⅛
100	Mar. Min. Co.	9⅛	200	Clev. & Pitts	77
100	Canton Co.	42⅛	900	do	77⅛
100	do ... b15	42⅛	100	Chi. & N. W.	38⅝
200	Atlantic Mail	109½	500	do	38⅝
100	Adams Ex. Co. b15	61	2500	do	38⅝
20	do	62	1200	do ... b30	40
200	do	61	100	Chi. & N. W. R.	64⅛
300	Hud. Riv. R.	126	500	do	63⅞
200	do	126¼	300	Chi. & R. I.	100
100	Wells Fargo Ex.	55½	500	do	99⅞
10	Mich. Cen. R.	110	100	P., Ft. W. & C.	100⅛
2300	Erie R.	60½	100	do	100⅛

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

100	Canton Co.	43	2800	Reading R.	101⅛
200	Wells, F. & Co. Ex	55½	600	do	101⅞
20	Amer. Ex.	60½	300	do ... s3	101⅞
[illegible]	Adams Ex. Co.	61	100	do	101⅛
100	Mar. Pref.	17½	100	T., W. & W.	40
100	do	17½	100	do	39⅞
100	Pacific Mail	136½	1200	Mich. S. & N. I.	75
100	do	136½	500	do ... c	75⅛
200	do	136	300	do ... b15	75⅛
200	do	136½	200	do ... c	75⅛
200	do	135⅞	500	do	75⅛
100	do ... c	135⅞	200	do ... c	75⅛
500	West. U. Tel.	38⅞	2800	Clev. & Pitts.	76
25	do	39	200	do	76⅛
100	do ... c	38⅞	200	do	76⅛
100	do	38⅞	10,000	O. & M. C.	25⅛
1500	N. Y. Cen.	106⅛	100	Clev. & Tol. R. R.	126
1000	do ... c	105⅞	60	do ... c	126
200	do ... b15	105⅞	800	Chi. R. I. & P.	99⅞
200	do ... s3	105⅞	1800	do	99⅞
200	do ... s10	105⅞	500	do ... c	99⅞
500	Erie R.	60⅛	500	do	99
200	do	59⅞	400	do ... s3	99⅛
200	do ... c	59⅞	1100	Chi. & N. W.	38⅝
300	do	59⅞	200	do ... c	38⅝
2100	do	59⅞	500	do	38⅝
300	do ... c	59⅞	400	do ... b3	38⅝
100	do	59⅞	100	do ... s3	38⅝
500	do ... s3	59⅞	400	do ... c	38⅝
[illegible]	do	137⅛	1000	C. & N. W. Pf.	63
[illegible]	[illegible]	138	[illegible]	do	63⅛
[illegible]	[illegible]	138	200	do ... b5	63⅛
[illegible]	[illegible]	39⅛	800	do ... c	63⅛
[illegible]	[illegible] ... b3	39⅞	300	do ... b10	63⅛
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	400	do ... b3	63⅛

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

[illegible]	[illegible]	43⅛	400	Mil. & St. P.	39
[illegible]	[illegible]	43	300	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	61⅛
[illegible]	[illegible]	136	100	do	61⅛
[illegible]	[illegible] ... s3	136	20,000	O. & M. Cer.	25⅛
100	Atlantic Mail	109	400	Mich. S. & N. I.	75
500	West. U. Tel.	38	400	do	75⅛
200	do ... c	37⅞	300	do	75⅛
100	do	37⅞	100	do ... c	75⅛
100	do	37⅞	100	do ... s3	75⅛
100	do ... s3	37⅞	600	do	75⅛
600	N. Y. Cen.	106⅛	1500	Clev. & Pitts.	75⅞
300	do ... c	105⅞	300	do	76
[illegible]	do	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	do	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chi. R. I. & Pac.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do	[illegible]	[illegible]	do	[illegible]
[illegible]	Erie Railroad	[illegible]	[illegible]	do	[illegible]
[illegible]	do	[illegible]	[illegible]	Clev. & Tol.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chi. & N. W.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do ... c	[illegible]	1200	do	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	do ... c	[illegible]
100	do	124	400	do ... s3	39⅛
[illegible]	do	[illegible]	[illegible]	do ... b3	39⅛
1000	Reading R.	101⅛	200	do	39⅛
600	do	101⅛	1000	Chic. & N. W. P.	63⅞
200	do ... b30	101⅛	200	do ... b3	64
200	do ... c	101⅛	500	Pitts., F. W. & C.	100⅛
100	Tol., W. & W. Pf.	62	300	do	100⅛

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

100	Cum. Coal ... s30	30	200	Hud. Riv. R.	125⅛
10	Am. Ex. Co.	60⅛	200	Reading R.	101
800	Adams Express	60⅛	500	do ... b15	101⅛
100	Quicksilver	25	200	M. S. & N. I. R.	77⅛
100	do ... b30	25⅛	100	do	77⅛
100	Pacific Mail	137	200	do ... b3	77⅛
600	West. U. T.	38⅝	400	Chic. & N. W. Pf.	64⅛
1250	do	38⅝	1200	do	64⅛
200	do ... s30	39	200	do ... b10	64⅛
200	do ... b10	38⅞	200	do ... s6	64⅛
800	N. Y. Cen. R.	106⅛	100	Mich. Cen. R.	109⅛
400	do	106⅛	200	Clev. & Pitts	77½
100	do ... b15	106⅛	200	do	77⅛
500	do	106½	200	do	77⅛
200	do ... b30	106⅛	600	Chi., R. I. & P. ... c	100
1200	Erie R.	60½	400	do	100⅛
200	do	60⅛	100	do	100⅛
500	do ... b3	60⅛	600	Chi. & N. W. R.	39⅛
400	do ... s3	60⅛	200	do ... b10	39⅛
600	do	60⅛	200	do ... s3	39⅛
400	do ... b15	60⅛	200	P., F. W. & Chi.	101⅛
300	do ... b3	60⅛	200	do	101⅛

Tuesday, Sept. 24—P. M.

The sales of Gold to-day were at 142¼@⅛@ ½ ⅌ cent, closing at 3 o'clock at 142½ ⅌ cent. There is a continued free supply of the Cash Gold, but less rates of interest were paid for carrying over balances than yesterday. The rate paid early in the forenoon was 6 ⅌ cent. per annum. Some subsequent arrangements were made at from 3 to 5 ⅌ cent. per annum. The Treasury Office was not a large seller yesterday as reported, for effect, on the Stock Exchange. We doubt whether the sales amounted to more than about one-half the day's receipts from Customs. To-day the Office gained over $600,000 from Customs. The foreign Exchanges for the Boston mail closed somewhat irregular, 109⅛@109½ for 60 day standard bills on London; short sight 109⅞@109⅞ ⅌ cent.

The rate for Money to the Brokers to-day is fully 7 ⅌ cent. The demand was active through the forenoon, though not of a pressing nature, and private lenders especially are glad to avail themselves of the advanced rate to lend their balances closer than usual. Some of the large banks plead poverty to their dealers, while others speak more confidently of a gradual return to ease. The demand upon them for currency to go West is not so strong as last week. Already the course of Exchange has turned at Chicago, and on Saturday the receipts of Currency at that point are thus noticed by the Chicago *Tribune*:

> "The principal topic in financial circles to-day was the sharp reaction which took place in the market for New-York funds. Large remittances of currency from New-York came to hand this morning, which, added to those received yesterday, swelled the amount to fully $1,000,000. These remittances were ordered some two or three days ago, when there was a breakdown in exchange. The country banks were less urgent in their demands to-day, and the requirements of grain shippers being also on a smaller scale, many of the banks found that they had too much currency on hand, causing considerable anxiety to replace it in New-York. This anxiety created a large demand for New-York funds after the Clearing-house balances were declared, and most of the banks were buyers."

The Stock Exchange was much excited to-day. In the department of the Public Funds, the prices, for some days stiffly maintained, partially felt the demand for money at 7 ⅌ cent. on other collateral, so that holders were disposed to concede ⅛@¼ ⅌ cent. from Monday's sales. About a million of dollars was registered as sold at the regular boards. The sales at the counters of the great dealers were, as usual, larger than the operations at the Exchange. The Treasury was a large buyer of 7.30 ⅌ cents. for delivery to-morrow. In the Afternoon there was less disposition to press sales of 5-20s or 6s of '81, owing, it may be, to the tendency to decided recovery in the Railway market. The latter opened under the excitement of last night's fresh raid upon the New-York and Western Roads, and the pressure to sell, it will be noticed, from the printed lists, was in large lines at the 10 o'clock Open Board and 10:30 regular Board, while at the 1 P. M. Open Board the recovery set in, and this was followed by a further improvement later in the Afternoon. The Miscellaneous list shared the fortunes of the day with the Railways, and Pacific Mail, Western Telegraph and Canton Company were sold down in the morning without regard to cost or value. The State Stocks were comparatively steady. The old Express Stocks have been severely handled during the present breakdown, and they find but few sympathizers, owing to their continued and unreasonable as well as suicidal war upon the Merchants' Union.

At 5 o'clock P. M. the following quotations were made as compared with Monday night. Erie was raided again at the close, and this partially influenced the other Roads, as compared with the printed sales at the Afternoon Boards:

	Mon.	Tues.		Mon.	Tues.
U. S. 10-40s	99⅜	99⅛	N. West Pref.	63⅜	64
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	114⅛	114	Rock Island	100⅛	99⅞
U. S. Con. 5-20s	107⅞	107⅞	Fort Wayne	100	101
N. Y. Central	105⅞	106⅛	W. U. Telegraph	38⅞	39⅛
Erie	60⅛	59⅞	Mariposa, Pref.	17½	17⅛
Hudson	126⅛	125⅛	St. Paul Pref.	60	63⅛
Reading	101⅞	101⅛	Pacific Mail	138	137
Mich. Southern	75⅞	76⅞	Toledo & Wabash	39⅞	39⅛
Pittsburgh	76⅞	77⅞	American Gold	142⅞	142⅛
Tenn. 6s, new	63⅛	63⅛	Bills on London	109⅛	109⅛
Northwest	38⅝	39⅛			

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ⅌ cent., reg. 1881	110⅛	5 ⅌ cent., reg., 1871	115
500 & 1,000, '81	110⅛	5 ⅌ cent. reg., 1874	108⅛
5-20 reg., 1862	109⅛	5 ⅌ cent. coup. 1874	111
5-20 500 & 1,000	114	End. coup. 1874	108⅛
5-20 reg. 1864	109⅛	10-40 reg.	99⅛
5-20 500 & 1,000	109⅛	10-40 500 & 1,000	99⅜
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1865	110⅛	7 3-10 2d series	106⅛
5-20 cou., 1865, new iss.	107⅞	7 3-10 3d series	106⅛
5-20 cou., 1867	107⅞		

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. reg. B'y loan	107	Indiana 5s	92
N. Y. 6 ⅌ c. B'y loan, 1872	99⅛	Tennessee 6 ⅌ c., ex-c.	64⅛
N. Y. 6 ⅌ c. B'y loan, 1875	99⅛	Tennessee new bds	63⅛
N. Y. 6 ⅌ c. B'y loan, 1877	99⅛	Georgia 6s	73⅛
Illinois Canal Bds. 1860	100	Georgia 7s, new bonds	82
Illinois reg. 1860	100	N. C. 6s	68
Ill. 6s cou., '79 aft. 1860	101⅛	N. C. 6s, ex coupons	52
Ill. 6s cou., '79 aft. 1862	101⅛	North Car. 6s, n. bds.	50
Illinois 6s c. '79 aft. 1865	101⅛	Missouri 6s	102⅞
Illinois 6s c. '79 aft. 1870	101⅛	Missouri H. & St. Jo. is.	80⅛
Illinois coupon 6s, 1877	101⅛	Missouri Pacific R. is.	103
Illinois coupon 6s, 1879	101⅛	California 7s	127⅛
Illinois war loan	101⅛		

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

Manhattan	135	Bank of the Repub.	112
Mechanics'	119	Bank of North Am's	108
Union	119	Hanover	112
America	145	Irving	106
Phenix	103⅛	Market	113
National	110	Shoe and Leather	112
Seventh Ward	107½	Corn Exchange	120
State of New-York	109	Continental	106⅛
Commerce	115	St. Nicholas	103
Ocean	104	Importers' & Trad's	112
American Exchange	117	Fourth National	108⅛

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	92	Gt. Western 2d M. '68	84
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 65-76	105	Gt. Western 1st M. '88	81
Erie 1st Mort., 1867	106	Gal. & Chic., Ext.	101
Erie 7s, 2d ind., 1879	104⅛	Gal. & Chic. 2d M.	101
Erie 7s, 3d ind., 1883	[illegible]	Chi. & R. I. 1st M.	101
Erie 7s, 4th ind., 1880	90⅛	Chi. & R. I. Con. is.	90⅛
Erie 7s, 5th ind., 1888	89	N. J. Central 1st M.	105
Buff., N. Y. & Erie 1st '77	89	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 1st M.	104
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M., 1869	101	Cleve. & P. 2d M.	93
Hud. R. 7s, 2d M., s. f. '85	105	Cleve. & P. 3d M., con.	85
Harlem 1st M. '69-'72	101	Cleve. & P. 4th M.	74
Mich. So. 1st s. f. M.	91	Chi. & A. S. F. 1st M.	102
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ⅌ c.	99⅛	Chi. & Alton S. F. Inc.	93
M. Cen. 7 ⅌ c. 1876	120	Ohio & Miss., 1st mort.	93
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	93	Pennsylvania R. R. bonds	75
Alton & T. H. 2d pfd.	83	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	94
Chi. & N. W. Ex. bds.	83⅛	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M.	96
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	94	Joliet & Chi. 1st mort.	104
Con. 7 ⅌ cent. conv.	94⅛	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	96
Tol. & W. 2d M.	80⅛		

We are pleased to see that our neighbor of the *Tribune* does the following piece of justice to the Associated National Banks of this City:

"While the National Banks, with one or two exceptions for very small amounts, are good in their reserve, the State Banks are in the main short, as follows:

Bank of America	Good	Oriental	$41,343, short
Manhattan Company	Good	North River	Good
Greenwich	$71,[illegible], short	[illegible]	[illegible], short
People's	[illegible], short	Bull's Head	[illegible], short
Nassau	[illegible], short	[illegible]	[illegible], short
Corn Exch'ge	141,[illegible], short	Eleventh Ward	[illegible], short
Total			$981,[illegible]"

It is true that the few Local Banks of New-York that declined to come under the National Banking system are not legally bound by the requisition of 25 ⅌ cent. lawful money to their demand liabilities, but they certainly owe it to their National colleagues in the Clearing-house that they should keep pace with them on this point. While we have regretted that the old Bank of America and the Manhattan Company declined to nationalize themselves, with their neighbors of equal or larger capital and respectability, we have always felt sure that neither Mr. Punnett nor Mr. Morrison would fail to keep up to the principle of the National Act of 25 ⅌ cent. reserve of lawful Money. Indeed, they are invariably found in advance of it in their weekly statements. But it seems to have been otherwise with some other of the Local Banks. They sneered at the National system, refused to come under it, and are now found as to their condition of security at variance with its most conservative article.

We may further observe that every day's experience of the National system steadily looks to its improvement and to the prompt admonition and, if need be, correction, of its weaker members, both City and Country. So far as the New-York City Banks are concerned, we have no hesitation in repeating our suggestion of yesterday that as soon as it is believed that their present lawful Money reserve is inadequate to or inconsistent with the demands for Currency for the Western trade, no time will be lost by the Secretary of the Treasury in strengthening this reserve with a sufficient portion of his new 3 ⅌ cent. Legal-tender Certificates, (already engraved, printed and signed for employment,) to ease the Bank movement and to save all undue apprehension of embarrassment from the running down of the lawful Money reserve to 25 ⅌ cent. It is now 33 ⅌ cent, as stated yesterday, leaving a margin of $11,300,000. Should this surplus be materially diminished on the next weekly average, which at present we do not believe, the chances are that Mr. McCulloch will begin the issue of his 3 ⅌ cent. Legal-tenders.

One, if not more, of the large National Banks that have been called upon for Currency to go West, has adopted the plan of keeping all the Greenbacks in the City. If short of National Bank Notes, and they could not be borrowed of the neighboring Banks, the Greenbacks were exchanged at the Treasury Office for National Bank Notes, so that when the Office is called upon for disbursements to the Banks here, the latter can be readily accommodated with Greenbacks. This course has been especially adopted by the Metropolitan National Bank whose Chicago and Milwaukee remittances are, perhaps, the largest of any of the City Banks.

The earnings of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company for the present month show a very decided improvement. We publish the following estimate of the earnings for the balance of the year made by the Assistant-President of the Road, Thomas D. Messler, for the benefit of the shareholders:

Earnings to August 31		$4,519,804
Earnings for September, partly estimated		685,000
Earnings for October, estimated		750,000
Earnings for November, estimated		675,000
Earnings for December, estimated		575,000
Profit in operating Newcastle and Lawrence Branches		65,000
Total income		$7,269,804
Expenses to August 31	$3,229,150	
Expenses for September	400,000	
Expenses for October	425,000	
Expenses for November	350,000	
Expenses for December	425,000	
	$4,829,150	
Interest on bonds and sinking Fund	989,800	
Due C. & P. R. R. Co.—joint earnings	100,000	
Six months' dividend and tax on $10,000,000	525,000	
Six months' dividend and tax on $11,500,000	603,750	—$7,047,700
Surplus		$222,104

The quarterly Dividend of 2½ ⅌ cent. will fall due in October.

An excellent chart of the course and fluctuations of Gold, daily, since January, 1862, has been prepared and published by the Register of the New-York Gold Exchange, Mr. J. C. Mersereau.

The week's exports of domestic produce and miscellaneous goods have been to the currency value of $3,425,528.

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Receipts for Customs, $614,000; receipts for gold notes, $102,000; total receipts, $3,238,858 29; total payments, $2,031,911 82; balance, $120,656,630 87.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ The Central Pacific Railroad First Mortgage Bonds are destined to rank among the best securities for permanent investment, as they are the preferred claim upon one of the most valuable and productive lines in the world. They possess peculiar assurances and sanctions from the Pacific Railroad Act of Congress, and have also special advantages over other coporate securities.

First.—Twice the amount of the First Mortgage Bonds issued has been invested by the Government and from other sources, in the road, *upon a subordinate lien.*

Second.—The surplus earnings of the completed portion already *exceed one million dollars in gold*, after the payment of all expenses and interest liabilities.

Third.—The principal as well as the interest is payable semi-annually *in coin.*

The Bonds are of $1,000 each, and are offered for the present at 95 per cent. and accrued interest from July 1, in currency, at which rate they yield nearly 9 per cent on the outlay.

Conversions of Government Securities into Central Pacific First Mortgage Bonds now realize for the holders from 12 to 18 per cent. advantage, with the same rate of interest.

The following are the current rates, (Sept. 20,) subject, of course, to slight variations from day to day. We receive in exchange:

U. S. Sixes, 1861, coupon and pay difference...146.61
U. S. Five-Twenties, 1862, coupon and pay difference...179.11
U. S. Five-Twenties, 1864, coupon, and pay difference...129.11
U. S. Five-Twenties, 1865, coupon, and pay difference...141.61
U. S. Five-Twenties, 1865, (new,) coupon, and pay difference...116.61
U. S. Five-Twenties, 1867, (new,) coupon, and pay difference...116.61
U. S. Ten-Forties, coupon, and pay difference...34.11
U. S. Seven-Thirties, (2d series,) and pay difference...126.01
U. S. Seven-Thirties, (3d series,) and pay difference...120.01

Orders can be sent direct, or through responsible Bankers. Bonds sent free of Express charges.

Descriptive pamphlets and maps can be obtained at the office of the Railroad Company, No. 54 William-street, and of

Fisk & Hatch,
Bankers and dealers in Government Securities,
and
Financial Agents of the C. P. R. R. Co.,
No. 5 Nassau-street, New-York.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls.	15	Barley, bushels	....
Flour, bbls.	13,752	Malt, bushels	746
Flour, bags	....	Pork, bbls.	1
Cornmeal, bbls.	....	Cut Meats, pkgs.	86
Cornmeal, bags	....	Lard, pkgs.	11
Wheat, bushels	23,100	Beef, tcs. and bbls.	....
Corn, bushels	8,790	Whisky, bbls.	344
Rye, bushels	....	Petroleum, bbls.	6,455
Oats, bushels	180		

ASHES—Are in good demand at $9 75 for Pots and $12 50 for Pearls, ⅌ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Has been steady but inactive.

CANDLES—Have been in demand and firmly held.

COFFEE—Is in limited request at previous figures, including Java at 24½c.@25c.; Maracai bo, 17c.@18¼c.; Laguayra, 17¼c.@18¼c.; Rio, 14c.@19c.; St. Domingo, 15¼c.@16¼c., in gold, ℔ lb. The week's receipts of Rio have been 10,676 bags; sales of do., 13,8[illegible] bags, the latter including, according to Messrs. Wm. Scott & Son, 600 per *St. Ursula*; 2,000 per *Forrington*; 422 per *Shawmut*; 4,806 per *Tornado*; 2,[illegible] per steamer *North America*, and 3,000 per *Eclipse*. The market closes dull." Stock of Coffee in first hands here, to-day, 99,183 bags, including of Rio and Santos, 74,636 bags; of Java, 5,842 bags; of Ceylon Coffee, 4,116 bags; of Maracaibo Coffee, 5,932 bags; of Laguayra Coffee, 2,751 bags; of St. Domingo Coffee and of other descriptions, 5,859 bags.

STOCK OF RIO IN THE COUNTRY.

Baltimore..........	bags, 20,000
Philadelphia..........	bags, 5,800
New-York..........	bags, 74,636
Grand total, bags..........	100,436

COTTON—Is depressed and lower to-day. The demand is very moderate. Middling grades, 23¼c.@25c. ℔ lb., on sales and resales of 780 bales, against receipts of 2,207 bales.

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

Receipts thus far this week..........	2,402
Receipts last week..........	4,805
Receipts preceding week..........	3,720
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1867..........	12,028
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1867..........	446,714
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867..........	657,431
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867..........	667,394
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866..........	511,630
Exports week ending to-day..........	1,798
Exports since Sept. 1..........	5,458
Exports since Jan. 1..........	332,998
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867..........	272,296
Exports year ending Dec. 31, 1866..........	381,094
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866..........	495,309
Estimated stock on hand here..........	37,500

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866..........	2,571,040
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867..........	1,951,988
Receipts preceding cotton year..........	2,154,476
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867..........	1,557,054
Exports preceding cotton year..........	1,554,664
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports Aug. 31, 1867..........	80,296

DRY GOODS—A rather less active inquiry is noted for articles in this line, both domestic and foreign; and in view of the depression in Cotton, there is less buoyancy in Cotton goods. Woolens are essentially unaltered in price. The *Independent* says of the week's business: "The business in Dry Goods during the past week has been only fairly active. Jobbers are well supplied with foreign goods, and purchases of domestics are only made from hand to mouth, under a very prevalent impression that there must be a decline in the price of Cotton as the new crop comes to market. Without any marked variations in prices there has been a disposition manifested to favor the purchaser in most descriptions of Cotton goods, particularly in the lower grades of sheetings, and in unbleached goods generally. Any attempt to force sales would doubtless lead to considerable concessions of prices. The market has yielded to the extent of half a cent a yard on an average; but the finer qualities of brown goods for bleaching are a shade better. In bleached goods the demand has been quite active, and there are no expectations of lower prices at present, owing to any accumulation of stock. Wamsuttas and New-York Mills are in good demand. Cotton flannels are only in moderate request, and drills are heavy. Corset jeans are in abundant supply and dull. Stripes and ticks are in less request. Denims and cottonades move slowly; heavy makes sell more freely than the lighter grades. In prints of all descriptions there is more liveliness than in any other description of goods, and the stock on hand in first hands is smaller than it has been in many years at this season, while the jobbers are by no means overstocked. Many popular styles are sold for delivery by the agents of manufacturers in advance of their production. Ginghams of the better styles are in good demand, and prices are firm. As a general rule, the better descriptions of all kinds of goods maintain prices better and are more freely taken than the poorer grades. Rolled jaconets, silesias and cambrics, both colored and bleached are in fair demand and firm in prices. Linseys exhibit a greater degree of activity than last week, and all goods of a similar character are more inquired for. The market for muslin de laines has improved just in proportion to the improvement shown in the styles of the goods offered. Our manufacturers are learning the importance of making their fabrics at least equal to the tastes and cultivated wants of the community. All the various makes are in good demand. Pacific, Lowell, Hamilton and Manchester de laines sell readily at 24c. A new kind of goods, called the Boulevard skirt, made entirely of wool and woven without seams, has lately been introduced, and bid fair to take the place of the indispensable 'Balmoral.' The demand for shawls increases with the season, and the great variety and excellent quality of the various makes—such as the Waterloo, the Peacedale and the Watervliet—give to these articles increasing importance. The trade in them is very good. For Italians and woolen cloths the demand continues favorable, especially for the cheaper qualities. The finer qualities of Italians are not so much required. The importations of Italians from England are very heavy the present season. Fancy cassimeres, cloakings and coatings are in good request, fair prices. Flannels sell readily, both plain and twilled, and at firm prices. The sales of blankets have been large, without any material modification of price, though there is a tendency to a decline. In foreign goods there is nothing important to notice; the market is well supplied with merinos and delaines, but the stocks are not considered by any means in excess of the needs of the season. Some of the importations of last year, which are now taken out of bond, are pressed for sale without injuring the prices of the importation of the present Fall. Staple silks are held at firm prices, and the new styles of millinery and fancy goods sell freely at advancing prices. The auction sales of the week have been extensive and well attended. Importations have been well kept up, but they consist mainly of goods expressly adapted to the season. Nothing of the disposition shown last year, to import anything and everything in anticipation of a higher tariff, which ended in such disastrous results to many of our importers, has been exhibited the present season.

FISH—A moderate demand prevails for the principal kinds at about previous figures.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in less demand at a further reduction of 10c.@25c. ℔ bbl., closing quite heavily. Sales have been reported since our last of 7,650 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $7 85@$9; very poor to good extra State at $9 50@$10 10; good to choice extra State $10 20@$10 75; poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio at $9 65@$10 65 ℔ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western..........	$7 85@$9 00
Extra State..........	9 50@10 75
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c..........	9 60@13 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands..........	9 65@10 65
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands..........	10 65@13 75
Extra Genesee..........	10 75@13 75
Common to choice extra Missouri..........	12 50@16 00

Southern Flour is in light demand at less buoyant prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 650 bbls., at $9 85@$14 50 for common to very choice, ℔ bbl. Canadian Flour inactive and nominal. Rye Flour is in fair demand at from $6 50@$8 25 for inferior to very choice ℔ bbl.; sales 450 bbls. Corn Meal is in moderate request at $6 25 for City, and $7 for Brandywine, ℔ bbl.; sales 500 bbls. Of California Flour sales were reported of 2,150 bbls. and sacks, at $11 25@$13 50 ℔ bbl. of 196 lbs.

GRAIN—Winter Wheat has been scarce and wanted, at firmer prices. Spring has been depressed, and quoted decidedly lower. Sales have been reported since our last of 68,000 bushels, including extra White Michigan at $2 82½; Amber Michigan at $2 52@$2 68, the latter a fancy price for a small lot of very handsome; No. 2 Spring at $2 18@$2 21, chiefly at $2 18@$2 19; Nos. 3 and 2 Mixed Spring at $2 17; Amber State $2 53; Amber Southern at $2 45 ℔ bushel. Corn has been in good speculative demand, at a further advance of 2c. ℔ bushel, though closing less buoyantly. Sales have been reported since our last of 85,000 bushels, at $1 30@$1 32 for poor to choice Mixed Western in store and afloat $1 25@$1 29 for unsound and damp in store and afloat, ℔ bushel. Rye continues in moderate demand to-day; sales 7,200 bushels, including State, at $1 50 and Western at $1 47@$1 50 ℔ bushel. Oats have been in good speculative request at higher prices. We quote New Western at 73c.@75c., chiefly at 74c., here and to arrive, ℔ bushel. Sales 137,000 bushels. Barley has been in some demand; 5,000 bushels Old Canada West changed hands, on private terms. The Albany *Argus* says: "State Barley does not come along; 10,000 bushels will sum up all that has been received by railroad of new crop, against 145,000 bushels in 1866. Canada West is moving in advance of 1866; we have one or more cargoes here from Oswego. At Oswego the receipts are about 146,000 bushels, which is all clear gain on 1866. In addition to this, Oswego has received 82,500 bushels of Illinois. At Buffalo the receipts of Illinois have been large. Buffalo has become, and will continue to be a large market for Illinois barley. The receipts of barley at Chicago to and including the 19th, are 5??,000 bushels; the shipments, 623,900 bushels. At Chicago, on the 19th, the receipts were 70,400 bushels; the sales, 45,700 bushels at $1 20@$1 22, mainly $1 21½. The bark *Oneonta* cleared for Buffalo with 29,700 bushels, and freights were engaged for two schooners to Buffalo with barley at 7c. At Toronto on the 20th street prices ranged from 80c.@85c. The railroad receipts were light. There has been less movement in Barley in Albany this week. The prices obtained for Illinois $1 52½, and for Canada West $1 65, early in the week were above the views of buyers, and at some concession on these figures a good business might have been done. Buyers pointed at the large receipts at Chicago and Oswego at which latter point Barley was coming in freely, and in advance of 1866, and also to the fact that the figures asked, $1 55¾@$1 65, for Illinois and Canada West, respectively were far in advance of the figures of 1866. Further sales of Canada West were made during the week, but the figures were not made public. On Change to-day $1 50 was offered for Illinois, and $1 60 for Canada West to arrive and sales of cargoes, 9,000 bushels each, were made on P. M., and 9,000 bushels Illinois in addition, all on private terms, but understood not to be above the figures offered. The week's sales, as reported, cover 3,700 bushels State two-rowed, in lots, $1 50; 30,000 bushels Illinois No. 2, to arrive, part at $1 52½, and the balance, including the two cargoes of 9,000 bushels, each taken this P. M., on private terms, and 28,800 bushels Canada West, part at $1 65, and the balance, including the cargo of 9,000 bushels taken this P. M., on private terms. The railroad sales during the week have been of State. The Illinois No. 2 received by railroad is held out of market. Between this city and Buffalo and Oswego there is afloat, consigned to this city, considerable Illinois and Canada Barley, and it will require considerable firmness and prudence on the part of receivers to check any further decline in prices. The market was heavy at the close, and in favor of the buyer." Barley Malt has been quiet, to-day; 1,000 bushels were sold at $1 60 ℔ bushel. The Albany *Argus* of this morning gives the following list of boats laden with flour and grain which passed Fultonville, bound to the Hudson River, [illegible] day, Sept. 23, 1867: J. A. Wright, Buffalo, [illegible]; Harvey Baldwin, [illegible], corn; Geo. Wheaton, Buffalo, [illegible]; [illegible] Sanford, Buffalo, oats; Massachusetts, Buffalo, corn; [illegible], Buffalo, wheat; J. T. Rowe, Buffalo, [illegible]; A. Collins, Buffalo, wheat; [illegible], Buffalo, corn; Warrior, Buffalo, oats; W. L. Bostwick, Baldwinsville, wheat; V. E. Burch, Oswego, corn; J. Shaw, Buffalo, corn; E. M. [illegible], Buffalo, wheat; Jacob Spencer, Buffalo, oats; Mohegan, Buffalo, corn; Abraham Wood, Buffalo, corn; John Cornes, Buffalo, wheat; P. V. D. V. Shermerhorn, Buffalo, wheat; H. B. Miller, Buffalo, wheat; Mary, Buffalo, corn; Matilda, Buffalo, corn; E. F. Armstrong, Buffalo, corn; Helen Healey, Buffalo, wheat; Island Home, Buffalo, wheat; Jennie Van Riper, Buffalo, wheat; E. T. Height, Buffalo, corn; Fred. Tabor, Buffalo, corn; Harvey Stewart, Buffalo, corn; [illegible], Buffalo, wheat; H. W. [illegible], Buffalo, wheat.

HAY—North River bale is in more demand at 75c.@80c. for shipping, and $1 20@$1 30 for local use, ℔ 100 lbs. Straw continues in request at 60c.@65c. ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue in demand and steady, including American at 40c.@70c. for new; older growths at 10c.@30c., and Foreign at 40c.@65c. *Prices Current of Hops in the New-York Market*—New-York State, Common to Fair, new, 40c.@45c. ℔ lb.; New-York State, Good to Prime, new, 50c.@55c. ℔ lb.; New-York State, Choice to Fancy, new, 60c.@65c. ℔ lb.; Eastern, Common to Prime, new, 40c.@55c. ℔ lb.; Michigans, Common to Prime, new, 45c.@60c. ℔ lb.; Wisconsins, Prime to Fancy, new, 55c.@70c. ℔ lb.; Yearlings, of all grades, 20c.@30c. ℔ lb.; Old Olds, 10c.@30c. ℔ lb.

HIDES—Have been quiet at drooping prices.

LEATHER—Sole has been in moderate request within our former range.

LIME—Has been steady, and moderately inquired for.

MOLASSES—Is in demand and is firm, including Porto Rico at 52½c.@75c.; Cuba at 38c.@57c.; English Islands at 56c.@57c. ℔ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Are quiet to-day, including Spirits Turpentine at 58@58½c. ℔ gallon; do. in bond, 50½c.@51c. ℔ gallon; Crude do. at $4 75@$5; Rosin at $4@$9 ℔ 280 lbs.; Tar at $3@$3 37; Pitch, $3 75@$4 12 ℔ bbl.

OILS—Have been in request, including Crude Whale at 75c.; Bleached Whale, 85c.@87c.; Crude Sperm at $2 15; Unbleached do. at $2 35@$2 40; Lard Oil at $1 05@$1 25; Red Oil at 67½c.@80c.; Linseed Oil at $1 25@$1 31 ℔ gallon.

NEW-BEDFORD MARKET—Week ending with Sept. 23.—*Sperm*—The market has been less active, the demand for export having been supplied. The sales since our last reach 800 barrels, in parcels, understood at $2 15 ℔ gallon for manufactured. In Boston, 200 bbls. sold for export at $2 15 ℔ gallon. *Whale*—Has continued in demand, and we note sales of 4,200 bbls. Northern, in parcels, at 75c., and 500 bbls. dark Northern, California Coast and South Sea at 70c. ℔ gallon, all for manufacture.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Bbls. Sperm.	Bbls. Whale.	Lbs. Bone.
From Jan. 1 to Sept. 23, '67	31,908	77,729	746,944
Same time last year	27,716	67,729	683,991
Exports for the week ending Sept. 23, 1867..........	....	....	....
Previously..........	15,746	15,865	430,557
From Jan 1. to date..........	15,746	15,865	430,557
Same time last year..........	4,784	357	392,400

[*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PETROLEUM—Has been inactive at 18c.@19c. for Crude; 15c.@15½c. for Crude in bulk; 31c.@35c. for Refined, in bond, and 49c.@50c. for Refined, free, ℔ gallon.

PRINTING CLOTHS—The Providence *Journal* reports the "market dull; sales small. At the present time there are about 250,000 pieces printed weekly in the United States, of which 100,000 pieces are printed in Rhode Island. Enlargements are now going on in three establishments, which will enable them to produce easily over 110,000 pieces weekly. Indeed, one of these establishments in this State last week printed 40,000 pieces. The following are the sales of the week: 6,000 pieces, 56x60, 7¾c., thirty days; 7,000 do., 60x64, 8¼c., sixty days; 5,000 do., 64x64, 8⅝c., heavy; 10,000 do., 64x64, 8¾c.; 8,000 do., 64x64, 8¾c., common. Total, 36,000 pieces."

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in moderate demand at lower prices. Sales since our last 4,250 bbls., in lots, at $23 87@$24 10 for new Western Mess, closing at $24 06¼ regular; $20 50@$21 for Prime and Extra Prime ℔ bbl.; sales were also made of 500 bbls. New Mess for October delivery, seller's option, at $24. Cut Meats are in less demand at 12½c.@13c. for dry salted and sweet pickled Shoulders, and 15½c.@17½c. for Hams, ℔ lb.; sales equal to 265 pkgs. Bacon has been quiet but steady; Short Rib, in bulk, sold at 14c. ℔ lb. Lard has been in rather more request at steady prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 750 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 13⅝c.@14½c., and small lots at 14¾c., ℔ lb. Beef is very quiet at $18@$24 for very poor to choice Plain Mess; $24@$28 for Extra do.; sales have been reported of 105 bbls. Tierce Beef is quite dull. Beef Hams continue nominal. Butter continues in moderate request at 28c.@45c. for poor to choice State, and 17c.@30c. for inferior to prime Western ℔ lb. Cheese has been in demand at 6c.@16c., as extremes, ℔ lb. We quote:

BUTTER.

Orange and Sussex Fresh Pails, ℔ lb..........	33	@45
Pennsylvania and State Counties, Fresh Pails, ℔ lb..........	28	@43
New-York State Firkins, Prime Yellow, ℔ lb.	33	@35
New-York State Firkins, Light Colored, ℔ lb.	32	@33
New-York State Half Firkin Tubs, good to prime, ℔ lb..........	33	@35
New-York State Welsh Tubs, good to prime, ℔ lb..........	28	@32
North Pennsylvania Firkins, good to prime, ℔ lb..........	27	@31
Western Reserve Firkins, good to prime, ℔ lb.	25	@28
Chicago and Northwestern Firkins, good to prime, ℔ lb..........	20	@25
Middle Ohio Firkins, good to prime, ℔ lb..........	17	@20
Grease Butter, original packages, ℔ lb..........	11	@12

CHEESE.

Factory Dairies, Extra, ℔ lb..........	15	@16
Factory Dairies, Fair, ℔ lb..........	13½	@14½
Farm Dairies, Extra, ℔ lb..........	14	@15
Farm Dairies, Fair, ℔ lb..........	11	@12
Skimmed Cheese, ℔ lb..........	6	@ 8

RICE—Has been inactive at unaltered figures.

SEEDS—Have been quiet, but steady.

SKINS—Have been held above the views of buyers, and have been sparingly dealt in.

SUGARS—Have been in good demand at uniform rates. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,700 hhds. Cuba, &c., at 11¼c.@13¼c., and 340 boxes Havana, at 11c.@14¼c. ℔ lb. Refined Sugars continue in demand at from 14c.@16¼c. ℔ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales since our last, 145,000 lbs. Tallow at 12c.@12¼c.; 47,000 lbs. Stearine at 13¼c.@14¼c.; 36,000 lbs. Grease at 8½c.@10¼c. ℔ lb.

TEAS—Have been very quiet at unaltered rates.

WHISKY—Sales, since our last, 250 bbls., in bond, at 38c.@40c. ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements included 7,500 bushels Wheat, by steamer, at 7d. ℔ bushel; 2,500 boxes Cheese, by do., at 50s. ℔ ton; 50 tierces Beef at 4s. 6d. ℔ tierce, and 25 hhds. Tobacco at 27s. 6d. ℔ hhd. For London, 15,000 bushels Wheat on p. t.; 100 tons Oil Cake at 17s. 6d. ℔ ton; 20 hhds. Tobacco at 25s. ℔ hhd. For Glasgow, 21,600 bushels Wheat, by steamer, at 8d. ℔ bushel. For Cadiz, a ship with staves on p. t.

Sales of Real Estate—Sept. 24.

BY JAMES M. MILLER.

1 lot of land n. s. 125th-st., 210 ft. w. 3d-av., 25 by half block..........	$6,900
1 lot of land s. s. 12th-st., 210 ft. w. 3d-av., 25 by half block..........	7,825
1 lot of land s. s. 84th-st., 350 ft. e. 5th-av., 25 by 102.2..........	5,600

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGEBOAT.

OFFICE UNITED STATES ENGINEER AGENCY,
No 7 BOWLING GREEN, NEW-YORK CITY,
Sept. 12, 1867.

The undersigned hereby invites sealed proposals for building and equipping ready for sea and for work the first of the two Dredgeboats, (authorized by joint resolution of Congress, approved March 28, 1867,) for improving the mouth of the Mississippi River, in accordance with models, drawings and specifications visible at this office, and instructions to be furnished by the Engineer in charge; the Dredgeboat to be delivered at such point in the Mississippi River, at or below New-Orleans, as the Engineer in charge may direct.

The Dredgeboat to be a double-ender, 160 feet long, 30 feet beam, and 22 feet [illegible], measured from the bottom of the keel to the surface of the [illegible] at amidships; to have a screw propeller at each end, one of which is to be 14 feet diameter, driven by two engines, and the other 12 feet diameter, and driven by one; to be fitted with water compartments for readily adjusting the draft to any depth from 14 to 20 feet; to be fitted with an auxiliary scraper at each end; and many of the parts to have a strength considerably exceeding that of like parts of steamers of like dimensions designed for ordinary ocean navigation.

During the construction of the Dredgeboat reasonable facilities for inspecting the materials and workmanship must be afforded the officer or agent appointed for the purpose.

The Dredgeboat to be propelled throughout her sea voyage between the points of construction and delivery by her own engines alone.

Bids which do not cover the entire construction and equipments ready for sea and for work of the Dredgeboat, and her delivery at the point designated, will not be considered.

No bids will be considered except from those practically engaged in the construction of ocean steamers, or screw propeller machinery for the same, and who have personally inspected the model and drawings of the Dredgeboat, or employed experts for the purpose of informing them of its character.

Bids to be indorsed (on the envelope) "Proposals for Dredgeboat," and addressed to the undersigned, at this office.

Each bid must be accompanied by a guarantee, signed by two guarantors that the bidder will enter into contract as herein stated, and a certificate of the responsibility of the guarantors, and specifying the occupation of the bidders, signed by an officer of the United States Corps of Engineers or some other competent person known to the undersigned.

Proposals will be received till 12 M. on the 12th day of October, 1867, at which time they will be opened. The contract and bond must be signed by the [illegible] day of October, 1867; work must be actually begun on both hull and machinery by the [illegible] day of October, 1867; the boat must be completed ready for sea and for work and the trials and trial trip had by the 31st of March, 186[illegible]; and no unnecessary delay thereafter must occur in her delivery at the point designated.

Payments will be made as follows: forty per cent. of the contract price on launching the boat and completion of the boilers and the cylinders of the three propeller engines, provided all these shall have been duly approved; thirty-five per cent. on approval of the boat after completion of all its parts ready for sea and for work, by the duly authorized officer or agent of the United States, all the trials and the trial trip having been had, provided the terms of the contract shall thus far have been complied with; and the balance on the final acceptance at the point of delivery.

Bonds for the faithful performance of the contract in the sum of $25,000 will be required, with two sureties, whose sufficiency must be certified by the Clerk of the nearest District Court, the names of the sureties with the certificate to be submitted with the bid.

A full copy of the specifications and of this advertisement must be attached to each bid.

The bids and guarantees must be made out on the printed forms to be had at this office.

Model and detailed drawings can be seen, and copies of specifications had at this office. Copies of the specifications can also be seen at the United States Engineer's offices in Philadelphia and Boston.

The Government reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

In order that no time may be lost after the contract shall be signed, full detailed drawings of all parts of the dredgeboat are in progress, and will be in readiness to turn over to the contractor, so that work may be begun without delay on account of preparation of working drawings.

M. D. McALESTER,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. U. S. A., Major of Engineers,
In charge improvement mouth of Mississippi River.

DRY GOODS.

[illegible]

COLLARS A SPECIALTY.

No. 2[illegible] Church-st.,
New-York.

FALL STYLES.

CURTAIN MATERIALS,
FURNITURE COVERINGS,
BROCATELS,
STRIPED TERRYS AND REPS,
CRETONNE CHINTZES,
LACE CURTAINS,
CORNICES, &c., &c.

FINE LINENS.

SHEETINGS, BLANKETS, QUILTS, &c.
TAYLOR, [illegible] & CO.,
NO. [illegible] BROADWAY,
Between 11th and 12th sts.

MILLIKEN & CO., No. 7[illegible] Broadway,
Are closing out the entire balance of
LINEN DRESS GOODS,
at greatly reduced prices.

MILLIKEN & CO., No. 7[illegible] Broadway,
Have a very complete assortment of
REAL BARNSLEY LINEN SHEETINGS
AND
IRISH PILLOW LINENS,
of their own importation, which they offer at low prices.
Every article warranted Pure Linen.

MILLIKEN & CO., No. 7[illegible] Broadway,
Have a very complete assortment of
IRISH LINENS AND HANDKERCHIEFS.
ALSO,
TABLE CLOTHS, NAPKINS, TOWELS, &c.,
of their own importation, which they offer at low prices.
Every article warranted.

A CARD.

W. JACKSON, No. 551 Broadway, will open on THURSDAY, the 26th, an elegant stock of Mourning Bonnets, Mantillas, Shawls and Dress Goods.
No. 551 BROADWAY,
Opposite Tiffany & Co.'s.

OPENING OF FALL GOODS.

STRANG & ADRIANCE,

NO. 355 BROADWAY, between Leonard and Franklin,
Will offer at Retail on Monday their
FALL IMPORTATIONS
OF
FRENCH, ENGLISH AND CONTINENTAL
DRY GOODS.
Comprising MOIRE ANTIQUE, COLORED SILKS
and SATINS of all shades and qualities.
BLACK GROS GRAIN, FAILLE AND TAFFETAS,
of the best makes, very cheap.
RICH DRESS GOODS
in IRISH and FRENCH POPLINS; the largest assortment ever offered by us.
VELOURS DE RUSSE, EMPRESS CLOTHS, OTTOMANS, and some of the greatest Paris novelties for
WALKING AND TRAVELING SUITS.
BROCHE, KNICKERBOCKER WINCEYS, GROS DE TOURS, very desirable, with a large assortment of
MERINOES and other DRESS GOODS,
suitable for all classes. Some
GREAT BARGAINS FROM AUCTION.
MOURNING GOODS,
in great variety; also,
300 PIECES BLACK ALPACAS,
from 40c. to $1, very cheap.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
A very full assortment at low prices.
HOSIERY, EMBROIDERIES, GLOVES,
in full assortment.
300 DOZEN OF THE CELEBRATED "TREFOUSSE" PARIS KID GLOVES,
from auction, in all shades, at $1 25 per pair, said by good judges to be equal to those sold elsewhere at $2.
SHAWLS,
in PARIS CAMELS' HAIR, PAISLEY, and all other celebrated makes of shawls, in long and square.
ALSO,
250 LONG AND SQUARE BROCHE SHAWLS,
from auction, at less than gold cost.
BLACK LYONS SILK VELVETS,
in all widths, at great bargains.
CLOTHS and CLOAKINGS in GREAT VARIETY.
CLOAKS MADE TO ORDER
in the newest and most desirable styles.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

Prices right now, new goods every day!!!
MONDAY—READY FROM AUCTION!!!
BONNET AND TRIMMING RIBBONS,
All the fashionable shades in colored silk Bonnet velvets, Satins, plain and corded silks, &c., at Gold prices.
Also, lines of Black Silk Velvets at $1 50, $1 75, $2 and upward.
Flowers, Feathers, Real and Millinery Laces, Embroideries, Gloves, Hosiery, Yankee Notions, &c., &c.
Many of the goods will be found below cost of importation.
EDW'D RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand, 66, 68 and 70 Allen sts.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

Our Bonnet rooms supplied daily with every novelty,
Monday, the following shapes in Bonnets:
Antoinette, Osceola, Ruth, Star, Elizabeth, Diadem, Manetta and Lo-La.
HATS.
Sensation, Rolled.
Carlotta, Flirt, Berlin All Right,
Diamond, English Roll, Turban, &c., fully one-third below last week's prices.
Full lines of Misses', Children's, Infants' and Ladies' Hats, in Velvet, Plush, Beaver, Satin, Opera Cloth and Felts. Every desirable color and shade.
Also, Boys' hats and bonnet frames, cheap.
EDW'D RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand, 66, 68 and 70 Allen sts.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE
you can purchase cut lengths of millinery goods cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces. Call.
Cheapest line of Satins, Black and Colored Silk Velvets in this City.
Examine our Velvet, Felt, Beaver and Straw Hats; it will pay you.
Mark the address, EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand, 66, 68 and 70 Allen sts.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.
Cars pass the store every five minutes from corner of Grand and Broadway.

AT F. DE PERCEVAL'S,
No. 720 Broadway, opposite Astor-place.
Large stock of embroidered Yokes for chemises and night gowns; French Lingerie for ladies and children. Handsome Initials and Monograms embroidered to order on handkerchiefs, table linen and bedclothes; all kinds of Embroideries and Stamping made to order, stamped goods.

MME. CARTER WILL OPEN AT NO. 5 Brevoort-place, on Thursday next, her Paris novelties, consisting of elegant designs in rich opera and velvet bonnets. Also, rich point and Chantilly laces of every style.

MILLINERY.

OPENING-DAY.

R. V. MYERS, NO. 683 BROADWAY, will open on THURSDAY, SEPT. 26, his NEW IMPORTATIONS OF LADIES', CHILDREN'S AND BOYS' HATS, FEATHERS, &c.

PARIS MILLINERY—MADAME FERRERO, formerly of No. 5 Great Jones-st., has returned from Paris, and resumed the Millinery business at No. 6 Lafayette-Place.

LADIES' FALL BONNETS AND HATS, new styles, this day. Pattern Bonnets. [illegible] Millinery, No. [illegible] Broadway. We retail and wholesale millinery materials. Save this.

MILLINERY—FALL STYLES ON EXHIBITION Sept. 25 and 26.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Grand and Chrystie sts.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, STUYVESANT-square.—This church having been restored from its destruction by fire, will be opened for public worship on SUNDAY, the 29th September, at 10½ A. M. and [illegible] P. M. A collection for the benevolent work of the parish will be made in the morning.

MEETINGS.

NOTICE.—THE PROPRIETORS AND CLERKS of Grocery and Tea Stores are respectfully invited to attend a public meeting at Early Closing Hall, No. [illegible] Bowery, THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 26, at 8 o'clock, to organize an Early Closing Association.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
No. 15 State-st., New-York, Sept. [illegible], 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M. on THURSDAY, the 26th inst., for furnishing, by contract, the following-named musical instruments, viz.:

[illegible] B flat Clarionets.	3 B flat Cornets.
[illegible] E flat Altos.	2 B flat Tubas.
[illegible] B flat Tenors.	1 Bass Drum.
1 Baritone.	1 Snare Drum.
[illegible] B flat Bass.	1 pair Cymbals.
[illegible] E flat Cornets.	

The above-named instruments will be of plain, inexpensive manufacture, but good and suitable for the purpose intended.

No bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a sample of all the instruments.

Further information may be had at this office.

The United States reserves the right to reject any part or the whole of a bid, as may be deemed to the interest of the service.

Proposals should state how soon the instruments can be furnished, and should be indorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Musical Instruments."

By order of the Quartermaster-General.
C. G. SAWTELLE, Brevet Brig.-General,
and Quartermaster U. S. A.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
HOBOKEN, N. J., Sept. [illegible], 1867.

SEPARATE OR COMBINED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until noon of the 25th inst., for the privilege of transacting the express business on the main line of this Company from New-York to Easton, and the following branch roads, viz.:
NEWARK AND BLOOMFIELD RAILROAD,
BOONTON BRANCH OF MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD,
SUSSEX RAILROAD.
The Company reserves to itself the privilege of rejecting any or all bids if deemed advisable.
Further information will be given upon application to the undersigned, to whom all proposals should be addressed.
A. F. BERTHOUD,
General Supt. Morris and Essex R. R. Co.

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible], Auctioneers.

AN EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE OF [illegible] THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, [illegible]

[illegible], Auctioneer.

ELEGANT FURNITURE, MIRRORS, OIL-PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS, &c.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, [illegible] mantel mirrors, ebony and gilt frames; [illegible] walnut [illegible] dining-room [illegible] sofas in [illegible] cabinets; elegant lace window curtains; white window shades; [illegible] black-walnut bedsteads, [illegible] bureaus, [illegible]; black-walnut chairs and sofas in [illegible]; a large number of [illegible] paintings; [illegible] mattresses, blankets, pillows, &c.; white and gilt toilet sets; [illegible] jewel cases; handsome velvet, Brussels and ingrain [illegible] carpets; a large quantity of kitchen utensils, glass, &c., with which the sale will commence.

CORPORATION SALE OF REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Public notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will offer for sale at public auction, on MONDAY, Oct. [illegible], 1867, at noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, several pieces or parcels of improved and unimproved real estate, belonging to the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York.

Description of property, together with the terms and conditions of sale, may be had upon application at this office, where will be furnished, on and after Oct. 14, 1867, maps of all the property to be sold.

Warrantee deeds will be given to all purchasers.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, Sept. [illegible], 1867.

FIFTY-FOURTH AUCTION SALE OF SCRANTON COAL.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will sell, by Messrs. JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers, at the Company's salesroom, No. 26 Exchange-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25, at 12 o'clock, noon,
75,000 TONS
OF FRESH MINED COAL FROM THE LACKAWANNA REGIONS, deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., during October, 1867.
Also, at same time,
13,000 TONS,
deliverable at Washington, N. J.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

34TH-ST. FERRY TO HUNTER'S POINT, LONG ISLAND.

Will be sold at public auction at the City Hall on FRIDAY, Oct. [illegible], 1867, at 12 o'clock M., for a term of ten years from Nov. 1, 1867, the lease of the Ferry, as now established, from the foot of 34th-st., East River, to the present terminus at Hunter's Point, L. I. The sale to be subject to the covenants of the present lease to Anthony W. Winans, and of Section 41 of the charter of 1857.
RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
NEW-YORK COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Sept. 24, 1867.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. R. MINTURN.

THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) Sept. 25, at 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. — East River.
FRESH MALAGA LEMONS.
3,[illegible] boxes fresh Malaga Lemons.
Cargo bark [illegible], from Malaga.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY IN TARRYTOWN AT AUCTION—ADRIAN H. MULLER, F. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Sept. 26, 1867, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (by order of the heirs of Jacob Requa, deceased,) a valuable plot of land situate on Water-st., in the village of Tarrytown, on the North River, together with a fine dock with a good depth of water and an extensive water right. On the premises is a two-story and attic frame house, 28x30, and a frame storehouse, [illegible] feet. This property is located within a few yards of the railroad depot, and has a frontage on Water-st. of 81 feet, and a depth to the end of the pier of 400 feet. It is desirably located for either manufacturing or commercial purposes. Maps at the office of the auctioneers.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, FOURTH DISTRICT, STATE OF NEW-YORK, No. 3 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. [illegible], 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have distrained upon two hundred and thirteen and one-twelfth (213 1-12) dozen gloves, more or less, of various kinds, sizes and qualities, for the payment of a tax assessed against Lazarus Minster, Samuel Minster and others, as due the United States. And that said property will be sold at public auction by BURDETT, JONES & Co., at their store, No. [illegible] Wall-st., in this City, on the 2d day of October, 1867, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.
J. F. BAILEY,
Collector Fourth District, New-York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, trustee, that he will, upon the 14th day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, at the Montana Mills, in the town of Cornwall, County of Orange, and State of New-York, put up and offer for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, all and singular the said Montana Mill, with the buildings, real estate, machinery, tools, implements, appliances and appurtenances belonging to the same.
G. L. BECKMAN, Trustee.
Dated Sept. 20, 1867.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

CORNER PROPERTY ON 8TH-AV. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, F. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
8th-av.—The four-story brick house and lot, (with store,) situate on the northwest corner of 8th-av. and [illegible]-st., and known as No. [illegible] 8th-av. Lot [illegible] feet.

A. D. CONNELL, Auctioneer.

THE VALUABLE TENEMENT PROPERTY No. 1 Division-av., Brooklyn, E. D., will be sold without reserve at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25, 1867, at 12 o'clock noon. For further particulars apply to Auctioneer's Office, No. 63 Maiden-lane, New-York, or 44 South 7th-st., Brooklyn, E.D.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

BRAUNSDORF & METZ, successors to Weil & Braunsdorf, offer their stock of well-assorted furniture, consisting of parlor, sitting-room, library, bedroom and dining-room suites, of the latest styles, to the public, at wholesale prices, at Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Essex and Norfolk sts., N. Y.—All goods warranted.

FURNITURE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Rosewood, Walnut and Mahogany Parlor and Chamber Furniture.
Dining-room Suites.
Spring and Hair Mattresses, &c., &c.
Enameled and Chamber Furniture, by
DeGRAAF & TAYLOR.
Nos. 87 and 89 Bowery, No. 65 Chrystie-st., and Nos. 130 and 132 Hester-st., entrance No. 87 Bowery.

ESTABLISHED 1841.
SPRINGMEYER BROS.,
LATE J. H. BELTER & CO.
FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.
PATENT ROSEWOOD BEDSTEADS.
PATENT ROSEWOOD BUREAUS,
(one lock controlling four drawers.)
Also, Rosewood, Black Walnut and Oak Library, Dining and Bedroom Furniture.
No. 722 Broadway, New-York.
Factory, 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

PAINT BRUSHES, KALSOMINE; ALSO, brushes of every description, at the brush factory, No. [illegible] Pearl-st., New-York, Harper's Building.
JOHN K. HOPPER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO ALL HOP PRODUCERS AND DEALERS.

The following resolution was passed at the Seventh Brewers' Congress at Chicago, June [illegible], 1867, viz.: *Resolved*, That all sacks and bales of hops should be marked by the seller with the gross and the net weight, and that only the net weight should be paid for; that the members and associations pledge themselves not to buy any hops unless thus marked, or of any dealers who do not conform to these requirements; that they should go into effect when the new crop came into market in the Fall.

ROUND-CORNERED PLAYING CARDS at all stationers and fancy goods dealers. These cards will not split, and cost no more than the ordinary sharp-cornered cards commonly used. Wholesale at the manufacturers', SAMUEL HART & CO., No. 43 John-st., New-York.

BEAUTIFUL ALSTON PAINTING AND BAS-RELIEF—Both authenticated; English and French books, engravings, &c., No. 10 Livingston-place.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A POCKET-BOOK AND SMALL SUM of money, which the owner can have by applying to W. McGUIRE, No. 1,1[illegible] Broadway.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL BROWN'S GLASS-CLEANING POLISH, the best article in the market, sell in City and country; samples 30 cents. Address C. H. BROWN, Patentee and Proprietor, No. 74 Bleecker-st., New-York. Sells everywhere.

WANTED—AN EFFICIENT PROTESTANT nurse or nursery governess to take charge of two or three young children; also, a Protestant chambermaid; good references required. Apply at No. 12 East 10th-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—A SEAMSTRESS AND ASSISTANT housekeeper; a middle-aged Protestant woman; a permanent home offered to an active and worthy person. Apply to Prof. CHARLIER, No. 12[illegible] (late No. 50) East 24th-st.

WANTED—A CLERK—AN INTELLIGENT young man, 18 to 20 years of age, whose parents reside in the City, and who has had no experience in business, may address Box No. [illegible], Post-office, in his own handwriting.

WANTED—TO GO 3 MILES FROM THE CITY, an experienced nurse, with reference from last place. Call from 9 till 11 to-day, at No. [illegible] West 22d-st., [illegible] floor.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS COOK, willing to assist in washing and ironing, in a small private German family, No. 83 Woodhull-st., near Henry-st. and 1st-place, Brooklyn.

WANTED—IN FANCY GOODS HOUSE, ONE [illegible] clerk and one smart boy. Address WALKER, Box No. [illegible] Times Office, with full name, and references.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND ironer; [illegible] good City references. Apply [illegible]

WANTED—A YOUNG FRENCH GIRL TO [illegible]. Apply to H. THOMSON, [illegible]-av. and [illegible]-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A FEMALE COMPOSITOR, AT NO. 1[illegible] 4th-av.

BOY WANTED—ABOUT 16 YEARS OLD; intelligent and willing to make himself generally useful. Apply at No. 613 Broadway, second floor, between 9 and 2 o'clock P. M.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATION FOR SEVERAL EXcellent [illegible] "Select Agency," No. [illegible] Court-st., Brooklyn, [illegible]

WANTED—[illegible] in the fancy-store.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT [illegible] and fit ladies' and children's dresses; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. [illegible] 1st-av., near the corner of [illegible]-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WIDOW WOman to cook, wash and iron; has the best of City reference from her last place, where she has lived [illegible] years, and has no incumbrance; can bake in the best way. Call at [illegible] and [illegible]-av., one door from the corner; a new house.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE WOMEN situations; one as first-class cook; understands it in all its branches; the other as chambermaid and seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress, or regular waitress; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. [illegible] East [illegible]-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant woman as good cook and baker; understands cooking thoroughly, and has the best of City reference; no objections to going a short distance from the City. To be seen for two days at No. [illegible] East 14th-st., (old No. 22[illegible].)

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant woman as cook in a private family; understands cooking in all its branches and can produce the best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 141 East 15th-st., between Irving-place and 3d-av., first floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young woman, a situation as ladies' maid and seamstress, or would take care of grown children or invalid lady; can operate on Grover & Baker's machine. Can be seen till engaged at No. [illegible] 6th-av. City reference given.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO COOKING, washing and ironing or general housework, by a capable, industrious girl; is a respectful, neat and economical servant, an excellent washer and ironer and good cook, and highly recommended. Apply at No. 12[illegible] Atlantic-st., Brooklyn. City or country.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTable Protestant girls; one as cook, who perfectly understands her business and is an excellent baker; the other as chambermaid and seamstress, or nurse and seamstress; best of City reference. Call at No. 62 West [illegible]-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman in a private family; is an excellent plain cook and first-rate baker of bread and pastry; has the very best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 12[illegible] West 1[illegible]th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as seamstress and do chamberwork; can do all kinds of family sewing, and operate on Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing-machine; has good City reference. Call at No. 142 West 35th-st., between Broadway and 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as seamstress; can cut and fit ladies' dresses, understands all kinds of family sewing, and is a good operator on W. & W.'s machine; can give the best of City references. Call at No. 476 3d-av., in the butcher-shop.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as infant's nurse; is kind and fond of children; is a good plain sewer; has no objections to travel with a good lady; can give the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 298 6th-av., in the store, between 18th and 19th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework, or as cook, washer and ironer; City or country. Apply at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 17 Stanton-st., (near Chrystie,) between Bowery and Chrystie-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl; a good cook and will assist with the washing and ironing; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 228 West 26th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., first floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family as good plain cook and assist in washing and ironing, which she thoroughly understands; best of City reference can be given. Call, for two days, at No. 79 Allen-st., up-stairs, Room No. 1.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman (German) as first-class seamstress; is willing to help fine ironing and fluting; understands her business; can give first-class City references. Call for one week at No. 2[illegible] 11th-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION to do chamberwork and waiting; no objection to assist in the washing, or would do plain sewing; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 3[illegible] 1st-av., second floor and back rooms.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as seamstress in a private family; can do all kinds of sewing; would do light chamberwork; can give the best of City reference. Call at No. 129 West 19th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation to do chamberwork and take care of children; is a good plain sewer; has three years' reference from her last place. Inquire at No. 219 29th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced nurse; is also capable of taking care of an infant; can give the best reference from her last place for three and a half years. Call, for two days, at No. 104 West 28th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman a situation as waitress, or to assist in chamber work, or waitress alone; will be found willing and obliging; best of City reference. Call at No. 218 West 34th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITuation as cook and to assist in the washing; good reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 1[illegible] East 5[illegible]th-st., near 3d-av., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl as cook, washer and ironer, or as cook and to assist with the washing; three years' City reference. Can be seen until suited at No. 2[illegible] East 2[illegible]th-st., third floor, front.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person as seamstress and operator on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; also capable of embroidering and braiding. Can be seen until suited at No. 2[illegible] East 4[illegible]th-st., fourth floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant woman as good plain cook in a small family, or a laundress; can be seen during this week; has good City reference. Call at No. 151 East 2[illegible]th-st., in rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl, as cook; is a first-class baker; has no objection to assist with washing and ironing; the best of City reference given. Call at No. 3[illegible] East [illegible]th-st., third floor, front room.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHWOMAN, A SITuation as cook (without washing) in a private family or hotel; she is a thoroughly efficient meat and pastry cook, game, soups, &c.; has the best Brooklyn references. Apply at 4 Sands-st., Brooklyn, basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as chambermaid or waitress; willing to assist in washing and ironing; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 345 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs., third floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or as chambermaid and assist in the care of children; first-class City references. Apply at No. 215 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl, a situation in a private family as chambermaid or waitress; has the best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 136 West 19th-st., top floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as first-class cook; understands her business in all its various branches and is a first-rate baker; the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 39 East 22d-st. till engaged.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as cook; understands all kinds of meats, soups and vegetables, and is a splendid baker of bread and biscuit; has the best of reference. Can be seen at No. 328 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as chambermaid and seamstress; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 5 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress by a young woman; can give good City reference; would prefer a home more than the salary. Call at No. 102 West 24th-st., near 6th-av., third floor.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT WOman, a situation as baby's nurse; can take full charge of an infant from its birth, and has five years' City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 129 East 13th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A PERMANENT SITUATION AS seamstress by a young woman who understands the cutting and fitting of ladies' and children's dresses, boys' clothing, and all kinds of family sewing; best City reference. Address A. L., Box No. 145 Times Office.

WANTED—GENTLEMEN'S OR FAMILIES' washing by an experienced laundress; understands all kinds of fine washing and French fluting; best of City references; ladies' dresses done up equal to new. Call at No. 182 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; is an excellent baker of bread; City reference given. Apply at No. 200 7th-av., corner of 21st-st., top floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, lately landed, a situation as seamstress and to assist in the chamberwork or take care of children. Can be seen till engaged at No. 152 East 38th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl as good plain cook, excellent washer and ironer; has good City reference from her last place; is willing and obliging. Call at No. 309 East 12th-st., two pair stairs, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as waitress, or to assist in the care of children, or to do chamberwork; City reference. Apply for two days at No. [illegible] West 19th-st., between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl to do chamberwork and assist with the washing and ironing if required; or to do plain sewing and chamberwork. Can be seen for two days at No. 1[illegible] West 10th-st., one door from Waverley-place.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chambermaid and laundress or laundress in a small family. Can be seen for two days, or till engaged, at No. 3[illegible] 6th-av., below 23d-st.; has best City references.

WANTED—AT BOOKMAN'S, NO. [illegible] 6TH-AV., near [illegible]th-st., situations for a large number of first-class servants, Protestants and other nurses, [illegible], waitresses, laundresses, chambermaids, cooks, cooks, washers and ironers, housekeepers, &c.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands all the branches of cooking; soups, side dishes, game, pastry and desserts; City reference. Call for two days at No. 217 7th-av., near 24th-st., third floor.

WANTED—BY A GIRL, A SITUATION AS seamstress; can cut and fit for ladies and children, and dress ladies' hair; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for three days at No. 345 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A THOROUGH good cook, who is an excellent bread and biscuit maker, &c.; is also a good chambermaid, waitress, &c.; capable at anything and willing. Can be seen at No. 1[illegible] 6th-av., below [illegible]th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable [illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY ONE [illegible] good cook and an excellent baker; will assist in the [illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT [illegible] dressmaking [illegible] Wheeler & Wilson's machine; [illegible] back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GERMAN young woman [illegible] situation as waitress, or chambermaid and waitress, or [illegible]. Apply at BOOKMAN'S, No. [illegible] 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation as lady's maid and to do plain sewing; [illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS Protestant nurse; understands thoroughly the care of an infant from its birth; will take the full charge. Call for two days at Mrs. SANDERS', No. 45 [illegible]-av., near [illegible]th-st.

WANTED—BY A SUPERIOR CHAMBERMAID, with excellent City reference, a situation in the City or country; takes the entire charge of the silver and dining-room in style; wages $[illegible]. Call at No. 303 [illegible]th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WITH excellent City reference, a situation in a private family or boarding-house; makes pastry, soups and jellies, game and family dishes; does the coarse washing; City or country. Call at No. 203 East 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant woman as cook in a private family; understands cooking in all its branches and can produce the best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 384 Bowery.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE Scotch Protestant girl a situation as first-class waitress or chambermaid and plain sewer. The very best of references given. Call at No. 1[illegible] East [illegible]th-st.

WANTED—BY A GOOD STEADY GIRL, A situation in a small private family to cook, wash and iron; is very competent and has good City reference. Call at No. 4[illegible] 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as laundress; is thoroughly competent and well recommended. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 3[illegible] 6th-av., corner 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl as chambermaid and waitress; has no objection to do the fine washing; two years' City reference. Call at No. 4[illegible] West 34th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG girls, sisters, one as first-class cook, and the other as waitress. Can be seen for two days at No. 117 West 29th-st. First class City reference.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITuation as chambermaid and to do fine washing, or as laundress in a private family; has good City references. Call at No. 144 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A REspectable young girl, in a private family; is willing to wash and iron; six years' reference given. Address, for two days, 227 West 31st-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl as chambermaid and waitress; is willing to assist in the kitchen; good reference given. Call at old No. 33 East 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as chambermaid and waitress; will assist at washing; good reference. Call at No. 420 West 35th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as chambermaid and waitress; has a thorough knowledge of her business; best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 342 West 38th-st.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN GIRL, A SITUAtion as chambermaid and seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress; good reference. Inquire for two days at No. 129 3d-st., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation as chambermaid and do plain sewing and assist in washing; good recommendations can be given. Call at No. 2[illegible] West [illegible]th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH woman, a situation as cook and to assist in the washing; best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 136 West 31st-st., over private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT, COMpetent woman, in the City or country, as good cook, washer and ironer. Call or address FIDELITY, No. 60 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A situation as competent cook; no objections to coarse washing; has good reference. Call for two days at No. 2[illegible] West 21st-st., corner of [illegible]th-av., 2d floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as cook and assist in washing and ironing; City reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 159 West 1[illegible]th-st., top floor, fourth house east of 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman to take care of children in a first-class family; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 204 East 2[illegible]th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; has good City reference. Can be seen until suited at her present employer's, 56 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family. Can be seen for two days at No. 220 1st-av., between 13th and 14th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as general servant; good reference from her last place. Inquire for two days at No. 330 East 34th-st., two pairs of stairs up, front.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAker, work by the day or week; advertiser is a Protestant, with City reference. Call or address A. B., No. 527 3d-av., between 37th and 38th sts., in fancy-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A COMPETENT servant, with best of recommendations, as cook, washer and ironer, or for general housework. City or country. Apply at the Servants' Institute, No. 81 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman a situation as cook and to assist with the washing. Can be seen till engaged at No. 201 9th-av., in the fancy-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A Protestant woman; can take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; good City references. Call at No. 304 East 31st-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as laundress in a private family; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 58 West 1[illegible]th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman, as cook; would assist with washing and ironing; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 340 7th-av., between 31st and 32d sts., first floor.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG GIRL a situation as waitress in a private family; has the very best City references, from last place. Call or address No. 329 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as child's nurse, or will do chamberwork and waiting; has best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 33 East 40th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl as chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing; good City reference. Call at No. 48 West 22d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young married woman, who has lost her baby six weeks old, as wet nurse, or a baby to nurse at home. Call for three days at No. 644 East 1[illegible]th-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG LAdy, a situation in a store. Call or address for three days at No. 127 Grand-st., Williamsburgh.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework. Apply at No. 224 Chrystie-st., between Stanton and Houston sts., near the Bowery, first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl as cook; will assist with the washing and ironing if required; best City reference. Can be seen for one day at No. 647 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN girl as lady's maid and seamstress; best City references. Can be seen from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., for two days, at No. 7[illegible] 6th-av., corner 45th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS by a competent person; has best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 59 9th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., in the bakery.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTable girls, one as cook and the other a Protestant nurse; have the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 304 East 37th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as laundress and chambermaid; good references can be given. Call at No. 201 West 26th-st., near 7th-av., second floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT WOman, a situation as cook, and would be willing to assist in washing and ironing; country preferred. Call at No. 206 West 25th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A LADY EXPERIENCED IN housekeeping, a situation in a family, or would take charge of a house for a few young men. Best of references given. Address C. S. P., Box No. 141 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A VERY EXCELLENT WOman, a situation as chambermaid or nurse; has three years' City reference; is tidy and obliging, and fond of children. No. 3[illegible] 6th-av., near 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOman a situation as nurse and seamstress; has first-class City references. Apply at her present employer's, No. 20 East 41st-st., near Madison-av.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN LADY, WITH many years' experience, the position of matron in a boarding school. Call at Ladies' Christian Home, No. 3[illegible] East 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A GIRL AS SEAMSTRESS, TO go out by the day or week; can do all kinds of family sewing; can cut and fit for ladies and children. Can be seen at No. 345 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON TO go out by the day to house-cleaning or washing and ironing; the best of reference, if required. To be seen at her own residence, No. 2[illegible] West [illegible]th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as first-class cook; understands all kinds of cooking, boning and carving. Can be seen at No. 3[illegible] West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as first-class waitress; is capable of taking the place of a man; has the best recommendations. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 3[illegible] 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS; one who understands dressmaking, and all kinds of family sewing; willing to go by the day or month. Can be seen for two days at No. 31 West 2[illegible]th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WELSH GIRL to do chamberwork and plain sewing. Call at No. 2[illegible] West 2[illegible]th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation to do chamberwork and fine washing; good City reference. Call at No. [illegible] Essex-st.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, COMPETENT GIRL, a situation to do chamberwork and waiting or housework. Call at, or address INDUSTRY, 60 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A GIRL WITH BEST OF REFerences a situation at plain sewing and chamberwork. Apply in fancy-store, No. 270 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, AND TO assist with the washing and ironing; good City reference. Call at No. 144 West 19th-st.

WASHING AND IRONING, EITHER for gentlemen or families, done by an excellent laundress. No. 3[illegible] 10th-av. Call for or address Mrs. GALLAGER.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS a situation in the City. Can be seen at her present employer's by applying at Mrs. [illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECT[illegible] [illegible] City reference. Call at No. [illegible] Bowery.

WANTED—BY RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITUAtion as first-class [illegible] in a private family; best of City reference. Call at No. 2[illegible] West [illegible]th-st., in the store.

WANTED—BY A COLORED MEAT AND PAStry cook, a situation; understands soups, game, fish and desserts of all kinds. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 4[illegible] 6th-av., [illegible]

A YOUNG WOMAN AS SEAMSTRESS; [illegible] Wheeler & Wilson's [illegible] family sewing; [illegible] Call or address No. [illegible] West 1[illegible]th-st., between 5th and 6th-avs., all week.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO GET [illegible] living; has a fair handwriting and understands two languages. Call or address [illegible] for one week. No. [illegible] Christie-st., New-York.

ALL FAMILIES WANTING GOOD HELP can be immediately suited by calling at the large Servants' Office, No. [illegible], where [illegible] office is crowded with good girls that we can recommend for all capacities.

GOOD SERVANTS, GERMAN GIRLS, &c., ready for City and country, for families, hotels, boarding-houses, &c., immediately, at the oldest and best American Servants' Institute, No. [illegible] 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts. [illegible] moderate to suit all.

AT MRS. WHITFIELD'S, NO. 464 6TH-AV., between 28th and 29th sts., may be obtained a Protestant meat and pastry cook; also an English chambermaid and waitress, and Catholic cooks and girls for all kinds of family work.

NOTICE.—GET YOUR FIRST-CLASS COLORED servants at the Employment Office, No. [illegible] West 30th-st., between 6th and 7th-avs., for every capacity in private families, boarding-houses or hotels.

A FRENCH PROTESTANT LADY wishes to find a situation in a respectable family to teach French to children, to sew and make herself useful. Apply to No. 2[illegible] 6th-av., New-York.

A RESPECTABLE HOUSEKEEPER would like to take a family washing at her own residence; all kinds of ladies' and French fluting done in the best style. Call or address No. [illegible] East 23d-st.

A FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKER, going out by the day, wishes a few more good customers. No. 2[illegible] West 2[illegible]th-st., near 7th-av.

DRESSMAKER—TO GO OUT BY THE DAY or week; good City reference. Call at No. 2[illegible] East 2[illegible]th-st.

A DRESS AND CLOAK MAKER WISHES to go out by the day or week. Call at No. 179 West 16th-st., corner of 8th-av.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a thorough practical man; is a very successful grape-grower in hothouse, or cold and out of doors; also the management of greenhouse and conservatory plants, [illegible] married; no children. Address J. W. T., at J. M. Thorburn's seed-store, No. 15 John-st.

WANTED—A GARDENER WANTS A SITUAtion, who is capable in every branch of his business; is not a coachman; will use strict economy in every way in his department; would take charge of a small farm in connection with the gardener; married; no children; good references. Address W. G., gardener, at Smith's seed-store, No. 201 Fulton-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A LANDSCAPE gardener, who can plan and lay out new grounds to the best advantage, draining and reclaiming waste lands, woods, &c.; has had charge of large estates; first-class references. Address LANDSCAPE, care of F. Macdonald, Esq., No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY a man of over twenty years' experience; has a thorough knowledge of the business, including the growth of grapes, vegetables and hothouse plants; also farming; first-class City references. Address J. M., Box No. 2[illegible] Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a young man who thoroughly understands his business; best of City reference from his last employer. Call on or address J. A., No. 21 West 17th-st., at Col. Stilling's private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY an experienced first-class man, (English;) married; no incumbrance; City reference. Address TOMKINS, Box No. 1[illegible] Times Office, or at Mr. McNicol's, No. 23 East 12th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND wife on a gentleman's place in the country; would make themselves useful in any way; good references given. Call or address, for three days, [illegible] 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PLAIN GARdener; is a sober, industrious young man; will take care of a cow and horse, and make himself generally useful; has good references. Address M. K., No. 201 Fulton-st., for this week.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant man a situation as coachman and groom; perfectly understands his business; will be found obliging; has first-class City reference. Address JAMES, Box No. 12[illegible] Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young man of long experience as coachman; has the best of City reference for the same from his last employer. Call on or address W., private stable No. 104 West 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COACHMAN and gardener, with first-class references; is willing to make himself useful and do whatever is required on a gentleman's place; can milk, and is willing; perfectly sober and honest. Call or address No. 54 Warren-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN IN a private family by a respectable Protestant man; he thoroughly understands his business, and can give satisfactory references from his last places. Address J. F., Box No. 12[illegible] Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; thoroughly understands the care of carriages and horses; has the best of City and country references; has no objections to the country, and is willing and obliging. Can be seen at No. 180 East 23d-st., in the private stable.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED man, without any incumbrance, a situation as gardener, and to make himself generally useful; is willing and obliging, and can give the very best of City reference. Address C. C., Box No. 211 Times Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY MAN AND WIFE, (Protestants;) the man as first-class waiter; the wife as first-class cook; understands boning, larding, &c.; have the best references. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 3[illegible] 6th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY MAN AND WIFE to take charge of a farm, or the man would take a place as coachman, and the wife as cook or to do general housework; can give the best of reference. Address GEORGE, Box No. 1[illegible] Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN IN a private family; the best of City reference can be given; one who thoroughly understands his business. Call or address No. 1[illegible] Broadway or No. 211 West 20th-st. for two days. Inquire for WALTER.

WANTED—BY A COLORED MAN A SITUAtion as porter for a store, or to do any work that may be required about an office. Inquire in the jewelry-store, No. 3[illegible] Broadway.

WANTED—BY A COLORED MAN SOME KIND of a place in some store as porter; the best of reference can be given. Address Mr. PETERSON, Box No. 201 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a young man; understands the care of horses and carriages; has the best of City references. Call at No. 107 West [illegible]th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young man as coachman and groom; has best reference as to honesty, sobriety and capability. Address W. J., Box No. 1[illegible] Times Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN A SITUATION as groom; understands the proper care of horses, and would keep things in good style. Address BERNARD WATERS, Box No. 204 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener, by a single man, who thoroughly understands his business; willing and obliging; best of City reference. Address J. M., Box No. 2[illegible] Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUTH OF 16, willing to be generally useful, in any first-class business; can give satisfactory references as to talents, character, &c. Address Box No. 5,[illegible].

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY an experienced Protestant man who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses. Call or address No. 79 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN IN a private family; best of City reference given. Inquire in Mr. Stilling's harness-store, No. 37 West 29th-st., for two days. J. M.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a young man who has good City references. Apply to, or address for two days, T. D., No. 3[illegible] East 31st-st.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION BY AN Englishman; [illegible] years' experience in the States; satisfactory references; no incumbrance. Address J. W., No. 8[illegible] Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COLORED coachman; good references. Address C., Box No. 197 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single young man; has the best of City reference from his present employer. Apply at No. 1 East 3[illegible]th-st.

ALL WHO WANT COMPETENT HELP, male or female, for City or country, such as coachmen, grooms, waiters, laborers, servants, farm hands, gardeners, boys, [illegible], chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, housekeepers, small girls, &c., can be immediately suited at CARPENTER'S Select Servants' Institute, No. [illegible] 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

WANTED—BY A MAN OF LARGE EXPErience, a position as buyer or manager in a large retail dry goods establishment; feels competent to take entire charge if necessary. Address L. E. Y., Box No. 210 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, [illegible] YEARS OF age, a situation in an importing, jobbing or commission house where he could get every encouragement to advance himself; satisfactory references. Address JAMES, Box No. 1[illegible] Times Office.

WANTED—A POSITION AS TRAVELER OR solicitor for a manufacturing concern; goods adapted to Southern trade preferred. Address HARALD, Box No. 1[illegible] Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A PLACE IN a broker's office; has been a year on Wall-st., and is a member of the Long Room; salary no object. Address, for one week, V. D., Box No. 5,[illegible] Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BARKEEPER or cashier in a restaurant by an honest, sober, steady man; best City references. Address GEORGE, No. 7[illegible] West 11th-st., in rear.

PERSONAL.

BRIDGET AND CATHARINE HALL—Their sister Margaret McCloskey would like to hear from them; when last heard from them, five years ago, Bridget lived with Mr. Charles Simons. Address Pinckney Post-office, Livingston County, Mich.

DARLING, COME BACK TO ME OR you will break my heart. If you like better to have me go to you, I am all ready.
SEPT. 24. PIFEY.

C. T. P.
What is your Post-office address? We wish to ask a question.
BRIARFIELD.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 25, 1867.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, OTHELLO. Characters by Mme. Parepa Rosa, Bellini, Baragli, Antonucci, E. Pancani.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, MEG'S DIVERSION and THE LATEST EDITION OF BLACK-EYED SUSAN. Characters by Messrs. J. Gilbert, B. T. Ringgold, A. W. Young, J. H. Polk, J. W. Leonard, Miss Clara Jennings, Mrs. W. Winter, Miss Annie Ward.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, ADELAIDE RISTORI as ELIZABETH, QUEEN OF ENGLAND.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, RIP VAN WINKLE. Characters by Messrs. Jefferson, Davidge, Fox, Hind, Marlowe, Wallace, Miss Poole, Miss Jefferson, Mrs. Hind, Mrs. Edmunds, Misses Lee, Harrison, Wallace, Simmons, McCormack.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, UNDER THE GASLIGHT. Characters by Messrs. J. H. Davenport, J. K. Mortimer, J. B. Studley, Walsh, Edwards, James Dunn, C. T. Parsloe, G. Hynes, Miss Rose Eytinge, Miss Blanche Grey, Mrs. Skerrett, Mrs. Wright, and others.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, EDWIN FORREST as MACBETH.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, an original and grand spectacular Drama, entitled THE BLACK CROOK.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE,
24th-st., 5th-av. and Broadway.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, LA DIAVOLO; Or, THE BEAUTY AND THE BRIGAND and TOO MUCH FOR GOOD NATURE. Characters by the company.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS AFTERNOON at 2½, and EVENING at 8, THE BLACKSMITH'S WIFE; OR, THE LOST CHILD. LARGE COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS; 300,000 CURIOSITIES.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
GRAND EXHIBITION OF NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS.

MUSEUM OF PHRENOLOGY.
No. 389 Broadway.
THIS DAY, PHRENOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS.

BUNYAN HALL.
Union Square.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, THE PILGRIM, and PAINTINGS BY EMINENT ARTISTS.

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Five copies	$8
Ten copies	$15

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To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 12 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

A dispatch from Florence received in London announces that GARIBALDI has been arrested by the Italian Government while crossing the Roman frontier. Other dispatches state that troops have left France for Rome, that the Italian Government has sent soldiers to the Roman frontiers, that the Papal authorities are concentrating their forces, and that numerous arrests of suspected parties are being made in the Eternal City.

It is reported that the Emperor of Russia has refused a proffer of alliance made by the Sublime Porte, and that he is now seeking to bring about an alliance between Russia and France.

A conflict occurred Monday in the streets of Limerick, between the people and the Royal troops. The latter fixed bayonets and charged upon the crowd. Eight men were wounded and one man was killed. The conduct of the troops is condemned. A suspicious-looking craft has been seen cruising off the coast of Kerry. Many arrests are being made in Manchester. The trial of the rioters will be commenced before a Special Commission. It is said that the rescued prisoners KELLY and DEASY have sailed for the United States. The Newmarket Races, first October meeting, commenced yesterday. The events were won by *Mistletoe*, *Indian Star*, *Fraponier* and *Rosas*. The ship *Ariel*, one of the Chinese tea fleet, arrived yesterday, beating the *Taeping*, which vessel had left Shanghae nine days previous to her sailing. The United States gunboat *Shamrock* has arrived off Cowes. The British Parliament will probably reassemble in November.

In the North German Parliament yesterday, BISMARCK, in a patriotic and significant speech, declared that if the German nation wished to unite, there was no power strong enough to hinder the union, and none paltry enough to make such an attempt. The North German *Gazette*, BISMARCK's reputed organ, had previously expressed similar sentiments. The Prussian Diet was dissolved Monday, and will reassemble in November next.

The Spanish Government intend introducing salutary reforms in the administration of the Colony of Porto Rico. These reforms are now under the consideration of the Cabinet.

M. PEREIRE has resigned his position as President of the Credit Mobilier.

Late advices from China report the tea market quiet. The total amount of tea exported this season up to Aug. 28 amounted to sixty million pounds.

GENERAL.

The municipal election at Nashville, Tenn., which is to take place on Saturday, is creating great excitement among the residents of that city. The city authorities avow their purpose to hold the election under the amended charter of 1868, in disregard of Gov. BROWNLOW's proclamation, and if necessary, to fight the State militia. Judge GAUT and four other Conservative lawyers have published an opinion which declares that the election ought to be held under the provisions of the amended charter of 1868; that the negroes have no right to vote; that white male citizens over 21 years are voters under the charter, and that the Commissioner of Registration has no right to appoint judges and clerks of election. This opinion has been sent to the President and his assistance invoked to aid the city authorities in their programme to override the Franchise Law and exclude the negroes from the polls by military force, if necessary. Gen. COOPER has publicly declared that he would enforce the Franchise Law to the letter, if it required the presence of the whole militia force in the State.

The delegates to the Republican State Convention assembled at Syracuse yesterday. Everything as to the doings of the Convention are yet uncertain, owing to the late hour at which the majority of the delegates arrived. The contest will be close between those classed as Fenton and Anti-Fenton men, the former being understood to be in favor of an entire new State ticket and the last-mentioned anxious for the renomination of most of the old State officers. Both parties are earnest and sanguine, and both claim a majority in the Convention. The Conservative delegation from New-York is in full force, and with quite a party of outside friends. Their claims for admission to seats in the Convention are very freely discussed, and their chances of success are generally admitted to be very small. It is reported that there is little or no diversity of opinion as to what should be the tone of the platform. Its main plank will be an unqualified indorsement of the reconstruction and other acts of Congress as against the President.

The State Constitutional Convention reassembled at 9 o'clock this morning. Several petitions were presented and referred. Mr. CURTIS called up his resolution providing for an adjournment from noon yesterday until the second Tuesday in November, and made a lengthy speech in support of his resolution. Several amendments were offered, and much debate followed, until Mr. CURTIS moved the previous question, which was seconded by a vote of 71 yeas to 46 nays. Mr. CURTIS' resolution was, after further remarks, adopted—yeas 78, nays 40. Several motions were then made and lost, and at 12 o'clock the President declared the Convention adjourned until the second Tuesday in November.

The funeral services over the remains of Sir FREDERICK BRUCE took place yesterday morning at Trinity Church, Boston. [illegible] among those present were the members of the British Legation, [illegible] Consuls, the Mayor and City Council of Boston, [illegible] from Canada, and many other civil and military officials. The bells of the city churches were tolled during the obsequies. The remains were [illegible] the church to await the arrival of the British war steamer [illegible], which has been ordered from Halifax to Boston to convey the body to England.

The races at Trenton, N. J., commenced yesterday. *Cottage Boy*, *Jack* [illegible] and *Susy M.* appeared on the track for a premium of $300, which was won by *Ripley*. To-day, for a handicap premium of $800, *Concord*, *Alderman*, [illegible], *Union Jack*, *Palmetto*, *Jones*, *Black Diamond*, *Buckminster*, *Clara Clarita*, [illegible] and *Annie Warden* will contend. A large number of people were present. *Ripley*, *Buckmintree* and *Susy M.* were the leading horses in the races yesterday.

Quite an interesting sailing match took place at Saltersville, N. J., yesterday, the *Malta*, (the new boat of the Bayonne Yacht Club,) the *Polynesia* and *Abby* being the contestants. During the race the *Polynesia* capsized, but fortunately no lives were lost. The *Malta* was the winning boat, making the thirty miles in 2 hours, 45 minutes and 25 seconds.

LOCAL.

There were fifty-three cases on the calendar at Court of Special Sessions yesterday. Twenty-one were charges of petty larceny, twenty-one of assault and battery, five of misdemeanor, one of disorderly-house keeping, one of violation of Health Law, and two of cruelty to animals. Many complaints were withdrawn, and cases of interest were but few in number.

In the case of FISKE *vs.* HARRIET, which came before the Supreme Court yesterday on a motion made by defendant to be discharged from an order of arrest on the ground of insufficiency of plaintiff's affidavits, (no arrest having yet been made,) the Court held the motion premature, and denied it. The case will be taken to the General Term.

A fire occurred yesterday afternoon in the saw and planing mill of WHITE, BAILEY & CO., Nos. 3 and 5 Tompkins-street, the flames extending to the other side of the street and to Grand, the aggregate loss being fully $250,000; only partially covered by insurance. About fourteen buildings were destroyed in all.

An indignation meeting was held at No. 617 West Forty-eighth-street, last evening, by the residents and property owners of the vicinity, at which a memorial to the Board of Health, requesting that the slaughter-houses and other nuisances in that neighborhood be removed, was adopted.

The contract for building the stone-tower, engine-house and boiler-house at Carmansville, to be used in supplying the surrounding region with water, was awarded yesterday to BROWN & WITHERELL, who are to do the work and furnish the materials for $200,325 20.

A motion was made yesterday in the Common Pleas for an order granting alimony in the divorce suit of KATE DOUGLAS *vs.* GEORGE E. DOUGLAS. Judge CARDOZO reserved his decision.

A Coroner's Jury have censured the Erie Railroad Company for not placing proper persons to warn pedestrians of the danger at the Jersey-avenue crossing in Jersey City.

Yesterday a boarding-house for workingwomen, capable of accommodating about 500 persons, was opened at No. 45 Elizabeth-street.

A meeting to devise means to raise funds for the sufferers by yellow fever in the South was held in Brooklyn last evening.

Yesterday Archbishop MCCLOSKEY consecrated some new ground for burial purposes at Calvary Cemetery.

An incendiary fire occurred in a stable in Bay-street, Jersey City, yesterday, during which two horses were burned to death.

We are indebted to Purser J. B. DOCHARTY, of the steamship *San Jacinto*, for late Savannah papers.

Flour was depressed and lower yesterday. Winter Wheat was dearer; Spring, cheaper; sales moderate. Corn and Oats were higher, on a fairly active business, chiefly speculative. Pork declined a shade, and was less sought after. Lard, Tallow, Tobacco, Sugars and Rio Coffee were in fair request. Cotton was a fraction lower and in slack demand. The freight engagements were more extensive.

The Republican Party in Council.

Is the Republican Party in this State so strong that it can afford to alienate any portion of its members, and force them into a position of indifference if not hostility? Is the time propitious for such an experiment? Is there a necessity for reviving former differences, vitalizing dissensions which events have in a great measure healed, and provoking quarrels in the presence of a united and powerful enemy?

These inquiries are suggested by the efforts of the *Tribune* and the Albany *Evening Journal* to induce the renewal of a proscriptive policy by the Syracuse Convention. These newspapers insist that a section of the party shall be excluded from its councils, deprived of all but partial fellowship, and stigmatized as unworthy of confidence. Individuals who never voted otherwise than for the Republican ticket are branded as untrustworthy because in the earlier stages of the Reconstruction question they differed with prominent members of the party. It is not pretended that they departed from its formally established principles. The mere fact that they entertained other ideas as to the duty of Congress and the interests of the country than those which the *Tribune* and *Journal* advocated, is made by these oracles a pretext for demanding vindictive punishment. The Convention is asked to begin its business by an exercise of intolerance—to prepare the way for a harmonious and successful canvass by ostracising and insulting every Republican who has at any time dared to doubt the right or dispute the expediency of the course pursued by others more radical than themselves. On this basis of bigotry and jealousy the party is called upon to construct its organization for the campaign now to be inaugurated.

With the personal feeling which the *Tribune* and the *Journal* have introduced into the discussion we shall not for the moment meddle. It were easy to hurl back the stones they have thrown, and to turn upon themselves the epithets they have used. Mr. RAYMOND might confidently challenge a comparison with Mr. GREELEY on all essential points of party fidelity and service. But the question to be disposed of by the Convention, however it may affect the status of individuals in the estimation of that body, derives all its importance from the spirit it involves, and the influence it may exercise upon the future of the party.

So far as the past is concerned, it were folly to ignore the differences of opinion that have existed within the party ranks. Nothing can be gained by shutting the eyes to the fact that there have been moderates and extremists, or by forgetting the circumstances in which the distinction was maintained. If a disposition to favor Mr. JOHNSON's course toward the South, during the beginning of his quarrel with Congress, is to be treated as an unpardonable offence, it should be remembered that Mr. JOHNSON was the nominee of the Republicans, and holds office by virtue of their votes. Whether one section of the party adhered to Mr. JOHNSON a month more or less than another section, is a question which does not afford either a valid reason for impugning the fealty, denying the honesty, or assailing the patriotism of the other. The pretensions of the Union League Club, when sitting in judgment on Mr. GREELEY for bailing JEFF. DAVIS, were not more preposterous than would be the claim of the Convention to excommunicate those who have not in all things agreed with the majority of its members.

The duty of the Convention is with the present and the future rather than with the past. In the appointment of officers and the selection of candidates, bygone services must be considered in connection with character and capacity. On this subject let the rule acted upon be as rigid as the most exacting desire it to be; none will complain because the minority are not permitted to dictate candidates to the majority. But in constructing the platform on which the party shall stand, and in organizing the machinery with which it shall carry on its work, a spirit of greater moderation and liberality is of the highest importance. As between Mr. JOHNSON and Congress, no difference of opinion now exists in the party. On the question of sustaining the authority of Congress in the matter of reconstruction, and upholding the law in its integrity as against the interference of the President, the party is a unit. Not since the commencement of the war has it been more thoroughly agreed than it is now upon this subject. Is not this enough for the Convention? Is not this reason sufficient for the adoption of a State policy comprehending the whole party, and pointing to the hearty coöperation of the whole in organization and work?

Adjournment of the Convention.

By a vote of seventy-eight to forty, the Constitutional Convention adjourned yesterday until the second Tuesday in November. The impossibility of completing the work of revision in time for submission at the ensuing election has long been obvious, and in refusing to abide by the decision of the recent caucus, the majority of members simply bow to the inevitable. The only alternative was adjournment until after the Fall campaign or a hurried and an unsatisfactory close of the business; and in adopting the former course the Convention has judged discreetly. It incurs the accusation of being in a greater or less degree a failure, since three months of judicious labor should have sufficed for the task to be performed. But this is a charge more easily endured than would be that which the submission of a crudely constructed instrument would properly provoke. And it is one which may yet be answered if the members, on reassembling, bring to the discharge of their duties more vigor and courage than have hitherto been exhibited. The waste of time in the past has been in a great degree the result of a lack of the nerve that is requisite to an adjustment of the questions which most urgently demand attention.

While concurring with those of the members who voted down a proposition to submit a series of fragments of a new Constitution at the Fall election, we think that an exception might have been advantageously made on the subject of suffrage. There would be manifest impropriety in drafting and submitting an article in regard to the Court of Appeals separate from the general subject of the Judiciary. For similar reasons, it would be inexpedient to offer new constitutional provisions touching the canals in advance of the general question of finance. On all points pertaining to the machinery of State administration, it is desirable that the work of the Convention be presented as a whole, even though parts of it be made matter for separate voting. But the arguments in favor of this course are inapplicable to the question of impartial suffrage, which stands alone as a principle of government as distinguished from governmental machinery, and which will, moreover, form a distinctive feature of the campaign that is about to open. It will be one of the main issues of the contest, as it is one of the main elements of the Congressional policy of reconstruction. By no manœuvring can it be kept out of the election as a principle of the Republican Party, and there would therefore have been a peculiar fitness in its submission as an article of the Constitution, rather than as a mere plank in the party platform. The Convention has decided otherwise, however, and we must look to that other Convention which meets at Syracuse to-day for bolder and more decisive action. Support of Congress implies support of impartial suffrage; and the party which upholds it as a measure of justice and safety for the South cannot honorably shirk it in its application to this State.

The Cost of Peace—Armed and Unarmed.

The cost of protecting the lives and liberties of the four millions of freedmen left to our care by the late war has been comparatively trifling. The number of soldiers on duty in the South does not exceed a full corps of the late Army of the Potomac. The total expenses of our military establishment for the present year will probably not exceed $25,000,000, and about one half of this sum may be credited to the South. Deducting from this, say two millions for ordinary expenses, will leave about ten millions for expenditures on reconstruction. This expenditure is certainly not large, considering the magnitude of the work to be done; it is necessary, and it will be beneficial. Every dollar paid to our soldiers at the South is spent there. It is an addition to the wealth of that section. It is also a most profitable addition, for it is the price we are paying for permanent peace.

To appreciate properly the value of the services of our soldiers in the South since the war, we ought to compare them with the services of the soldiers who are now maintaining the existing "armed peace" in Europe. For instance, Prussia, with a population about equal to our own, and, like ourselves, engaged in reconstruction after a great war, supports about 300,000 armed men, at a cost of nearly $50,000,000. That is, Prussia employs about six men to our one, and pays two dollars to our one, for the means of preserving peace. The cases are widely different in many points, yet sufficiently alike to show that we have, comparatively speaking, no reason to consider our situation exceptionally bad.

The comparison will hold equally good in regard to every other country in Europe. Even little Portugal, which is not threatened with aggression or insurrection, supports an army nearly as large as that of the United States, although its population is about equal to the population of New-York State. Taking Europe as a whole, one man out of every hundred persons is a soldier, who earns nothing and who does not perform even police duties. Here only about one man out of seven hundred persons is a soldier, and he performs in many cases the very duties that [illegible] and policemen perform in our large cities. This holds good especially at the South. There our soldiers are not more numerous in proportion to the population; they are not more expensive, and they are not on the average more oppressive to the people than are the Police in any British or American city. They are, in fact, Police detailed for a time on special duty in the South, and the attempt to depreciate their services, or to cast odium upon them for carrying into effect the Reconstruction Act, must be regarded as idle babble, hardly worth notice.

Our situation bears the same relation to the situation of Europe that the picture, "Grant in Peace," bears to the picture of Rameses the First leading his mailed warriors into battle. The cost of maintaining peace in the United States is no more than a child's weight to us; the cost of "armed peace" in Europe is a useless burden of offensive and defensive armor heavy enough to weigh down a giant.

The Jury System and its Defects.

Trial by jury can never become obsolete in a free country; but it does not follow that the applications of its principle may not grow so antiquated as to demand improvement. While every man's right to the judgment of his peers in matters touching his life, liberty or property must be held sacred, it is quite possible that the provisions for securing that right may have outlived their fitness to the times and grown venerable without remaining efficient. Indeed the artificiality of modern society has made this result inevitable. A murder case could be very simply tried in ALFRED's time, before a jury chosen from a scanty population, acquainted with the victim and the criminal, and too rude for modern sophistries. But a murder case in our day is tried always with a much more complex view of its circumstances, and often under subtle influences swaying the impartiality of jurors. In a primitive society the crime was a mere burst of violence. In a highly civilized community how often may it have a political color—how blended may be its motives—how obscure the modes of its performance, and subtle its shifts for concealment. How pervading, too, is that sentiment of false humanity, which while it falls short of warping a juror's mind against capital punishment, yet inclines it unduly to compassion. Now none of these things qualify the character of the crime, but they do unsettle the certainties of proof and greatly increase the difficulty of bringing a number of minds to the same view of the offence. The effect is seen in the frequent disagreement of juries in countries under the common law, and in the practice, grown almost habitual in France, of rendering verdicts "with extenuating circumstances." How the plain, straightforward justice of Magna Charta days would have puzzled over extenuating circumstances.

The same thing may be said of those devices of human wrong which are the fruit of fraud instead of violence. At the period of the institution of juries, when social relations were simple and property held either in land or in tangible possessions, the range of such offences was far more narrow than it now is. Their recurrence must have called forth from every one Earl DOUGLAS' exclamation, "A letter forged! St. Jude to speed!—did ever Knight so foul a deed?" But the immense variety of modes for representing value in modern days, and the diffusion and mobility of wealth multiply both the opportunities and temptation for frauds. Civilization, in extending the field of these crimes, has fostered too the skill and art which are perverted to their practice. How many evade detection through this skill, and how many are compromised in despair of proving them, can never be known; but how great that difficulty is may be judged from the frequent instances of failure to bring the minds of twelve men to a consenting opinion in a particular case of the kind.

Turning to the field of civil controversies, it is notorious that in the immense class of cases involving nice commercial questions, and the not less important ones in which damages are sought for personal wrongs, the uncertainty of juries has passed into a proverb. In the former, the skill of counsel is not so much employed in enlightening as wasted in creating confusion among the jury—and in the latter, lawyers have not seldom occasion, like CICERO's augurs, to laugh in each others' faces, conscious that their eloquence has no other effect in most cases than to drive a dozen men in blank bewilderment to take the average of twelve varying amounts, and return the product as their conscientious verdict. The argument might as well be spared, and the result borrowed from the collective estimate of any twelve bystanders. In commercial cases, the evil is to a great extent obviated in the English Courts by their practice of summoning special juries, thus bringing experts to try the case as well as to testify in it. But besides the expense of this course, it has other inconveniences which the English complain of and are seeking to remedy.

The disagreement of a jury in criminal cases is usually a denial of justice, not to the accused, but to the society which bears the cost of new trials, and the risk of his unconvicted license to repeat crime. As a means of avoiding it, the plan has been discussed in most countries, and adopted in some, of requiring less than complete unanimity in the verdict. Since the selection of the number twelve is quite arbitrary, there is no good reason why either a smaller number should not be fixed on, or the agreement of three-fourths or five-sixths be held sufficient to convict. What magic does the number twelve possess? Are there among men no more than twelve varieties of temperament to be influenced, or of intelligence to be convinced, or of conditions to contribute their experience? Why would not ten or six as well supply the range of capacities and knowledge of life for sifting out justice? Or if variety is to be secured by numbers, why not revert to the Athenian practice, and convict or acquit by the majority among hundreds? If convenience is urged as the reason for this particular limitation, the answer is that its inconvenience has grown almost unbearable, and that the only remedy, and a perfectly fair one, is to decrease the chances of ignorance or obstinacy by either dispensing with unanimity among jurors or lessening their number.

The great difficulty in civil cases, in this City, lies in obtaining a sufficiently intelligent and reputable class of jurors. We see no remedy for this defect except in raising the qualifications of jurors by fixing a larger amount of property as the basis, or in consequence [illegible] the vast number of citizens [illegible] of the very men fittest for this duty, who transact their business in the City, but reside out of it. This habit, becoming every year more general, and degrading the City every year toward the state of a habitation for only the very poor and the very rich, pregnant as it is with evils, is most injurious in its effect on our juries. If compelled to serve, then the best men of the community might reconcile themselves to the duty they now evade as a tax on their time and patience, by reflecting that it is the burden a good citizen should be most ready to bear, and a service essential to the general welfare, and thus indirectly most beneficial to themselves.

MINOR TOPICS.

We cannot too strongly commend the Tennesseean method of personal rencontres. Senator PATTERSON and Gen. KEEL, of Tennessee, met in a Washington hotel. The Senator slapped the General's face, whereupon the General knocked the Senator down, whereupon the Senator drew trigger on the General, whereupon "friends interfered, a reconciliation took place, the combatants shook hands, and then all parties took a drink." There is nothing since Pickwick so fine as this. There is dramatic simplicity in the incidents, and dramatic climax in that *denouément* of "the drink." The steps follow naturally one upon the other, and the "unities" are preserved. The Senator has his shooting-irons handy, as Senators of course should; "friends interfere" just at the right point; nay, poetical justice is served out, for one man gets a slap in the face, the other a knock-down, and both get a drink.

An omen of fearful import to the Pope has lately excited the Roman populace. At the beginning of the current month of September, a large eagle alighted on the clock of the Palazzo Citorio, and passed the night there. The Palazzo is the residence of the Governor of Rome, and the seat of the Administration, civil, judicial and military, on which account the incident attracted to the spot an immense crowd. The populace, with the superstition of the old Romans, regarded the eagle's visit as a presage, betokening the restoration of the Roman Republic, and expressed their feelings in shouts of triumph. This rendered the eagle obnoxious to the Police, and efforts were made to drive him away, but the royal bird continued, at latest accounts, to come and go, with sublime indifference to the hostility he had excited. It is a curious coincidence that, before the close of the month in which this ominous bird made his appearance GARIBALDI should have advanced almost to the gates of Rome, blowing his warning trumpet as he approaches the Seven Hills. We must now wait, however, and see whether he penetrates to the Palazzo Citorio before we state with certainty what the apparition of the eagle signifies. We have an indistinct recollection of an ominous eagle making its appearance in Washington, in the early times of our late war. If we remember aright, it hovered over the Capitol; but though the circumstances have escaped our memory they may be recollected by some of our readers.

The "ax" which fell upon the necks of SHERIDAN and SICKLES is, we imagine, but dull affair to other "axes" which these gallant Generals are expected to grind. It is somewhat difficult, in reading of the popular demonstrations made to them, to find out who is cutting the chief figure, their would-be patrons or themselves. Here, for a single example, is the way Gen. SHERIDAN got introduced to the enthusiastic Washington crowd the other night by Gen. CHIPMAN: "Comrades—Over five years ago, in the quiet village of Rolla, Mo., then the bivouac of Union soldiers, I first met Capt. PHILIP H. SHERIDAN." This is surely an event rather of private than of national significance. And here, the same night, is the way Gen. FARNSWORTH introduced the other guest, Gen. SICKLES: "Soldiers and Citizens—My personal acquaintance with the distinguished soldier who is before you was in the House of Representatives. He was a Democrat, I a Republican; but"—and so on. The number of curious personal reminiscences of this sort, revived in connection with illustrious soldiers, will, before the Winter of 1868, be marvelous in number.

Very few, probably, of the citizens of New-York, or of the strangers who visit it, know that the famous Fulton-street Noonday Prayer Meeting still exists and flourishes. Such, however, is the case, and on Monday its tenth anniversary was celebrated. Rev. Dr. NEWELL on that occasion said that he believed this meeting was "specially founded by God;" that "half a million of souls were hopefully born to God during the first year," and that favorable "testimony was borne to it by the Press and men of God." Rev. Mr. DURYEA said that obviously "the people had not gathered to-day to glorify themselves, or to claim the honor of what had been achieved;" and Rev. Dr. LAMPHIER said that the business prayer-meeting "had originated in a thought of his own; that there was no consultation with either elders or pastors, and he believed God had used so humble an individual as himself that He alone might be glorified." This meeting, by a ten-years' existence, has vindicated its claim to be regarded as one of the permanent institutions of the City. Its aim is high, and it can be confidently commended to the notice of our business men.

The latest accounts from the great tailors' strike in London show that, on the 5th inst., out of the 2,800 men who had struck, about half had obtained work in other shops. Some had deserted the Union, others had gone into the country, and "about 200 had *emigrated to America*." We have had no special report of the arrival of these strikers here, but we notice a remarkable fact in the Liverpool returns of the nationality of the emigrants from that port to the United States during the last calendar month. Instead of the great majority being Irish, as usual, the nationalities of the steerage passengers were as follows: 3,298 *English*, 199 Scotch, 2,315 Irish, 2,449 from the continent. In like manner, of the steerage passengers to Canada 557 were English, 5 Scotch, 136 Irish, and 312 other countries. This phenomenon of such an unusually large English emigration of late, doubtless has its cause in the deranged condition of industrial operations in the great cities of England. Moreover, the public men and political economists of England seem to be anxious to get rid, as soon as possible, of a large portion of England's overcrowded population.

South American news comes by way of London now; and the latest Rio Janeiro advices per Atlantic Cable are that MITRE lies idle again before the Paraguayan breastworks at Humaita. It is a well matched game between the toughness of the Paraguayans and the obstinacy of the Allies. Three years ago, Brazil, with the Argentine Republic at her side, threw herself upon petty Paraguay, nothing doubting that she would by mere ponderosity grind the adversary to powder. Now she would gladly have the war taken off her hands, preserving only pride and prestige, and sacrificing all she has spent of blood and treasure. Contractors have waxed fat on Brazil; taxes oppress her people; the army drains her cities of laborers and depopulates her farms. Had this result been foreseen, the war would never have been begun. At first the brave Brazilian youth of fine families rushed into the contest with fire and spirit; now the recruiting sergeant harries the seaport cities in vain for proper stuff, and seizes the fishermen at their work, or effects [illegible] where they have fled into the mountains. Resources of men and money have [illegible] diminished. People complain that [illegible] the Treasury worse than the Paraguayans, and still the war looks hopeless. Meanwhile [illegible] his half-barbarous and [illegible] with ever-freshening fury upon the Brazilian cannon. Both sides should now seek for peace, and the United States should be the mediator.

The strength of the English Reform Bill is that it is not of the nature of a law imposed on a country without reference to its character and conditions, but is rather, like most English institutions, the outgrowth of the existing state of things in England, and a necessary result of the development of the nation. It is often said that the stability of English laws and political foundations is owing to what we may call the prescribed methods of their growth, and we do not think that any feature of the English system has a broader basis in the popular necessities, than the Reform Bill. An Oxfordshire member of Parliament, a warm supporter of the Reform Bill, delivered a speech in the early part of this month, in which he referred to the great advance of popular intelligence in England within late years. He said it was impossible for any one, especially those who had lived as long as he had done, not to have seen the vast spread of intelligence and energy which had been manifested, and the great improvement in the condition of the people. There had been a great diminution in the amount of crime, drunkenness and immorality; and although there was still plenty of evil and sin in the world, it could not but be felt that the changes which had been made, were vastly for the better. In the face of enormous temptations—in the face of an increase of wealth, which was an enormous temptation to abuse—in the face of all discouraging circumstances, those who looked back for forty or fifty years, must do so with great confidence in the people of England. It is in this intellectual, moral and practical advancement of the people, spoken of by the Oxfordshire member, that the English mind sees the groundwork for the extension of the franchise, and the conferring of political power upon the working classes. This is a strictly English mode of viewing political progress, and it must be confessed that there might be worse modes.

"Judge" KINNEY, the famous Indian Agent, having been plumply charged by an Omaha dispatch with gross fraud—such as purloining $25,000 in Government annuities, and selling to the Indians for cash the goods the Government had given free—ingeniously defends himself in the following way: He addresses six questions, framed by himself, to a gentleman named CHAS. E. MIX, connected also with the Indian Bureau, asking specific answers. The answers to the questions drawn up by the party accused are direct and "eminently satisfactory." Of course the Omaha man will be thoroughly convinced by this reply from the Judge's own office.

The playgoing circles of London have been somewhat interested of late in the appearance on the boards of a London theatre of the veritable great granddaughter of the great Mrs. SIDDONS, who designates herself as Mrs. SCOTT-SIDDONS. She made a brief appearance as *Rosalind* in the early part of the year, but was only brought fairly before the public a fortnight ago, when she again assumed the same character. The lady is described as being endowed with much of that personal beauty which seems the heritage of the house of Kemble. She is in possession of what is known as "a stage face"—firmly limned and finely proportioned, capable of great variety of expression, with eyes large and lustrous. But her acting is altogether of a modern pattern, and her aim is said to be to please more than to impress. In no respect whatever, we should judge from what is said by the London critics, can the new aspirant be compared with that of her famous great grandmother. The *Pall Mall Gazette*, in criticising her performance, refers to the Kemble school of acting, which may be said to have found its last exponent in the younger daughter of CHARLES KEMBLE, and remarks: "The severity of demeanor, the majestic repose, the classicality of attitude, the studied elocution, the stately declamation which distinguished the Kemble school have doubtless departed from the stage forever, and even could they be brought back again, might probably be found in many respects as laboriously artificial, as tediously unnatural as certain critics of the past did not shrink from proclaiming them."

AMUSEMENTS.

French Theatre—Opera Bouffe.

Offenbach's very exhilarating extravaganza, "The Grand Duchess of Gerolstein," which, we believe, is still keeping a part of Paris mad with merriment, was produced at the French Theatre last evening, before the very largest audience which the sedate eagles of that pleasant place of amusement have yet looked down upon. The record to be made of this new experiment upon public taste in this vicinity, is that it was received without a smile and closed with a triumph as complete as it was unhesitatingly awarded. The American public has now witnessed the comic opera of every nationality that owns such a thing, but it must be confessed that the merriest of all is this very naughty mixture of the witty, the ridiculous and the broad, which OFFENBACH concocts better than anybody else, and only a taste of which is afforded in his "Grand Duchess." The growth of Opera Bouffe would make a pretty story. It originated, we fancy, in the vaudeville, with songs, just as the original of the English comic opera was a farce with ballads and glees. Each of these originals was noticeable for this: that the music was wholly subsidiary to the plot, incident and dialogue of the piece in which it was inserted, and was so irrelevant that it might be and was often omitted from the representation without affecting the sense of the play. Indeed, the songs and choruses in those old comic operas were written, we imagine, after the piece was wholly finished; the composer, gathering his inspiration from the dialogue, producing an air to which the dramatist fitted words in extension of the theme of the already finished scenes. Thus in a good majority of those old and very comical affairs you were pretty sure to come across something like this:

Jeanette—I'll not marry him!
Mon Père—You must marry him!
La Mère—She shall marry him!
Trio—(Music by Mr. SMITH.)

JEANETTE, PERE ET MERE.

Jeanette—I'll not marry!
Père—You shall marry!
Mère—She must marry!
Aye, she shall, &c., &c.

But with the appearance in the musical world of composers noticeable for the facility with which they struck off brilliant melodies, and who possessed at the same time thorough knowledge of combination and culmination, the old musical farces and vaudevilles began to vanish, and a new style of humorous work appears, in which the music is the chief attraction and the dialogue a secondary consideration. Indeed so very secondary in some instances is this, (even in the "Grand Duchess,") that one feels inclined to call out with *Capt. Hawtree*, "Cut that." OFFENBACH possesses this new talent in a more eminent degree than any of his contemporaries or immediate predecessors. The plot and incidents of his pieces are likely enough his own invention, and we can fancy him calling in the aid of a dramatist merely to write a few jingling rhymes and a few snatches of comic dialogue to give the singers time to recover breath, and the musicians time to turn over the leaves of their books. The stories of his operas (and in all the leading points that of the "Grand Duchess") belong to that class of pieces of which there are not a few on the Parisian stage, which are at once pleasant and wrong. To hunt the devil out of them would be to drive the fun out as well as the sin; and we don't see the necessity of doing that. It would result in a death in the cause of virtue, which virtue don't ask. We have already given the plot of the "Grand Duchess" in detail, and it is unnecessary to repeat it. The whole effect of the piece depends on the music, and the credit of the success is to be divided between the composer and the artists who reproduced him. To entirely appreciate this opera one must behold the theatre crowded by Frenchmen and French women, as it was very nearly last evening, where every auditor feels a sympathetic response within to every gesture, note and sentiment presented, and could, and does, perhaps, make actual life one continual Opera Bouffe. And then the American character (as exhibited largely in the younger members) is so near that of the French, that little of the effect is lost upon it. The audience last night received every point in the new opera with as much appreciation as a Parisian crowd would, and there is little doubt that the singers were charmed by the similarity of disposition in these and their native patrons. Most of the actors last night were, of course, below the level of the original cast in Paris, but they are much above any French artists we have had here, and even the weaker features of the troupe served to show the merits of the Parisian school. Mlle. TOSTEE, who gave vitality to the *rôle* of the *Grand Duc'ess*, has a good voice, quite clear, eminently pleasant, and altogether strong enough for the French Theatre where the acoustics are superior. Her petite figure contains a deal of what it would be expressive (if not elegant) to call devilment, and within her demure eye there lurks the spirit of Thalia in her wildest mood. Her success with the audience was complete after her opening aria: "*Ah! que j'aime*," and in the eloquent melody of the finale "*Le Sabre de mon Père*." The essence of the cancan dance and song, which winds up the second act, however, appeared to frenzy the audience, and had to be repeated. Mlle. DE FELCOURT—(bating the ungraceful effect of an ugly pair of stockings)—was very effective in the pretty part of *Wanda*; she has not much of voice, but what there is is good; but the rest of the ladies of the cast were inferior to the men. Nevertheless, although they all fall into the fault of looking at the audience when they should be looking at their interlocutors on the stage, they never drop into that dull rigidity of expression when idle, and are otherwise free from the faults of the little people of our own stage—whether operatic or dramatic. The men are all excellent. Mons. GUFFROY is the leading comedian, and he sustained the character of *Fritz*, the favorite of the Duchess who won't be her favorite, and in a part that offered every opportunity for buffoonery, was never low, overcharged or stagey. He is not only a good actor, but he is also a good singer, and impressed every verse and every line of his part upon his audience. Messrs. LEDUC, (*Prince Paul*,) LAGRIFFOUL, (*Baron Puck*,) and DUCHESNE (*Le General Boum*,) are a grotesque trio not to be met with often, we fancy. Their mirth was delightfully contagious, and their humor seemed to spring from nature rather than be pumped up through the aid of art. The choruses were not so effective as they will be when a couple of public performances give the singers confidence, but the voices have the immediate charm of freshness and capacity for their work. The orchestra, under a leader from Paris, (M. LEFEVRE,) was trained to perfection. In brief, if a lively work, merry music, spirited acting, gold and silver, silk and satin, used to the most grotesque ends, and picturesque scenery, avail anything, Opera Bouffe is not only a success, but a fixed institution hereafter, in New-York, if the supply of fresh material can be kept up.

Academy of Music—Italian Opera.

The representation of BELLINI's "Puritani" at the Academy last evening returned Senora PERALTA to the scene of her last year's brief but unquestionable triumphs. As the sensitive and overwrought *Elvira*—who certainly loved to madness, if not to despair—she reconquered that admiration which was bestowed upon her performance of the same *rôle* last season. The clear and sterling voice which rung upon the air then, and lingered in the memory, poured out its fresh songs with the same results of enthusiasm and persistent encores. Sig. ANASTASI as *Arturo* pleased in parts, but a deficient manner takes something from an effective organ. To-night the revival of ROSSINI's "Othello" will introduce the new tenor, Sig. PANCANI and Mme. PAREPA ROSA.

New-York Theatre.

"Under the Gaslight" not only still holds the boards at this theatre, but draws increasing crowds every night. The fact that it is thoroughly local—indeed, thoroughly New-Yorkish—in its incidents, characters and language, probably contributes as much to its popularity as the effectiveness of its scenes and situations. The element of low life is somewhat too prominent for good taste, and the marked wit and spirit of the play is too much confined to this class of its incidents and characters; but it is nevertheless one of the most telling and successful local plays ever produced in the City. Miss ROSE EYTINGE, whose graceful, accurate and intelligent acting, is quite as conspicuous in this play as in those of the severer and more classical school, has a benefit this evening. It ought to be a good one, not only on account of her contribution to the success of this play, but in recognition of her general merit and standing as an actress. We have had no one on the stage for a long time who adds to high natural ability and very marked personal attractions so conscientious a devotion to her profession and so perfect an intellectual conception of every character she depicts as Miss EYTINGE. The theatre in this country is not so crowded with artists of this class that the public can afford to overlook their claims. We hope her benefit will be a substantial one.

Steinway Hall.

This large and elegant hall, which was inaugurated with so much *éclat* last season, has been greatly improved during the "vacation." Its main defects have been corrected. A new entrance has been constructed on Fourteenth-street, on a level with the sidewalk, this greatly improving the means of ingress and exit; its light has been increased by the construction of new sunlights and the addition of ten candelabra, and its means of ventilation have been enlarged. It has thus been rendered more agreeable in every respect. It is to be reopened on Tuesday evening of next week by that energetic and enterprising manager, Mr. HARRISON, who offers a grand concert, in which Mme. PAREPA-ROSA, CARL ROSA and THOMAS' grand orchestra will take part. LEOPOLD DE MEYER, the celebrated pianist, who returns to this country, after an absence of twenty years, will also take part in the performances. The programme is unusually attractive, even for an opening night.

Banvard's Museum.

The age progresses; every day the latest improvements in scenic art, the accessories to theatrical effects in science, and what is still more of avail with the American public—the great exponents of all that is truely great in all the branches of art, reach our shore and become embodied in the grand army of the American Theatre. The latest and most notable addition to our stock of personal, as well as artistic ability, consists in the company recently engaged by Mr. JOHN DE POL, the new manager of Banvard's Opera House, and which is to be introduced to this community very soon, for the purpose of producing the new piece, so largely advertised as the "Devil's Auction," with a perfection that our modern American school is ignorant of. He announces the presence of eight first-class danseuses, selected from the Theatres of London, Paris, Milan, Berlin, Bordeaux, Turin, Munich, St. Petersburgh and other continental *entrepots*, all of whom reach our shores with reputations for artistic excellence. Mr. DE POL's efforts to present the new work have been characterized by an earnestness of purpose which gives good cause for hope that all his promises will be fulfilled. The desire to cater to the present level of public taste all that can charm the eye in scenic effects and personal beauty, all the novelties of the various schools of Europe, (and each nationality has its peculiarity,) combined with a lavish expenditure in mechanical effects, is evinced. The effect of producing a representative of every style of the art Saltatorial cannot fail but enlist the support of a public as cosmopolitan as that of New-York.

Colorado Affairs—Election of Mr. Cleaver as Delegate to Congress.

DENVER CITY, Colorado, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

CLEAVER has been elected Delegate to Congress from New-Mexico on local issues entirely.

A gold mill at Black Hawk was burned yesterday. Loss $60,000.

Fire in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

A fire broke out this afternoon on the corner of Clark and Jackson streets, burning about fifteen buildings. The losses are confined to the buildings and to retail dealers, aggregating $30,000, which is partially covered by insurance.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Serenade to Major-General W. S. Hancock.

Large Assemblage of People and Great Enthusiasm.

Speeches of Gens. Hancock, Cobb and Others.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Gen. HANCOCK was the recipient to-night of another handsome serenade which, in its inception, was understood to be under the Copperhead auspices, but which, in its execution, details and results, proved most conclusively that the brilliant fame of this distinguished soldier cannot be tarnished in any way, and is not in any manner in the keeping of any party that did not support him cordially during the war. The proprietors of the Metropolitan Hotel with a worthy spirit of making amends for their lack of preparations last night, entered into the arrangements with great zeal, and the illumination and display of fireworks was very brilliant. Soon after 7 o'clock crowds began to collect in the streets in front of the hotel, and the Generals' rooms were filled with callers who paid their respects. The Marine Band were the first to arrive on the ground, followed soon after by the American Band, and the avenue then began to fill up with a very orderly and respectable assemblage. The Chinese lanterns, with which the balcony was profusely hung, were then lighted, and the display of fireworks began from the roof of the hotel, which brought the enthusiasm of the crowd to the surface. The bands now reinforced by that of the Fifth Cavalry struck up favorite airs. The crowd increased and the scene began to resemble the great demonstration of last night. After a lapse of fifteen minutes, which was agreeably divided between music and fireworks, a mighty shout arose for HANCOCK, who soon appeared on the balcony, accompanied by Gen. AMASA COBB, member of Congress from Wisconsin, who was one of his earliest and oldest regimental commanders, and who succeeded to the command of HANCOCK's famous brigade, when the latter was promoted to the command of a division. When the cheering, which was long and loud had subsided, Gen. COBB introduced Gen. HANCOCK, with a brief speech:

Gen. COBB, of Wisconsin, addressing his fellow-citizens of Washington, said that six years ago he had the good fortune to hold a command under Maj.-Gen. HANCOCK. He esteemed it a great privilege, as an old companion in arms, and now standing by his side, to bear testimony to Gen. HANCOCK's kindness of heart, gallantry as a soldier and truthfulness as a man, and who would always be found a stern defender of the flag of our country.

Upon the conclusion of Gen. COBB's remarks, Gen. HANCOCK stepped forward to the railings and was greeted with the most enthusiastic applause. As soon as order was restored he said:

CITIZENS OF WASHINGTON: I thank you for this testimony of your appreciation of my past services, and confidence in my ability to perform my duty in a new and different sphere. Educated as a soldier in the military school of our country, and on the field of the Mexican war and American rebellion, I need not assure you that my course as a District Commander will be characterized by the same strict soldierly obedience to the law there taught me as a soldier. I know no other guide or higher duty. Misrepresentation and misconstruction, arising from the passions of the hour, and spread by those who do not know that devotion to duty has governed my actions in every trying hour, may meet me, but I fear them not; my highest pride will be to perform the duties of my new sphere, not in the interest of parties or partisans, but for the benefit of my country, the honor of my profession, and I trust also for the welfare of the people committed to my care. I ask then, citizens, that I may not be judged in advance, and that time may be permitted to develop my actions. Judge me when I act by the deeds I may perform, and, conscious of my devotion to duty and my country, I shall be satisfied with your verdict; and if a generous country shall approve my actions in the future as it has in the past, my highest ambition will have been achieved. As a soldier I am to administer the laws rather than discuss them. If I can administer them in spirit, with due charity to the Government and to the satisfaction of my country, I shall indeed be happy in the consciousness of a duty performed. I am about to leave your city—the capital of our country—bearing the proud name of WASHINGTON. As an American citizen the rapid development and increase of its wealth, beauty and prosperity is a matter in which I am deeply interested. But far beyond this, citizens of Washington, I rejoice with you that in the trying hour of the rebellion the Capital of the nation contributed as freely, in proportion, as any State in the Union to the brave volunteer army which has demonstrated to the world the strength and invincibility of a republican form of Government. I shall carry with me the recollections of this occasion, and when I return may I not hope that none who are here present in person or in spirit will regret their participation in the honor you have done me to-night.

When Gen. HANCOCK concluded, Hon. ROBERT J. WALKER was introduced and the idea began to spread that it was intended to make a political affair of it after all. But Mr. WALKER's speech was happily free from anything of partisan character, though generally accepted as an apology in advance, for the course that Gen. HANCOCK had plainly indicated he would pursue in his new command. WM. E. ROBINSON, of Brooklyn, was then called for, but very sensibly declined to make a speech. The bands then struck up again. The crowd lingered a few moments to see the fireworks.

The General held an impromptu levee in his rooms, and good feeling generally prevailed, especially over the fact that all efforts to attach political significance to the compliment had completely failed. Gen. HANCOCK's short, sharp and decisive speech was cold comfort to Copperheads, if any were about, and the appearance of Gen. COBB to make the presentation speech, who had sarcastically remarked just previously that he had stood between Gen. HANCOCK and the rebels before, was a sure guarantee that the management was in loyal hands. The whole affair passed off in excellent taste. The arrangements reflected credit on the hotel proprietors, and there was nothing to mar the occasion. The grand army of the Republic was present in force, in obedience to a circular order issued during the day.

The serenade was then adjourned with cheers for Gen. HANCOCK, who remained a short time in front of the stand, and repeatedly bowed in acknowledgment of the honor. Three cheers were given for President JOHNSON. The crowd then proceeded to the Executive mansion, and after huzzas and music the President was vociferously called for. He appeared on the portico, and addressed the assemblage as follows:

FELLOW-CITIZENS: In appearing before you this evening it is not for the purpose of making an address, but simply to tender you my thanks for this kind manifestation of respect and regard, and especially so on the present occasion and under the existing circumstances. I repeat that it is not my purpose to make an address on this occasion, but to tender you my thanks, my heartfelt thanks, for this demonstration here to-night, and for this fine and large assemblage. If the time and circumstances justified, I would with much pleasure address you on the questions which divide and distract the public mind. You know my friends, however, that the country is in great peril, therefore I am proud to see that you are aroused and alive to it. [Cries of "good, that's the talk."] You have saved it in times gone by, and I feel well assured that you can and will save it in time to come. [Cries of "Hear, hear," and "We will."] I repeat, our country is in great peril. The Constitution of our country is in peril—that Constitution which was formed and framed by our fathers, by the patriots of the Revolution, and which they cemented with their blood, and it becomes your duty to redeem and to save it from the peril in which it is involved. I have another single utterance, and that utterance is, let every one here to-night have a conscience and a conviction in reference to the preservation of the Constitution of the country, and all will be safe. [Cries of hear, hear.] Let conscientious conviction be our courage, let the public good be our aim, and the Constitution of the country be the guide and all will be well. [Cheers.] And now again accept my thanks for this kind demonstration you have made, and take with you, as I say to you good by, my best wishes for your welfare.

Cheer after cheer was given for the President, and an additional one "for the President who was not afraid of being shot." [Laughter.]

The band played several airs, when the assemblage dispersed.

ENTERTAINMENT BY GEN. GRANT.

Gen. GRANT entertained at his residence, to-night, quite a party of distinguished officers, among whom were Gens. SHERIDAN, SICKLES and HANCOCK, the members of their several staffs, the Department officers and quite a number of others.

GEN. SHERIDAN'S VISIT TO PHILADELPHIA.

Gen. SHERIDAN will leave Washington for Philadelphia to-morrow at 12 o'clock and arrive at 6 in the evening. The city authorities have provided quarters for him at the Continental Hotel, and have made arrangements for a grand public reception. The Grand Army of the Republic, as well as other military and political organizations, will participate in the ceremonies. Gen. SHERIDAN will remain in Philadelphia until Saturday, when he will leave for New-York, and on reaching that city will be quartered at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. D. VAN NOSTRAND, Esq., of the Committee of the Union League, arrived here this morning and tendered the General an invitation on behalf of the League to be present at their rooms on Monday night next. Gen. SHERIDAN declined to accept any formal reception, but will be present on the evening named.

HEALTH OF THADDEUS STEVENS.

For two days the city has been full of rumors of the death of THADDEUS STEVENS. This morning he was reported better, but before noon a fresh report of his death was in circulation. But a still later dispatch, from a relative who is at his bedside, announces that his condition is considerably improved since yesterday. His disease, dropsy of the chest, renders his recovery a matter of great doubt in the minds of those most familiar with the state of his general health.

PAY DEPARTMENT INVESTIGATION.

Gen. SHERIDAN was examined by the Pay Department Investigating Committee to-day, and among other things, testified that he telegraphed from New-Orleans to the War Department, advising the arrest of the forger LOWENTHAL, stating that he had proof sufficient to convict him of forgery. This dispatch, as appears from the records in possession of the Committee, was referred to Paymaster-General PRICE, in whose hands it remained without being used until LOWENTHAL is supposed to have died. The Committee has concluded its labors here, and has adjourned to meet a few days previous to the assembling of Congress in November. Gen. COBB, who has acted as the sub-committee for the examination of witnesses here recently, will leave the city to-morrow, intending to proceed directly to his home in Wisconsin, where he will take an active part in the pending State election.

THE REVENUE SYSTEM.

Hon. DAVID A. WELLS, Special Commissioner of the Revenue, who has just returned from an extensive tour through districts of Europe, is expected to arrive in this city this week. He will be able to lay before Congress at its coming session much important information and many new suggestions regarding the systems of revenue and the cost of production in other countries.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

INDIAN COMMISSION.

Upon the recommendation of the Indian Bureau the Secretary of the Interior has directed that the agency for the Osage, Inapaw, Seneca and Shawnee tribes of Indians be transferred from the Southern to the Central Superintendency, the headquarters of which are at Atchison, Kansas.

The following is an abstract from a telegram from Hon. N. G. TAYLOR, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, received at the Indian office this morning:

OMAHA, Nebraska, Monday, Sept. 23.

Our Council with the Indians at North Platte was perfectly satisfactory, and the prospects of peace with the Indians are more flattering than at any time. The Apaches, Arapahoes, Kioways, Comanches and friendly Cheyennes are willing, if the other Cheyennes will not make peace, to subjugate them, if the Government will furnish the ammunition; so Superintendent MURPHY informs me.

MANIFESTS FOR SHIPPERS.

The following circular has just been published:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF STATISTICS, Sept. 12.

SIR: Herewith are inclosed to you blank forms of outward manifests for shipper and master, or conductor, respectively, which on and after the first day of the month succeeding the receipt by you of this communication you are hereby instructed to use, pursuant to Articles 119, 120 and 121, Treasury Regulations, 1857, and in lieu of the blank form, the use of which is enjoined therein. You are also instructed, on and after the date above mentioned, to refuse to give clearances for outward bound merchandise, unless the manifests shall be according to said inclosed form, specify respectively the kinds and qualities of the articles shipped, and the value of the total quantity of each kind of article, and shall contain a full, just and true account of all the articles shipped according to their actual cost, or the value which they truly bear at the port and time of exportation, and shall be duly verified by oath or affirmation. These regulations are expected to be strictly enforced in all cases.

I am, Sir, yours, respectfully,

ALEXANDER DELMAR, Director.

Approved: H. MCCULLOCH, Secretary of the Treasury.

To Collector of Customs.

Instructions.—The outward manifests must correspond in every particular with the special or port manifests. Column number one should embrace all domestic merchandise, whether exported in bond under the Internal Revenue Act, or otherwise; also to include all manufactures from foreign products, such as cordage from foreign hemp, sugar refined from foreign sugar, coffee or spice having been ground or adulterated, &c., &c.

Column number two should embrace all foreign merchandise free, or not dutiable.

Column number three should embrace all foreign merchandise exported from bonded warehouses, duties remaining unpaid or which having been are returnable as drawback.

Column number four should embrace all foreign merchandise on which the duties have been paid and which has left the custody of the officers of the Customs, provided the condition of the merchandise has not been changed. If remanufactured or adulterated it becomes a domestic export and must be classified as such.

Column number five should embrace all foreign merchandise in transit or entered for immediate exportation, and so declared upon the Custom-house entry.

The above requirements will be exacted by the clearance clerks.

FORTUNE HUNTERS.

The following has been received by the Secretary of State:

UNITED STATES LEGATION, THE HAGUE, Sept. 6, 1867.

SIR: A statement appeared some time since in an American paper to the effect that the Minister at the Hague has confirmed a report that $75,000,000 had been left in Holland to the descendants of one HANS GRAFF. In answer to many letters on the subject I have made inquiry, and found no foundation for the rumor. Some of the writers state that their ancestors owned a large estate in a certain part of Baden, which was confiscated during a religious persecution, and that the Government was prepared to refund. The Minister of Baden informs me that no such persecution or confiscation ever occurred, and that the records show that at the time and place specified one Hans Graff was in possession of a farm as tenant, but held no estate in fee. As I am advised that in many parts of the country money is being laid out by the family, and as I find it impossible to continue to notice their numerous letters, I beg to suggest that such publication be authorized by the Department as will answer their inquiries and save them further expenditure. I have the honor to be, with great respect, your obedient servant,

HUGH EWING.

MARINE LIGHT.

Official information is given that a screw pile light-house has been erected at James Island, month of the Annamessix River to take the place of the light-vessel now stationed there. The light will be exhibited for the first time on the evening of the 7th of October, 1867. The Light-house stands on the reef extending from the mouth of the river to the light-vessels in the sound, three-fourths of a mile distant from each, and five and a half feet of water mean tide. The iron-work of the foundation is painted red. The superstructure is painted white. The illuminating apparatus is a fresnel lens of the fourth order. The focal plane is thirty-five feet above ordinary tides, and the light can be seen in clear weather a distance of ten miles.

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A communication has been received at the General Land Office from the Governor of Minnesota, inclosing maps showing the completion of the first section of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad, commencing at St. Paul, and ending in section 12, township 117, range 22, near Minnetonka, being an advance of twenty miles due west from St. Paul; also, the completion of twenty miles of the Winona and St. Peter's Railroad, terminating about a quarter of a mile west of Goose Lake in section 13, township 107, range 22. This latter route gives a completed line of road in operation for one hundred miles west of Winona, Minn.

PUBLIC LANDS IN OREGON.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has had prepared, and will transmit in a few days, thirty-nine patents for ancient settlement claims, covering over thirteen thousand acres in Oregon and Washington Territory. The patents will be sent to Roseburgh, Oregon City and Vancouver.

ANTI-SCORBUTICS FOR THE ARMY.

The following order has just been issued from the War Department:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.

The Commissary-General of Subsistence will supply posts west of the ninety-sixth degree of longitude liberally with canned fruits, vegetables, &c., for sale to officers. Commanding officers of companies are authorized to buy such supplies for their companies at the prices charged to officers. The Commissary-General will be authorized to limit the amount of these sales whenever abuse of the privilege herein given is apprehended.

By command of Gen. GRANT.

E. D. TOWNSEND, Assistant Adjutant-General.

ARMY INTELLIGENCE.

The Retiring Board of Army Officers, who have been in session in Philadelphia for some time past, has been dissolved by direction of Gen. GRANT. The following-named officers of the army have been detailed as members of the Retiring Board to convene in New-York City: Brevet Major-Gen. P. St. George Cook, Brevet Brig.-Gen. J. L. Gardner, Brevet Brig.-Gen. A. Sully, Brevet Brig.-Gen. R. C. Wood, Brevet Brig.-Gen. W. J. Sloan, Brevet Lieut.-Col. J. F. Hammond, and Brevet Capt. J. P. Sanger, Adjutant First Artillery.

QUARANTINE AT MALAGA.

Our Consul at Malaga writes that the Spanish Government has declared the whole of the United States as foul with cholera and yellow fever, and that in consequence thereof, all vessels arriving from ports of the United States must perform ten days quarantine at a foul Lazareto.

ISSUE OF PATENTS.

For the week ending Tuesday, Oct. 1, 244 patents will be issued from the Patent Office. During the past week 500 applications and 90 caveats were filed.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

Eighty-second Day's Proceedings.

ALBANY, N. Y., Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The State Constitutional Convention met this morning at 9 o'clock. Several petitions were presented and referred.

Mr. CURTIS called up his resolution providing for an adjournment from to-day until the second Tuesday in November. He said it was clear that the work of the Convention could not be finished in time to submit the Constitution at the ensuing election. He therefore advocated the propriety of adjourning over; we were about entering upon an important election, and he did not disguise the intense interest he felt in this election. He believed it was to determine whether the fruits of the war shall be preserved, and he desired to give his energies to the struggle. He proposed to adjourn to the second Tuesday in November, for reasons which will commend themselves to every member. If we adjourned until Spring it would carry the election into the Presidential canvass. He desired that the issue then presented should be clear and distinct, and that the people should not be required to consider any other questions. For these reasons he believed the Convention should now adjourn to the second Tuesday in November.

Mr. WEED moved to amend, to adjourn to the second Tuesday in May next, or to such other day as the Legislature may provide. He agreed with Mr. CURTIS that this election was one of great importance, and as the gentleman had promised to give his best energies to the success of his side, so he (Mr. WEED) would give his best energies to the success of his side of the question. The time proposed by the gentleman (CURTIS) was one of the busiest seasons of the year, and the same difficulty would be experienced in getting a quorum then that is experienced now. There was no reason for meeting in November, unless it was proposed to submit the Constitution at a special election. That would be expensive, and he was opposed to it. He would much prefer to perfect and submit at the next election an article on suffrage; on cities; to secure economical and honest management of the canals, and on the Judiciary, and submit them separately. But if it was determined to adjourn he would adjourn over until after the meeting of the next Legislature, so that they should provide for our session by an enabling act.

Mr. KERNAN moved to amend that this Convention will perfect an article as to the Court of Appeals, and provide that the same and the article as to suffrage be submitted to be voted upon separately at the coming election, and then adjourn without day. He said one of the principal objects of the calling of this Convention was to relieve the Court of Appeals of the pressure of business upon it. Many had also desired that the Convention should meet in order to extend the suffrage beyond the present limits. He believed an article on the Court of Appeals could be perfected in a very short time, and his amendment provided for the submission of these two most important questions at the November election.

Mr. GREELEY was opposed to all piecemeal submission; to all submissions of bits of a constitution. He was therefore utterly opposed to the proposition of the gentleman from Oneida, (Mr. KERNAN.) As to the proposition of the gentleman from Clinton, (Mr. WEED,) he was of the opinion that our work should not be postponed until Spring. That would throw us into the midst of the Presidential canvass, and the time would not be suitable for the consideration of constitutional amendments. Let us meet in November and finish up the work and submit it at the time of holding the Spring elections. Fault had been found with him that so much time had been taken in consideration of the report on suffrage. It was said that he had rushed the report through the Committee before it was properly digested there, and for that reason it took up the time of the Convention unnecessarily. But he would submit the article on suffrage as reported, and the article as amended and adopted by this Convention to any fair minded publicists without the least fear, but they would declare the article as reported by the Committee as the best and most desirable. He was in favor of adjourning to November.

Mr. TILDEN said the success of this Convention depended on the action of the people. The Convention had met by the authority of the people, and was responsible to them. We were acting under an act of the Legislature, and under the sanction of the people. If this Convention should adjourn as proposed by the gentleman from Richmond (Mr. CURTIS) the Convention would fall. It would expire for want of further authority to act. Nothing could be done without further legislative action. To him it appeared important that this Convention should adopt some plan for the relief of the Court of Appeals. This could be done in the course of a few days, and it could be submitted at the coming election. This would be the most practicable thing that could be done, and it was needed and expected at our hands. Let us follow out the suggestion of the gentleman from Oneida, (Mr. KERNAN,) complete what work we can, submit it to the people, and yield up our power to the hands from whence it was received. If the work of the Convention was to be continued, the next Legislature could so determine, and call it together again by another enabling act.

Mr. VAN COTT considered that this Convention derived its authority from a higher power than the Legislature. If its power ceased by any adjournment, the Legislature could not revive it; but he did not believe the power of this body would cease by any such action. It was evident that the work could not be completed in time for submission to the people this Fall. This was conceded on all hands. The question arose, then, What was best to be done? He doubted whether this Convention had the power to submit any proposition separately. It had been sent here to do a work, and he wanted it completed before sending it to the people. He had no complaints to make against any person or any party in this Convention. He had endeavored to discharge his duty here, and was willing to accord the same degree of merit in others.

Mr. CHESEBRO said the only two questions of amendment agitated, before the Convention met, were the relief of the Court of Appeals and the extension of suffrage to colored persons. These two amendments could be perfected in time to submit this Fall. Now, let the Convention perform this work and adjourn to next May, and, in the meantime, the Legislature could take action upon the necessity of further action by this body. By reference to the files on our tables it would be seen that our work was not half done. There was no objection to submitting these articles separately. It was not a new thing, for it had been done frequently both in connection with the national and State Constitutions. He hoped the Convention would consent to perfect and submit these two propositions at the coming election. In that event, we shall have accomplished something. If the contrary course is pursued, we shall have accomplished nothing except to waste the money of the people.

Mr. BECKWITH took the ground that the Convention was in existence by virtue of the organic law, and therefore was not subject to the action of the Legislature. The Legislature had no power to limit the session of this body; it was commissioned to perform a certain work, and it could sit until that work was completed. The powers of this body would be just as potent after the November election as before. There were other subjects agitated besides those that had been mentioned. The people believed that the canals had been mismanaged, and investigating committees had been appointed. The contract system was believed to be rotten, and the people demand reform. The same was true of the government of cities and of frauds in the Legislature. The people felt that something must be done to correct these growing evils. These were the questions the people had in mind when the Convention was authorized, and it was our duty to amend the Constitution to meet their wants. We had the power to do it just as well after the November election as before that time.

After further discussion, Mr. CURTIS moved the previous question.

Mr. E. BROOKS appealed to Mr. CURTIS to withdraw the motion. He (Mr. CURTIS) had been heard at length on the proposition, and he hoped debate would not now be [illegible].

Mr. CURTIS said that under the circumstances he felt compelled to insist on his motion.

The previous question was ordered by a vote of 71 to 46.

The question was then taken on the amendment offered by Mr. KERNAN, as follows:

Resolved, That this Convention perfect an article as to the Court of Appeals, and provide that the same and the article on suffrage be submitted to be voted upon separately at the coming November election, and then adjourn without day.

The resolution was lost by a vote of 41 to 76—all the Democrats voting in the affirmative, and all the Republicans voting in the negative.

The question was then taken on the amendment offered by Mr. WEED, to adjourn to the first Tuesday in May next, or to such time as the Legislature may provide. Lost by 48 to 69 votes.

The question was then taken on the resolution offered by Mr. CURTIS, as follows:

Resolved, That on Tuesday, the 24th of September, at 12 o'clock, noon, this Convention will adjourn until the second Tuesday in November at the same hour.

When Mr. CASSIDY's name was called he asked to be excused from voting. He said this body was called in accordance with law, and could not act without legislative sanction. He protested against this act of adjournment as unwarranted by law, and as a revolutionary action on the part of this body.

Mr. ALVORD called the gentleman from Albany (Mr. CASSIDY) to order. He was not giving reasons for being excused from voting, but was making an argument against the resolution.

Mr. CASSIDY said he was giving reasons why he could not vote to sanction an unlawful proceeding.

The point of order was not sustained.

Mr. CASSIDY stigmatized the attempt to adjourn over this and the next election as an evasion of the popular will. He said, if permitted to vote he should vote against the resolution.

The question was then taken on excusing Mr. CASSIDY from voting, and he was excused.

Mr. CURTIS' resolution was then adopted—78 to 40.

Mr. HATCH offered the following:

After the payment of all debts for which the canal revenues are pledged, and all the advances, with interest thereon, heretofore or hereafter made for canal purposes shall be repaid, no more or greater tolls shall ever thereafter be imposed, charged or levied upon property transported on the canals than shall be sufficient for ordinary repairs and further necessary improvement. Laid on the table.

Mr. TAPPAN moved that the Committee have leave to sit during the recess.

Mr. FOLGER moved to amend that such service be performed without pay.

Mr. TAPPAN accepted the amendment, and it was adopted.

At 11:55 Mr. SCHOONMAKER moved to adjourn. The yeas and nays were ordered, and the Clerk commenced to call the roll at the bottom, instead of the top, beginning with Mr. YOUNG. When he had proceeded at some length amid laughter, Mr. SEAVER rose to a point of order. He did not believe at this late stage of the proceedings, that the Convention should go backward.

The President decided the point of order not well taken.

Mr. MURPHY raised the point that the call of the roll in this manner would be a reflection on the Convention, as it was going backward. [Laughter.]

The President decided the point of order not well taken.

When Mr. FRANK's name was called, Mr. BARTO said, "I ask that Mr. FRANK's name may be called again."

The Secretary repeated the call.

The President said: I understand that Mr. FRANK has paired off. [Laughter.]

Before the roll had been called through the hour of 12 arrived, and the President declared the Convention adjourned until the second Tuesday in November next.

The Indian Council—Conflicting Reports—Cholera at Omaha.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The Eighteenth Kansas Regiment left Fort Hays on Sunday for Fort Larned, to protect the Indian Commissioner.

Omaha dispatches state that Commissioner TAYLOR has published a denial of the reports of the newspaper correspondents regarding the result of the Council at North Platte; and the correspondents reaffirm their statements to the effect that PAWNEE-KILLER left the Council, painted his face red in token of his determination of war against the whites, and rode away in disgust. The dispatches also say that it is the belief of persons well acquainted with the Indian character, that the Chiefs who professed their desire for peace, merely did so to gain time and obtain ammunition.

Five fatal cases of cholera at Omaha were reported yesterday.

The Buckeye Club Races at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The Buckeye Club races were well attended to-day. The first was a handicap hurdle, two miles, for a purse of $500; $400 to the first horse and $100 to the second, and was won by ALEXANDER's *Jonesboro*—time, 4:47. *Deserter* and *Whalebone* fell at the second hurdle, but recovered themselves, and *Deserter* came in second.

The second race, mile heats, for all ages, for a purse of $400, was very exciting. Four horses entered—*Watson*, *Mack*, *Gen. McMahon* and *Caledonia*. *Watson* was favorite. The first heat was won by *Mack*, *Watson* second, *Caledonia* third and *McMahon* fourth—Time, 1:46. The second heat was won by *McMahon*, *Mack* second, *Watson* third and *Caledonia* 4th—Time, 1:44½. The third heat was won by *Mack*, *McMahon* second, *Watson* and *Caledonia* distanced—Time, 1:45¼.

Arrangements for the Reception of Gen. Sheridan in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Very extensive arrangements are being made for the reception of Gen. SHERIDAN to-morrow night, and the affair promises to be one of the grandest ever known in this city. The procession will comprise the military, the fire department and various civic bodies. Arrangements have been perfected by the residents along the route for the illumination of dwellings. In the evening a banquet will be given by the city to Gen. SHERIDAN at the Continental Hotel. On Thursday, at 1 o'clock P. M., an official reception will take place in Independence Hall. Mayor MCMICHAEL will extend the hospitalities of the city to the distinguished hero of the Shenandoah Valley.

Base Ball Match in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The base ball match this afternoon between the Atlantic, of Brooklyn, and the Quaker City Club, of this city, was won by the former, by the following score:

ATLANTIC.	Outs.	Runs.	QUAKER CITY.	Outs.	Runs.
Crane, 2d b.	3	3	Pratt, 3d b.	3	3
Mills, c.	4	2	Chapman, l. f.	1	5
Macdonald, l. f.	3	3	Malone, c.	3	3
Ferguson, 3d b.	2	3	Flowers, s. s.	4	1
Kenney, c. f.	4	2	Potter, 2d b.	3	2
Zettlein, p.	4	2	Haenle, 1st b.	4	3
Regan, 1st b.	3	3	Donohue, c. f.	2	1
McMullin, r. f.	3	3	Brown, p.	4	0
Woods, s. s.	3	3	Howell, r. f.	3	4
Total	27	24	Total	27	21

INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.
Atlantic	1	2	0	2	4	0	7	0	8—24
Quaker City	3	3	1	2	0	5	5	2	0—21

Base Ball Tournament at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

A grand base ball tournament began to-day at the grounds of the Union Club of this city. Quite a number of clubs from different parts of the State are present to take part in the contest for the various prizes.

The celebrated Hickory Club of McConnellsville, Ohio, played the Buckeye Club, of this city, to-day, for a silver ball, and beat them, the score standing—Hickory 41, Buckeyes 25. From 3,000 to 5,000 people were on the ground. Great enthusiasm was manifested.

Cricket Match at Boston.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

The playing of the second inning of the cricket match between the Boston Club and the Young America Club, of Philadelphia, was resumed by the former Club this morning, and resulted in a score of 44, or a total of 87 in two innings, thus giving the victory to the Young Americas, who, in their first inning yesterday made 101. Several of the best players of the Boston Club were unavoidably absent.

Fire in Milwaukee—Loss $30,000.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Tuesday, Sept. 24.

J. REYNOLD'S furniture manufactory, on the corner of Ninth and Vliet streets, was burned last night, involving a loss of $30,000, on which there is no insurance.

Death of Judge Bartlett, of New-Hampshire.

CONCORD, N. H., Tuesday, Sept. 24.

WM. H. BARTLETT, Associate-Justice of the Supreme Court of New-Hampshire, died to-day of consumption, aged forty years.

Delegate to the Democratic State Convention.

SYRACUSE, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Hon. J. M. JAYCOX was to-day selected to represent the First Assembly District at Albany on the 3d of October.

The Washington correspondent of the Springfield *Republican* writes: "Unless all signs fail the House will start off with an impeachment debate in November, and when the vote comes upon an adoption of articles of impeachment I do not see how it is possible for them to be rejected. I cannot think of one prominent Republican in the House who will speak against their adoption. WILSON, of Iowa, was against impeachment, but is not now. STRONG as he is he had his doubts of his ability to defeat impeachment last July. It is immensely stronger now and he [illegible] will have to try the President in the course of the Winter."

THE RICHMOND COUNTY AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—Yesterday being the second day was far more attractive than the first. Horses, cattle, fowl and agricultural implements of every description were arriving on the grounds during the early part of the day, so that by noon the fair may have been considered to have fairly started. Among the fowls which arrived during the day we noticed the following, for their beauty and size: Two Bremen Geese, four Aylesbury ducks, two Hong Kong geese, two white China geese, four beautiful Brahma pootras, three gray dorkings, three Houdans (French variety), three Brahma pootras, from the Birmingham prize birds, and four crevecoeurs (French variety). A band of music occupied the main stand during the day. The balcony of the hotel was filled during the day with ladies from all parts of the island. At 3 o'clock a trotting match in harness, best three in five, came off between Mr. GRIFFIN's b. m. *Nancy Jane*, Mr. MILLER's sorrel horse *Cap. Right*, and HENRY VAN CLIEF's b. m. *Lady Van Clief*, for a premium of $50. Considerable excitement was manifested during the race. *Nancy Jane* won the three first heats in the following time: First heat, 2:36; second, 2:02; third, 2:08. During the afternoon the Staten Island Quartette Singing Club visited the grounds and amused the spectators by singing several German airs. To-day the Brooklyn Yacht Club will visit the Fair and have a grand clam-bake.

THE BOARD OF EXCISE.—The Board of Excise met at noon, yesterday, and continued in session for nearly seven hours; President JACKSON S. SCHULTZ occupied the chair. The calendar embraced 38 cases of alleged violation of the law—only 13 of which were tried. The licenses of the following named dealers were revoked: Theobold Miller, No. 153 Ridge-street, Brooklyn; John G. Kuntstuntz, No. 159 Broome-street; Wm. D. Shelloo, No. 404 Madison-street; Philip Weber, No. 192 Avenue B; George Deboken, No. 652 Eleventh-avenue; Ernest Haas, No. 541 Tenth-avenue. The cases of LORENZO SEBASTIAN, corner of Tenth-avenue and Fifty-first-street, and JOHN H. BUDEKE, No. 10 Centre Market-place, were dismissed on motion of counsel for the prosecution. The Board then adjourned to meet on Tuesday next.

Lawrence & Foulke, Auctioneers.

An extensive auction sale, (by order of the Collector of Customs,) of goods, wares and merchandise, seized for violation of the Revenue Laws, will be sold by LAWRENCE & FOULKE, auctioneers, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York. Very superior and costly brands of cigars, choice liquors and preserves, fine velvets, silks, laces, jewelry, precious stones, &c., &c., will be offered in lots to suit. Catalogues at auctioneers' office, No. 111 Broadway.—*Advertisement.*

Caution.

We call attention to the fact that *imitations* of our fine ELECTRO-PLATE, consisting of Dinner, Dessert, Tea Services, &c., are extensively produced by American manufacturers; also, that there are English imitations in market, both of inferior quality. These goods are offered for sale by many dealers, and are well calculated to deceive. Purchasers can only detect and avoid counterfeits by noting our trade mark, thus:

Trade mark for Electro-Plate. GORHAM MFG CO Stamped on base of every article.

Our goods, which can be obtained from all responsible dealers, bear this stamp. *They are heavily plated on the fine* Albata or Nickel Silver, *and we guarantee them in every respect superior to the best Sheffield plate.*

GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO.,
Silversmiths and Manufacturers of Fine Electro-Plate,
Providence, R. I.

A complete assortment of the above Ware at retail by the introducers.

STARR & MARCUS,
No. 22 John-st.

Chills and Fever, or Fever and Ague, as well as Intermittent and Remittent fevers, are effectually cured by DR. JAYNE'S AGUE MIXTURE, without a liability of return. Sold everywhere.

"A thing of beauty is a joy forever." And nothing is so beautiful as a picture of health. Headache, nervous pains, sour stomach, distress after eating, prostrating weakness, disinclination for society, mental despondency, &c., are the rule rather than the exception with the human family, and have stamped their effects upon us all. The most effective, gentle, sudden and agreeable remedy is the PLANTATION BITTERS. They have probably cured and alleviated more cases the past five years than all other medicines combined. They are sold throughout the length and breadth of the land.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne, and at half the price.

Away with wrinkled faces, mothy and tan complexions. Ask your druggist for Dr. S. A. CHEVALIER'S BEAUTIFIER AND PRESERVER.

No Deception!

As most preparations for the teeth are made by adventurers to make money, Dr. A. JOHNSON, an experienced dentist, at No. 111 East 12th-st., would say that his DELICIOUS AMERICAN TOOTH POWDER is a perfect luxury, and was made regardless of expense for his patrons, and was forced into the market by druggists. It is the only article which has had, for twenty-five years, the sanction of science and experience. As a mouth cleanser and tooth preserver it has no equal.

Universal Exposition, Paris, 1867.

STEINWAY & SONS TRIUMPHANT, having been awarded the FIRST GRAND GOLD MEDAL for American pianos in all three styles exhibited, this medal being distinctly classified *first* in order of merit by the unanimous verdict of the International Jury.

Warerooms, Nos. 109 and 111 East 14th-st.

All can have clear, healthy complexions by using CHEVALIER'S BEAUTIFIER AND PRESERVER. *For sale by all druggists.*

Chickering & Sons, Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Piano-fortes, were awarded at the Paris Exposition the First Grand Prize, the Legion of Honor and a Grand Gold Medal, making 59 first premiums during the past 44 years. Warerooms, No. 652 Broadway.

Dr. S. A. Chevalier's Beautifier and Preserver of the Complexion. Sold by all druggists. SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D., No. 1,123 Broadway.

A. * * * From 1866 Until 1867.

The great sensation which was created a quarter of a century ago, first in Prussia, then in Germany, and then in all Europe, by the great invention of HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT, has also followed its introduction into the United States. Its success here is already decided, and in less than one year it has found the highest favor with the profession as well as with the public. Its sale, from the beginning, has exceeded that of any other new preparation, and it has been introduced into all the principal cities throughout the Union with the same genuine success. Its superiority is undoubted. Judge for yourselves! Its compound is purely and entirely vegetable, prepared (in a particular way) from the nutritious barley, mixed with HOFF'S CELEBRATED MALT AND HERB COMBINATION (for which several medals and diplomas have been bestowed upon the inventor in Europe, and recently by the Institute Polytechnique Universel, in Paris.) Free from alcohol. HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT BEVERAGE creates and preserves the appetite, digestion and strength, and, therefore, is a source of health to invalids, dyspeptics, consumptives, debilitated, &c. There is no person who cannot derive benefit from its use, as it does not act on any particular organ, but on the whole system. It is preferred by the profession and the public to the much extolled preparation of iron and bark, and to all alcoholic liquors, such as whisky, bitters, ale, porter, beer, &c.; in a word, it is the very best of known tonics, and proclaimed as such by science in both hemispheres. HOFF'S Depot, No. 542 Broadway, New-York.

Hats. Hats. Hats.

WHY NOT BE A HATTER?
THE BEST HATTER
AND THE ONLY HATTER
Under the Sun.
Call and see
C. W. VAN SUREN,
No. 126 Fulton-st.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

All that Paris Offers

In CHILDREN'S FANCY HATS,
At GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silk, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Pyle's Saleratus and Cream Tartar—Pure articles, always full weight, and reliable in every way. Sold by grocers generally.

Everdell's Card Depot, No. 302 Broadway, the new and elegant Wedding Notes, Cards, Monograms, &c.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.

Sewing-Machines,
No. 458 Broadway, New-York.

Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1867.—The Howe Machine Co., ELIAS HOWE Jr., No. 699 Broadway, New-York, awarded, OVER EIGHTY-TWO COMPETITORS, THE ONLY GRAND CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, AND GOLD MEDAL, given to American Sewing Machines, as per Imperial Decree, published in the *Moniteur Universel*, (Official Journal of the French Empire,) Tuesday, 2d July, 1867.

A Silver Medal which was the highest prize awarded at the Paris Exposition, July, 1867, for Sewing-Machines (for such) was given to the Florence—the best family Sewing-Machine in the world. No. 505 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Sewing-Machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York.

Beautiful Hair.—The labor of many years in chemical experiments, has resulted in the perfection of CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR, an unrivaled hair dressing, imparting new life and increased nutriment to the hair, preventing baldness and arresting its progress when commenced; regulating and sustaining the principle upon which the color of the hair depends, thereby restoring gray hair to its original color and youthful beauty, and stopping its falling out at once. Sold by all druggists, and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway. S. A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

A lady can be beautiful at any period of life by using Dr. S. A. CHEVALIER'S BEAUTIFIER AND PRESERVER OF THE COMPLEXION.

The Laundry.

COLGATE & CO. put up for use of families a perfectly pure and economical LAUNDRY SOAP, cut in pieces, to *facilitate drying* and for convenience in use. It may be had of all first-class family grocers, or at the salesroom of the manufacturers, Nos. 53 and 55 John-st., New-York.

Dr. S. A. Chevalier's Beautifier and PRESERVER, a vegetable and botanical cream, for improving and beautifying the complexion and skin. Prepared only and solely by the world-renowned chemist, SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

MARRIED.

CLARK—CRANE.—At Elizabeth, N. J., on Wednesday, Sept. 18, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. David H. Pierson, D. D., SAMUEL M. CLARK to KATE S., daughter of John D. Crane, Esq.

CONNOLLY—KILLORAN.—On Tuesday, Sept. 24, at St. Vincent de Paul's Church, 23d-st., New-York, by Rev. Father Lafont, Pastor, JAMES J. CONNOLLY, M. D., to Miss ELLIE M. B. KILLORAN, both of New-York.

COMBES—FIELD.—On Monday, Sept. 23, at the residence of Mr. James Demarest, by Rev. Mr. Michael, Mr. CHARLES U. COMBES to Miss ANNA D. FIELD, both of this City. No cards.

GREENWOOD—WATERER.—On Monday, Sept. 23, at No. 80 McDougal-st., by Rev. Mr. Foster, ANDREW GREENWOOD, of Cohoes, N. Y., to MARY ANN WATERER, of England.

DIED.

ALKER.—At sea, on board steamship *City of Paris*, on Friday, Sept. 20, HORACE E. H. ALKER, aged 35 years and 24 days.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services at the Church of St. Vincent de Paul, in West 23d-st., near 6th-av., on Wednesday at 11 o'clock A. M.

CLARKE.—Suddenly, on Sunday morning, Sept. 22, CONSOR W. CLARKE, in his 53d year.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, 79th-st., between 4th and Madison avs., on Wednesday afternoon, at 1 o'clock. The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

CUNNINGHAM.—On Monday, Sept. 23, HENRY R. CUNNINGHAM, aged 21 years, son of the late H. H. Cunningham, and step son of James T. Griswold, after a severe illness, engendered by exposure at the storming of Fort Fisher.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 218 Degraw-st., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, the 25th inst., at 2 o'clock.

☞ St. Thomas, W. I., papers please copy.

BRUEN.—On Tuesday, Sept. 24, GEORGE W. BRUEN. Notice of the funeral hereafter.

CARPENTER.—At Hoboken, on Sunday morning, Sept. 22, NATHANIEL O. CARPENTER, aged 46 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the First Presbyterian Church, Hoboken, N. J., this (Wednesday) morning at 9 o'clock. His remains will be taken to Bound Brook, N. J., for interment.

DAVIS.—Suddenly, at Hudson, N. Y., on Sunday morning, Sept. 22, CORNELIA V. B. DAVIS, formerly of Philadelphia, and daughter of the late Capt. George Davis.

Funeral at Christ Church, Hudson, on Wednesday at 1 o'clock.

☞ Philadelphia papers please copy.

DAVID.—On Tuesday evening, Sept. 24, MARY, widow of John H. David, in the 82d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her sons, William P., Henry and Rittenhouse, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral on Thursday afternoon, the 26th inst., at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 45 Renwick-st.

DARLING.—At West New-York, on Sunday, Sept. 22, JAMES DARLING, lace-bleacher.

His friends are invited to attend the funeral from the Grove Church, Weehawken, this day, (Wednesday,) the 25th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

HICKS.—At his residence, No. 10 West 14th-st., HENRY W. HICKS, aged 65 years.

Notice of the funeral hereafter.

JONES.—On Monday, Sept. 23, at Tarrytown, ELIZA FREDERICA, only child of Frederick W. and Eliza Y. Jones.

Funeral from the residence of William Lottimer, No. 3 East 26th-st., on Thursday, the 26th inst., at 3 P. M.

MCFADDEN.—On Tuesday, Sept. 24, CATHERINE, relict of the late Cornelius McFadden, in the 60th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral this day, (Wednesday,) at 2 o'clock P. M., from her late residence, No. 240 East 10th-st., near 1st-av.

ROSE.—On Friday, Sept. 19, ELIZA V. G., widow of the late Hon. Abraham T. Rose, of Bridgehampton, L. I., in the 63d year of her age.

STIDELL.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, Sept. 23, JOHN STIDELL, aged 50 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, Myrtle-av., this (Wednesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock.

☞ The members of Neptune Lodge No. 317, F. & A. M., are hereby summoned to attend a special communication, to be held at the Lodge-rooms, No. 8 Union-square, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Bro. JOHN STIDELL, this (Wednesday) afternoon at 1 o'clock. Members of sister Lodges are respectfully invited to attend. By order.

JESSE G. KEYS, M.

SIMONSON.—At Middletown, Staten Island, on Monday, Sept. 23, CLARISSA, widow of the late Daniel Simonson.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, on Thursday, the 26th inst., at 2 P. M.

SPENCER.—At the residence of his son, in Houston, Texas, on Wednesday, Sept. 11, of the prevailing epidemic, ALVAN G. SPENCER, aged 62 years, formerly a merchant of New-York, and for many years a resident of Brooklyn.

WILLIAMS.—In Brookline, Mass., on Monday, Sept. 23, LOUISA, daughter of Howard S. and Sarah S. Williams, aged 17 years.

A CARD.—MOURNING GOODS OF EVERY DEsirable kind, constantly on hand, at JACKSON'S mourning-store, No. 551 Broadway, opposite Tiffany & Co.'s. Prices very reasonable.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE,
OF THE LATEST STYLES, CONSISTING OF PARLOR, DINING-ROOM AND CHAMBER SUITES, IN ROSEWOOD, WALNUT AND MAPLE, RETAILING AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES, AT
F. KRUTINA'S
MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos. 96 AND 98 EAST HOUSTON-ST.,
Between Bowery and 2d-av.
ALL GOODS WARRANTED.

SILVER-PLATED GOODS.

ICE-PITCHERS, SPOONS, FORKS and Table-ware of every description, from the celebrated manufactories of the
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Sets of cut glass, 50 pieces $12 and 14
Sets of cut glass, diamond pattern, 74 pieces 21
Plain glass goblets, per dozen 1
Cut glass goblets, per dozen 3
Champagne and wine-glasses in proportion.
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PHONOGRAPHY.
The Mercantile Library classes in PHONOGRAPHY will be reopened on FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 4, at 8 P. M., at Clinton Hall, Astor-place. They will be taught, as heretofore, by Mr. JAMES E. MUNSON, author of the *Complete Phonographer*, and official stenographer to the Surrogate's Court.
The classes will meet on MONDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, and each course will be completed in ten weeks, in which time the learner will be carried through and thoroughly taught the entire system. Terms $15 a course. Apply for membership or further particulars at the Library, in Astor-place, or at the Class-room on the opening night.

POST OFFICE NOTICE—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Southampton and Bremen, per Steamer DEUTSCHLAND, will close at this office on THURSDAY, SEPT. 26, at 10:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 8:45 A. M.; Stations C and D, 8:30 A. M.; Stations E and F, 8:10 A. M.; Station G, 8 A. M.
JAMES KELLY, P. M.

AN EXHIBITION OF THE WORKING of the FIRE EXTINGUISHER will take place at Battery Barracks, opposite Star Hotel, State-st., on THURSDAY, 26th inst., at 3½ o'clock. The public are invited to attend.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

BUY THE
NORTHERN MONTHLY
FOR
OCTOBER,
IT HAS
An incisive and able article on JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
A humorous sketch of the SMITH FAMILY,
Past Presidential Nominations, by JAMES PARTON,
Breach of Promise and other good Stories.
A sketch of Hon. W. L. DAYTON, the nominee for Vice-President on the ticket with John C. Fremont, with a full-page STEEL ENGRAVING,
And other good things which make the attractive Table of Contents of this popular magazine for October.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY.

I. DANTE'S NEW LIFE (VITA NUOVO.) Translated by CHARLES ELIOT NORTON. In one elegant royal octavo volume, uniform with LONGFELLOW'S Translation of the "Divina Commedia." $5.

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II. SILCOTE OF SILCOTES. By HENRY KINGSLEY, author of "Geoffry Hamlyn," "Ravenshoe," &c. 1 vol. 8vo. Paper. 75 cents.

The Philadelphia *Bulletin* says: "One of the brightest, cleverest and healthiest English novel writers is Henry Kingsley, whose 'Geoffry Hamlyn' and 'Ravenshoe' have made them popular wherever the language is read."

III. BARNABY RUDGE. By CHARLES DICKENS. The tenth volume of the elegant DIAMOND EDITION. Illustrated Edition, containing sixteen full page illustrations by S. EYTINGE, Jr. $1 50. Plain Edition, $1 25.

JUST PUBLISHED.
LIFE OF JOSIAH QUINCY. 8vo. $3.
THE DIAMOND WHITTIER. $1 50.
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*** For sale by all booksellers. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of price, by the Publishers,
TICKNOR & FIELDS, Boston,
No. 63 Bleecker-st., New-York.

READY OCTOBER 10:
WILLIAM MASON & E. S. HOADLY'S
NEW METHOD FOR THE PIANO-FORTE.

In answer to numerous inquiries, the publishers respectfully announce that unexpected delays have rendered it impossible for them to have this work ready quite as soon as was announced. They now confidently expect to publish it on or before Oct. 10, when the orders with which they have been favored will be promptly filled.

Experienced teachers who have seen the proofs of this book pronounce it a most important contribution to the resources for piano-forte instruction, regarding it as presenting improvements of the greatest practical value. It will be elegantly manufactured and illustrated; 288 pages large quarto; price $4. Published by
MASON BROTHERS,
No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

READY THIS DAY:
METCALF ON CONTRACTS.
HURD & HOUGHTON,
No. 459 Broome-st, New-York,
Will publish on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25,
PRINCIPLES OF THE LAW OF CONTRACTS,
WITH
EXAMPLES OF THEIR APPLICATION.
By THERON METCALF, LL.D.,
Late one of the Associate Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts.
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EXTRACT FROM PREFACE.—The general order adopted has been, first, to describe, in each instance, the principal gold and silver producing districts, and to give such statistical information as could be obtained respecting their yield and importance. Then follows an account of the methods employed for extracting the ores; and lastly, a description of the apparatus made use of for their mechanical and metallurgical treatment.

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5-20 Coupon, '62	114	114½	Oct., comp'ds. '64	119½	119¾
5-20 Coupon, '64	108⅝	109	Dec., comp'ds. '64	118⅝	118¾
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10-40 Reg.	99½	99¾	Oct., comp'ds '65	115½	115¾
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- Milwaukee (repudiated) aid Beloit R. R.,
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Issue circular letters of credit to travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also commercial credits.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD COMPANY,
CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 12, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH A RESOLUTION of its Board of Directors, passed at a meeting held this day, a MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company will be held at its office in the City of Cleveland on TUESDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, at 2 o'clock P. M., to consider and vote upon the question of a lease of its road to, and a running arrangement with, the Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula Railroad Company, and of an increase of its capital stock; and likewise to take action upon a proposition for leasing to the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company the joint use of the Cuyahoga River Bridge at Cleveland.

The transfer-books will be closed at 2 o'clock P. M. of Saturday, 28th September instant, and reopened on the morning of Thursday, 10th October, 1867.
WM. F. STAUNTON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND, PAINESVILLE AND ASHTABULA RAILROAD COMPANY,
CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 13, 1867.

NOTICE.—IN ACCORDANCE WITH A RESOLUTION of the Board of Directors of this Company, adopted this day, a Special Meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Cleveland, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of October next, at 11 o'clock A. M., to vote upon the question of leasing the Railroad of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company; also, to vote upon an increase of the capital stock of this Company.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from September 28th inst., until October 9, 1867.
GEO. B. ELY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Sept. 20, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, PURSUANT to charter, that the sixth installment of ten dollars on each share of stock of the National Trust Company is due on the first day of October next. Subscribers will please call at the office of the Company and pay their installment, and also bring with them the original receipt for the first installment, in order that this installment may be receipted thereon.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

NO. 44 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK, Aug. 22, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, IN ACCORDANCE with the law of Michigan, that a meeting of shareholders in the Isle Royale Mining Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 2, 1867, at the office of the Company in New-York, to consider the subject of selling certain parcels of land not needed for the use of the Company, and to transact any other business.
By Order of the Directors.
F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. R. CO.,
PITTSBURGH, Sept. 23, 1867.

HOLDERS OF RECEIPTS GIVEN FOR subscriptions to New Stock will present them at the office of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York, by the 30th inst., and receive certificates for same, as those remaining out on 1st of October will not be entitled to the dividend for the quarter ending 30th of September.
F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY, cor 4th-av. and 27th-st.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 18, 1867.

THE INTEREST DUE ON THE BONDS of this Company Oct. 1, 1867, will be paid on and after that date, at the National Bank of the Republic, corner of Wall-st. and Broadway, or at this office.
JOHN T. SHELTON, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-FOUNDLAND Telegraph and Merchants' Union Express stocks bought and sold on commission by
GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 7 Wall-st.,
Dealer in Telegraph and Express Stocks.

FOR SALE—AT THE CHATHAM NATIONAL Bank, corner Broadway and John-st., Montgomery and Eufaula (Alabama) Railroad Company's first mortgage bonds. These bonds bear interest at the rate of 8 per cent. in gold, and are sold at 85 per cent., with accrued interest from Sept. 1, in currency.

FINANCIAL.

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- Scott County,
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- Hancock County,
- Menard County,
- Rock Island County,
- Marshall County,
- McDonough County,
- Henderson County,
- Schuyler County.

Bonds with [illegible] coupons attached (interest in default) at market rates. Any county or municipal obligations in default [illegible]
GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 7 Wall-st.

DIVIDENDS.

NAVASSA PHOSPHATE COMPANY.
FOURTH DIVIDEND.
The Trustees of the Navassa Phosphate Company have declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS per Share, payable Sept. 30, 1867, to stockholders of record that day.
Transfer-books closed from Sept. 21 to Sept. 30, 1867, inclusive.
WALTER R. LAWTON, Treasurer.
No. 31 JOHN-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 5, 1867.

OFFICE HARTFORD AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD CO.,
HARTFORD, Sept. 18, 1867.

NOTICE.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE DOLLARS, free of Government tax, has been declared on each share of stock standing on the books the [illegible] September inst., by the Board of Directors of the Hartford and New-Haven Railroad Company, payable on TUESDAY, Oct. 1, 1867.
Stockholders in New-York will receive their dividend at the Union National Bank.
The transfer books will be closed the 18th day of September to reopen the 2d day of October.
S. P. CONNER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 24, 1867.

FORTY-SECOND DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have THIS DAY declared a dividend of six (6) per cent. out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 30th inst., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 5th of October next.
Transfer-books will be closed on the afternoon of the 25th instant, and reopened on the morning of the 8th prox.
HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE RATHBONE OIL TRACT COMPANY, Sept. 18, 1867.

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES HAVE declared a Dividend of Eight Cents per share, payable at the office of the Union Trust Company, No. 73 Broadway, New-York City, on and after the 1st day of October next.
The transfer books will be closed on the 23d inst., and reopened on the 2d of October.
A. L. PURVES, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL OIL CO. OF NEW-YORK,
No. 52 SOUTH-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 20, 1867.

A DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Company has this day been declared payable at this office on and after Oct. 1, 1867. The transfer books will be closed from this date to 2d October, proximo. By order.
E. C. STURGIS, Secretary.

BULL'S HEAD BANK.—THIRTY-SIXTH DIVIDEND.—NEW-YORK, Sept. 10, 1867.—The usual quarterly dividend of four (4) per cent., free of all taxes, has this day been declared payable on and after the first day of October next.
G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

DAYTON AND MICHIGAN RAILROAD Company's First Mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds (with sinking fund) for sale by LYNDE L. JONES, No. 137 Broadway, Room No. 2.

SAVINGS BANKS.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,
1,146 BROADWAY,
Between 26th and 27th sts.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Mondays and Fridays from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Interest allowed on deposits at the rate of Six Per Cent., free from Government tax.

Interest commences from the 1st of each and every month.

CHARLES PECK, President.
CHARLES T. RODGERS, Secretary.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION, NO. 283 BOWERY.
Six per cent. interest (free from tax) allowed on all sums of from $5 to $5,000.
Deposits made on or before Oct. 1, will draw interest from that date. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. On MONDAYS and WEDNESDAYS from 5 to 7.
GERMAN SPOKEN.
ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

DIME SAVINGS BANK OF WILLIAMSBURGH,
Cor. South 7th and 1st sts.
Money deposited on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from Oct. 1. Six per cent. interest on sums up to $5,000 (five thousand) allowed, free of tax.
PETER M. DINGEE, President.
WM. GRANDY, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK.
Corner 26-av. and 26th-st.,
Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8.
Deposits from $1 to $5,000 received and SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid.
Money deposited on or before Oct. 1 will draw interest from that date.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
Chatham-square, N. Y.
Six per cent. interest allowed on sums from $1 to $5,000. Deposits made now draw interest from Oct. 1.
HARRISSON HALL, President.
J. P. COOPER, Secretary.
C. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
NEW MARBLE FIRE-PROOF BANKING HOUSE, Nos. 1 and 3 3d-AV., OPPOSITE COOPER INSTITUTE.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free from tax, paid on ALL DEPOSITS from $5 to $5,000. Interest commences OCT. 1.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
SOUTHWEST CORNER OF BOWERY AND CANAL-ST.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID ON ALL SUMS FROM FIVE TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
INTEREST COMMENCES OCT. 1.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Sec'y. GEO. FOLSOM, Pres't.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., corner of 14th-st.—Six per Cent. interest paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Oct. 1 will draw interest from Oct. 1.
R. H. MACLAY, President.
E. S. CONSTANT, Vice-President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

TO LET.

A BROADWAY STORE TO LET,
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FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—ABOUT half an hour from the City; an elegant place; is not surpassed in style of finish or convenience by any City house; easily accessible at all hours; will be rented for six months cheap to the right kind of a family. Particulars with S. W. BENEDICT, No. 10 Pine-st., or address OWNER, Box No. 185 *Times* Office.

TO LET—TWO NEW FRAME DWELLING with modern improvements, situate at Woodside, ten minutes' ride by horse-car from depot at Newark; fine locality and excellent neighborhood.
KING & BOND, No. 290 Broad-st., Newark.

A SPLENDID FURNISHED HOUSE TO lease to a private family up town; house splendidly frescoed; furniture new and first-class, with others in City of Brooklyn and Jersey City. A number first-class for sale.
M. C. BISHOP, No. 67 Liberty-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, the brown-stone house No. 88 Second-place, between Court and Clinton sts., Brooklyn; the house is in a desirable neighborhood, and in good order. Apply at No. 23 Fulton-st., New-York.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—No. 25 East 14th-st., for business or to let, furnished, to a private family. Apply on the premises to GEO. T. ELLIOT, or to HOMER MORGAN, E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Pine-st.

TO LET—THE BEAUTIFUL HOUSE AND grounds, (12 acres,) late of F. W. Edmonds, Esq., half a mile from Bronxville Depot on Harlem Railroad, and near to depot on New-Haven Railroad. Inquire of GEORGE B. BUTLER, at A. T. Stewart & Co.'s.

AT YONKERS—TO RENT, FURNISHED frame house, 11 rooms; good location; good Winter house; from Oct. 1 to May 1. Rent between $80 and $90 per month.
S. D. DAVIS, No. 14 Broad-st.

TO LET—AT TARRYTOWN, WITH IMMEDIATE possession, a double two-story, basement and attic house, in complete order, near the depot; rent low.
KENYON & STEPHENS, No. 63 Nassau-st.

TO LET—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED house, No. 47 Lafayette-place, to a private family only; possession immediately. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—TILL MAY 1, FURNISHED HOUSE at Englewood, N. J.; furnace, stable, &c., &c.; in first-class location, fine view, &c. Apply to H. C. LUCE, No. 117 Broadway, Room No. 13, afternoons.

TO LEASE—PREMISES NO. 6 UNION-square, now altered for business purposes; also, the adjoining property, No. 44, if desired.
BRADHURST & FIELD, No. 60 Cedar-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN 38TH-ST., TO rent to a private family only; four-story brown-stone, fully and handsomely furnished, in excellent order. Apply to M. B., No. 137 Broadway, Room No. 12.

TO LET—FURNISHED, A HANDSOME RESIDENCE at Montclair, New-Jersey, with horse, carriage, cow, &c. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 64 Cedar-st., N. Y.

DESK ROOM—AT ROOM NO. 13, NO. 117 Broadway, one flight up, handsomely furnished.

TO LET—PART OF FIRST LOFT AND OFFICE, No. 82 Leonard-st. Apply on the premises.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

HOUSE WANTED.
Wanted, a good house, well furnished, eligibly situated south of 38th-st., between 4th and 6th avs., for a small private family, till May ensuing. Address Box No. 1,316 Post-office.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—FOR 18 to 24 months, from Nov. 1, between 4th and 6th avs., by a small private family of adults; rent not to exceed $4,000. Parties going abroad will find a very desirable tenant. Address G. U. S., Box No. 2,892 Post-office, stating exact location.

FIFTY UNFURNISHED HOUSES WANTED for good tenants, by S. W. BENEDICT, No. 10 Pine-st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE.
The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of E. R. MUDGE, SAWYER & CO. has been dissolved by the retirement of Mr. HENRY A. KELLEY therefrom.
The remaining members of the firm will continue the business under the same firm name. Mr. KELLEY will, for the present, take charge for the new firm, of the department for the sale of cotton goods.
E. R. MUDGE, SAWYER & CO.,
HENRY A. KELLEY.
SEPT. 19, 1867.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN CAN NOW [illegible] neatly furnished rooms with all the conveniences of a house, [illegible] Address J. WILSON, Box No. [illegible]

A PRIVATE FAMILY, IN 37TH-ST., [illegible]

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET, WITH [illegible] furnished, suitable for gentlemen and their wives or for single gentlemen; [illegible] Apply at No. 128 [illegible]

5TH-AV., NO. 360, CORNER 31ST-ST.—An elegant suite of rooms on the first floor, newly and richly furnished; also, the third floor, with a very beautiful and convenient suite of rooms, suitable for a family; both with private table. Apply as above.

NO. 22 NORTH WASHINGTON-SQUARE. —Suites of rooms elegantly furnished, consisting of entire second floor; four rooms, bath, &c.; with board; private table if desired; also parlor and bedroom on third floor. References exchanged.

A FEW DESIRABLE AND RICHLY furnished rooms, en suite or single, for first-class families and single gentlemen; terms moderate. Reunion Hotel, 42d-st., between 4th and Lexington avs.
D. F. ROBINSON.

TARRYTOWN—ON THE HUDSON—ONE or two families can be accommodated with first-class board until the 1st of May or June, at reasonable prices, within three minutes' walk of the depot; adults preferred. Address Post-office, Box 239, Tarrytown, N. Y.

WANTED—FOR THE WINTER, BY A GENTLEMAN and his wife, in a private family, board, parlor, bedroom, fire and gas; references given and required. Address, stating price, &c., V. H., Box No. 3,871 Post-office.

BOARDING—A STRICTLY PRIVATE FAMILY, consisting of three adults, could comfortably accommodate four gentlemen with superior rooms and board; dinner on table at 6 o'clock, with good wines for those desiring them. Apply at No. 113 Broadway, Room No. 7.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SUITE of apartments, with dressing-room, private bath, &c.; also a hall chamber, to let to gentlemen only at No. 70 West 9th-st., opposite Washington-square. References required.

NO. 36 EAST 12TH-ST., BETWEEN Broadway and University-place, a handsome suite of rooms on second floor, with private parlor on first floor; first-class board; private table if required; references.

NO. 76 5TH-AV., NEAR DELMONICO'S —Handsomely furnished rooms, suites or single, with or without board; also, a basement for a physician; terms moderate.

BOARD WANTED BY A GENTLEMAN, wife and child, in a respectable private family, where there are few or no other boarders taken; best of references given. Address J. B., No. 268 Greenwich-st.

HANDSOME ROOMS FOR FAMILIES or single gentlemen with board, or private table if preferred. Apply at No. 50 East 18th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

TO LET—TO A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, IN A private family, a newly-furnished room on Stuyvesant-square; references exchanged. Address K. L. M., Station D.

TO LET—WITH PRIVATE TABLES, TWO elegantly and richly furnished floors; house and appointments strictly first-class. No. 86 West 11th-st., one door from 5th-av.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, AT NO. 48 WEST 12th-st., can accommodate a gentleman and wife and two gentlemen with furnished rooms and board; servants and children not taken; references required.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH BOARD—One floor of five rooms, including a parlor 15 by 32, elegantly frescoed and furnished, No. 48 East 11th-st. References exchanged.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WISH TO RENT to one or two gentlemen, without board, a large, neatly-furnished front room on second floor, with all the conveniences, at No. 321 East 19th-st., near 2d-av.

A SMALL FAMILY LIVING NEAR Union-square will let their parlors, handsomely furnished, with board or private table; house first class; location excellent. Address V. R. D., Station D.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF MAKING arrangements for the Fall and Winter, can secure pleasant rooms, with board, by applying at No. 214 West 14th-st.

HOBOKEN.—TWO OR THREE SINGLE GENTLEMEN, or a gentleman and his wife, can obtain fine rooms with board, by applying at No. 18 Hudson-st., directly opposite the ferry.

A LARGE EXTENSION-ROOM ON FIRST floor, furnished, (including piano,) to let, with board; terms moderate; reference exchanged. Apply at No. 115 (old number) East 17th-st.

FURNISHED THIRD STORY BACK room to let, with board, to gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen. Apply at No. 128 East 27th-st., near Lexington-av.

NO. 239 EAST 18TH-ST., NEAR STUYVESANT Park—A handsome suite of rooms; also several large and small rooms, furnished, to let with board; references.

NO. 143 WEST 13TH-ST.—SECOND-STORY room, well furnished, to let to one or two gentlemen, with or without board; family strictly private.

NO. 56 EAST 17TH-ST., THIRD DOOR from Union-square—A few fine rooms to let, with board; private table if desired; references exchanged.

NO. 85 HENRY-ST., BROOKLYN HEIGHTS. —Rooms with board, five minutes' walk of Fulton or Wall-st. Ferry.

A SECOND FLOOR TO LET, WITH board, at No. 119 East 16th-st., third door east of 4th-av. References exchanged.

PLEASANT ROOMS, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, on second floor, to let, with board, by calling at No. 328 West 19th-st.

DESIRABLE ROOMS TO LET, WITH board, to a family or party of adults. Apply at No. 23 West 31st-st.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT ROOMS, SUITABLE for gentlemen and their wives or single gentlemen. No. 31 West 26th-st.

TWO VERY HANDSOME ROOMS ON the second floor will be rented together or separately, at No. 28 University-place, with full or partial board.

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with sleeping apartments in a private family. Terms $3 per week. Apply at No. 67 Spring-st.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS to let, with board, at the first-class house No. 48 West 15th-st.; unexceptionable reference required.

SUITE OF ROOMS, FIRST FLOOR, WITH private table only; every accommodation; other rooms for families. No. 8 University-place.

GOOD BOARD AND PLEASANT ROOMS can be obtained at No. 11 Vandam-st. Reference exchanged.

BOARD AT CORNWALL FOR THE FALL and Winter. JAMES G. ROE.

PLEASANT SUITES OF ROOMS TO LET to gentlemen only at No. 28 West 29th-st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALBANY, July 27, 1867.

TO THE SHERIFF OF THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK—SIR: Notice is hereby given that at the General Election to be held in this State, on the TUESDAY succeeding the first Monday of November next, the following officers are to be elected, to wit:

A Secretary of State, in the place of Francis C. Barlow.

A Comptroller, in the place of Thomas Hillhouse.

A Treasurer, in the place of Joseph Howland.

An Attorney-General, in the place of John H. Martindale.

A State Engineer and Surveyor, in the place of J. Platt Goodsell.

A Canal Commissioner, in the place of Franklin A. Alberger.

An Inspector of State Prisons, in the place of David P. Forrest.

A Judge of the Court of Appeals in the place of Henry E. Davies.

All whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.

Also, a Justice of the Supreme Court for the First Judicial District, in the place of William H. Leonard, whose term of office will expire on the last day of December next.

Also, five Senators, for the 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th Senate Districts, comprising the County of New-York.

COUNTY OFFICERS TO BE ELECTED.

Twenty-one members of Assembly.

A Sheriff, in the place of John Kelly.

A County Clerk, in the place of William C. Conner.

A Justice of the Marine Court, in the place of Edmund L. Hearne.

Two Supervisors, in the place of John Brice and Orison Blunt.

One Supervisor, in the place of Joseph B. Taylor, appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Alexander Shaler.

A District-Attorney, in the place of A. Oakey Hall.

A Justice of Court of Common Pleas, in the place of John R. Brady.

Two Justices of the Superior Court, in the place of John M. Barbour and Claudius L. Monell.

Three Coroners in the place of William C. Gover, John Wildey, and Robert Gamble.

All whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.

Yours respectfully,
FRANCIS C. BARLOW, Secretary of State.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
City and County of New-York, } ss.
I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of the original notice received by me this day from the Secretary of State.
Dated NEW-YORK, Aug. 10, 1867.
JOHN KELLY,
Sheriff of the City and County of New-York.

Newspapers not officially authorized to publish this notice will not receive pay for its insertion.—Chap. 650, Laws of 1860.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED.
$25,000 to $30,000 cash capital from a party as active or special partner, by two business men of unquestioned business ability, integrity and character.
If an active partner, we want a man of business capacity and willing to work.
If a special partner, we want a capitalist who is a man of honor and can appreciate a business proposition, and has faith in business enterprises of merit.
We have the business already in hand that will return immense profits, and we only need more capital to insure great success.
Should like to make arrangements for three years, and will treat liberally for the money needed, as to insure against loss and guarantee large returns.
The best of references given and required.
Address
L. M. S. O. F.,
Box No. 145 *Times* Office.

$2,000.—A YOUNG MAN HAVING $2,000 would like a partner, having the same amount, to join him in purchasing an agreeable and very profitable business already established in this City. Address, appointing interview, H. S., Box No. 176 *Times* Office.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINATED the anaesthetic use of nitrous oxide gas, and administer it in the manner most approved by the medical profession, do nothing but EXTRACT TEETH, and they certainly do that WITHOUT PAIN. 20,000 patients testify. See their names at the office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

[illegible]
No. 2 Pine-st.
REAL ESTATE AND LOAN BROKERS.
Give special attention to the [illegible] houses, both furnished and unfurnished, and obtaining loans on City property. We [illegible] first dwelling houses on [illegible] located than [illegible]

ALLEN & BROWN,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND AUCTIONEERS,
No. 96 Broadway, New-York.
Opposite Trinity Church.

In offering their services to the public for the [illegible]
JONATHAN W. ALLEN.
JOSIAH W. BROWN.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1866.
H. HENRIQUES, long connected with this class of business, will be in attendance at the office.

FOR SALE—TWO FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone houses, [illegible] with walnut stairs, [illegible] and a splendid billiard-room. [illegible] houses is done with Colwell, Shaw & Willard's [illegible] improvements. [illegible] Apply on the premises, No. 420 and 422 Lexington-av., near [illegible]

ELEGANT FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE English basement house for sale, located on West 34th-st., opposite the Blind Asylum; house handsomely frescoed and in perfect order throughout; will be sold with or without the furniture, with immediate possession; price $27,500. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE DESIRABLE PROPERTY Nos. 40, 42, 44 and 46 Cannon-st., 100 feet by 100 feet, between Delancey and Rivington; four 2-story attic and basement brick dwellings on front, and substantial three-story factory and other brick buildings, suitable for any kind of manufacturing purposes, on rear of lots. Inquire of R. W. PATRICK, No. 63 Murray-st.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, A FIRST-class brown-stone house in 5th-av., near 34th-st. The house is 25 feet wide, by the ordinary depth, with an extended back building. The house is very substantially constructed, and is in every way one of the most desirable residences in this City. For permits to view apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

AN EXCELLENT FOUR-STORY BRICK house, high stoop, basement and sub-cellar, in Beekman-place, 25x100, with all modern improvements; oil-cloth and gas fixtures in perfect order; possession 1st of November if required; price $22,000; mortgage $12,000.
GEORGE WHITELY, No. 67 5th-av.

EIGHTY-FOURTH-ST.—FINE THREE-story house, all modern improvements, between the Park and Boulevard, newly painted and papered, for sale by MALLORY, BLACKWELL & CO., *Evening Post* Building, No. 36 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone house, No. 9 Gramercy Park, 25 ft. 8 in. in front; in good order; private key to park. For particulars and permits apply to
ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

FOR SALE LOW—EASY TERMS; IMMEDIATE possession; two very desirable 19.6 wide three-story high-stoop brick houses adjoining; every improvement; beautiful order; corner 41st-st. and 7th-av. Apply on premises.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS HIGH-STOOP brown-stone houses, now ready for occupancy, on the northeast corner of 14th-st. and 2d-av.; location beautiful. Inquire on the premises.
JOHN GLASS.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS HOUSES and lots on Madison and 5th avs.; also on Murray Hill, with immediate possession. For permits and particulars, apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AN EXTRA-SIZE FOUR-STORY high-stoop brown-stone front house and lot on 20th-st., near 5th-av., elegantly and fully furnished. Apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE HOUSE and lot No. 75 6th-av., corner of 13th-st.; lot 25x100; a desirable location for business purposes. Apply to
ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, TWO NEW first-class brown stone houses in Gates-av., near Washington-av.; houses 3 stories, basement and sub-cellar, and have all modern improvements; plate glass windows, &c. Terms easy. Apply to owner, A. B. ENGLAND, No. 87 Gates-av.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE IN Brooklyn; first-class neighborhood; high ground; all modern improvements; in perfect order. Possession immediately. Price $10,000. Address J. R. WHITNEY, No. 29 Broadway.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
NEW-JERSEY REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
No. 26 Pine-st.,
Would call attention to their descriptive list, issued the 1st of September.

CHERRY HILL,
For sale at Cherry Hill, N. J., eight miles from 42d-st. ferry, reached by Northern Railroad of New-Jersey and Hackensack Railroad, elegant country residences, neat cottages and eligible building sites, fronting on wide streets and avenues.
HOUSES ERECTED TO ORDER,
and money advanced to parties desiring to build. For photographs, maps and full particulars, apply to
A. D. MELLICK JR., & BRO.
No. 26 Pine-st.

AT GREENWICH, CONN.—FOR SALE—One of the most desirable residences in this beautiful and healthy village; house well built, filled in with brick, 34x36; wing, 20x17; containing fourteen rooms, suitable for Summer and Winter residence; just been painted and put in thorough order; stable, hennery, &c., and one acre of ground highly ornamented; large garden, well stocked with vegetables and the choicest variety of fruits. Will be sold low, with furniture if desired. Two-thirds of purchase money can remain on mortgage. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FURNISHED, at Morristown, 1½ miles from depot, a country seat of 5 or more acres, with an abundance of fruit and shade; excellent garden, fine lawn; house of 12 rooms; carriage, ice and gardener's houses, all in good order; possession at once. SAM'L EDDY, on premises, or No. 194 Broadway, Brooklyn Insurance Company.

ELIZABETH—FOR SALE, A NEW DWELLING-house containing 11 rooms; good garden; three minutes' walk from depot; part of money can remain on bond and mortgage; price $6,000. Apply to J. M. M'EKER, No. 223 Broad-st., Elizabeth, or at No. 78 Cedar-st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 263 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A SNUG house; 10 well-arranged rooms; barn; 1½ acres ground, prettily laid out; 15 minutes' walk from depot at Hackensack, N. J.; healthy; time from New-York to house, 1¼ hours; price, $9,000, or furnished, $10,000. Apply to WM. L. TAYLOR, No. 17 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—ON BERGEN HILL, A NEW house containing eight large rooms handsomely finished, on a lot 100 by 143 feet; grounds well filled with fruit; only one block from the South Bergen horse cars; price $12,000; terms easy. Apply to Room No. 12, Nos. 156 and 158 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—AT RUTHERford Park, N. J., a fine new country house and two acres of land; Erie Railway; forty minutes; a choice locality. Apply to GEO. E. WOODWARD, Architect, No. 191 Broadway, New-York.

FARM FOR SALE.—EASTCHESTER, WESTchester County, N. Y., 200 acres, with mansion and farmhouses, barns, and all necessary outbuildings; situate about two miles from Williams' Bridge; fine view of Long Island Sound. Apply at No. 170 William-st.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY SEAT OF THE late Jacob R. Herrick, on the Hunt's Point Road, Westchester County; 24 acres with mansion and every improvement. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Pine-st., or J. J. SENEY, No. 34 Broad-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A GOOD MODern-built country residence, furnished, at Montclair, N. J., five minutes' walk from railroad station.
J. H. PRATT, No. 86 Chambers-st.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE in Llewellyn Park, at Orange, N. J.; only one hour from New-York; at a bargain. Apply to L. S. HASKELL, Library Building, Orange, N. J.

TARRYTOWN AND YONKERS—A NUMber of places for sale by MALLORY, BLACKWELL & CO., *Evening Post* Building, No. 36 Liberty-st.

A GREAT BARGAIN.—AN ELEGANT COUNtry seat, worth $40,000, for $30,000.
JAQUES, No. 203 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—FIRST-CLASS and medium-price HOUSES and LOTS in any good locations.
Also, PROPERTY in the Seventh, Tenth, Thirteenth and Seventeenth Wards.
Also, BUSINESS PROPERTY on the Third, Sixth and Eighth avs.
Also, PROPERTY on the Bowery, Broome, Spring, Prince, Bleecker, Amity, Mercer, Greene, Wooster, Laurens and Thompson sts.
ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE WANTED IN exchange for a first-class brick house in Brooklyn, worth $11,000. Not less than one acre, within one hour of City, near depot, churches, &c.; New-Jersey preferred. Address STARR, Box No. 3,448 New-York.

WANTED—A GOOD HIGH BASEMENT HOUSE in a good neighborhood; modern improvements; immediate possession; worth $12,000 to $16,000. Address Box No. 1,540 Post-office.

40 LOTS WANTED IN ONE PLOT, OR about that number, for improvement in this City, on the North River, between 14th and 34th sts. Address Box No. 1,676 Post-office, with price and particulars.

BRICK CLAY LOT WANTED—ON HUDSON, near New-York. Apply at No. 103 Worth-st., New-York.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 23, 1867.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE BOARD of Managers of the New-York State Colonization Society was held this day. The following resolutions, offered by Wm. Tracy, Esq., were adopted:

Whereas, The members of this Board have learned with deep emotion the death of their associate, Joseph B. Collins, Esq., who departed this life on the 18th inst., after having been a member hereof for twenty-two years, and Recording Secretary since 1850;

Resolved, That his varied services in the promotion of the numerous philanthropic and Christian institutions in this City and State, his earnest and efficient efforts during a life protracted beyond its usual limit, to succor, reform and elevate the unfortunate, the vicious and down-trodden, to relieve the widow and the fatherless, and to promote the temporal and eternal happiness of his race, endeared him to all that knew him, and impress his associates with the conviction that in leaving earth the good man has but gone to his home.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions, as an expression of our respect and affection to his memory, be transmitted to his family.
THOMAS DE WITT, President.
J. M. GOLDBERG, Secretary.

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
NOS. 327 AND 329 FOURTH-AV.
Rev. G. W. BACON, M. D., LL.D.,
R. S. BACON, M. D., LL.B., } Principals.

This institution, now in its [illegible] year, possesses, in the experience and skill of its full corps of instructors, peculiar advantages for those seeking a thorough training in the various branches of study. Included in the school are a Classical Department, a Commercial and Scientific Department, French, German, Spanish, Drawing, a Preparatory Department and Gymnasium. The object of the Classical Department is to prepare students for any college; and the number of our pupils who have graduated head of their respective classes is the best proof of the thoroughness of their preparation; in that number stand Messrs. Demarest and Merriam, who are now instructors in the school.

The Commercial Department is intended to prepare pupils for business or scientific pursuits, special attention being paid to writing, commercial correspondence, book-keeping and commercial law. Each modern language is in charge of a professor, to whom the tongue is vernacular. There are no extra charges for pursuing any of the branches taught in the school.

INSTRUCTORS.
- Rev. G. W. Bacon, M. D., LL.D., Classics, with Superintendence of all the Departments.
- R. S. Bacon, M. D., LL.B., Classics, with Superintendence of Mathematics and English studies.
- T. B. Demarest, A. M., Mathematics.
- A. C. Merriam, A. B., Classics and English branches.
- T. H. Murphy, Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.
- H. W. Owen, English branches.
- S. Durell, A. M., Professor of French.
- P. Frisen, Ph. D., Professor of German.
- J. R. Barlow, Professor of Drawing.
- A. de Tornos, Professor of Spanish.
- H. W. Ellsworth, Principal of the Department of Writing and Book-keeping.
- L. B. Davis, Assistant in the Department of Writing and Book-keeping.
- Miss A. Owen, Primary Department.

The school is always open to inspection, and those interested in education are invited to call and see the mode of instruction. Catalogues at the school and book-stores.

REFERENCES.
The Principals refer to the parents of any of their former or present pupils; among others to the following:
- Hon. Hamilton Fish, LL. D., No. 124 East 17th-st.
- Hon. Washington Hunt, Albemarle Hotel.
- Hon. Charles A. Peabody, No. 54 West 21st-st.
- Hon. William Mitchell, LL. D., No. 8 9th-st.
- Hon. Francis R. Rives, No. 8 Washington-place.
- Hon. William A. Kobbe, No. 16 East 16th-st.
- Right Rev. A. Cleveland Coxe, D. D., Buffalo.
- Wm. A. Hammond, M. D., No. 163 West 34th-st.
- Henry E. Pierrepont, Esq., No. 1 Pierrepont-place, Brooklyn.
- Abiel A. Low, Esq., No. 31 Burling-slip.
- Paul Spofford, Esq., No. 4 East 14th-st.
- Lewis Livingston, Esq., No. 5 University-place.
- James Low, Esq., No. 20 East 22d-st.
- Edwin Hoyt, Esq., No. 24 5th-av.
- Reuben W. Howes, Esq., No. 3 East 17th-st.
- Burritt Shepard, Esq., No. 332 5th-av.
- Prof. S. F. B. Morse, No. 5 West 22d-st.
- Joseph W. Bradley, Esq., No. 341 West 34th-st.
- Mrs. A. E. Schermerhorn, No. 61 University-place.
- Rev. Thomas D. Anderson, D. D., No. 87 East 17th-st.
- Herman D. Aldrich, Esq., No. 8 East 14th-st.
- Cosmo Stailly, M. D., No. 12 St. Mark's-place.
- Major-Gen. Schuyler Hamilton, No. 321 West 28th-st.

Reference is made also to the following gentlemen:
- Right Rev. Horatio Potter, D. D., LL. D., D. C. L., Bishop of the Diocese of New-York.
- Hon. Charles King, LL. D., late President of Columbia College.
- Rev. Frederick A. P. Barnard, S. T. D., LL. D., President of Columbia College.
- Rev. Cornelius Duffie, D. D., Chaplain of Columbia College.
- Henry Drisler, LL. D., Professor of Latin in Columbia College.
- Charles Davies, LL. D., Professor of the Higher Mathematics in Columbia College.
- William G. Peck, LL. D., Professor of Pure Mathematics in Columbia College.
- Theodore W. Dwight, LL. D., Professor of Municipal Law in Columbia College.

FRIEND'S SEMINARY,
ON RUTHERFORD-PLACE.
This institution will reopen on the 9th inst. For admission or circular apply at the school.
H. FOULKE, Principal.

MISS COMSTOCK'S
LIMITED BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
No. 7 EAST 37TH-ST.,
Will reopen on 20th September. Boarding pupils, six.

REV. J. H. TYNG'S SCHOOL,
At No. 907 Broadway,
will reopen on
TUESDAY, Sept. 17.

MISS RANNEY'S
Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, Elizabeth, N. J., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18.

MRS. JOHN W. BLIGH
Reopened her seminary for young ladies, No. 48 West 17th-st., on the 23d of September.

CORSWALL'S CLASSICAL INSTITUTE,
No. 1,289 Broadway, corner of 37th-st.

JOHN MAUHULLEN'S CLASSICAL, French, English and Primary School, at No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 16. A few boarders taken into the family of the Principal at Washington Heights. Families coming late to town may have their sons boarded for a few weeks. Circulars at the bookstore, No. 911 Broadway, and at the school, cor. Broadway and 20th-st.

FRANCO-AMERICAN INSTITUTE—FOR young gentlemen, No. 2 West 33d-st. Prof. E. FEZANDIE will reopen his school at the above address, on Sept. 17. Can be seen from the 1st, between 3 and 5 o'clock. Complete primary, commercial, scientific and classical instruction; modern languages. Circulars at Christern's, No. 863 Broadway.

TROY FEMALE SEMINARY.—THIS INstitution offers the accumulated advantages of over fifty years of successful operation.
Every facility is provided for a thorough course of useful and ornamental education, under the direction of a corps of more than twenty professors and teachers.
For circulars apply to JOHN H. WILLARD, Troy, N. Y.

S. A. FARRAND'S COLLEGIATE ACADEMY, No. 665 6th-av., near 40th-st.
Sufficient time is given to explain the difficulties each pupil meets with, and great pains are taken to teach him how to study. This is done so thoroughly that he needs no help at home.

LESPINASSE FRENCH INSTITUTE, Washington Heights, reopens Sept. 18. Boarders admitted after the 1st. French, (the language of the school,) English, Spanish, German, Classics. Graduating course for surveying and business. Circulars—Broadway, Nos. 133, 913, drug-stores; 701, music-store.

BEDFORD FEMALE INSTITUTE, IN charge of Mr. and Mrs. R. BOLTON, a family school for girls of all ages, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25. Terms $250 per year. Circulars can be had of Mr. J. M. BATES, No. 119 Broadway, or of J. M. RANKIN, No. 152 Broadway, or address the Principal.

THE MISSES HOWLAND'S ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 2 East 33d-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 23. Miss H. will be at home on and after Sept. 12. Until then address by letter as above.

MISS STILLMAN'S SEMINARY FOR Young Ladies, Brooklyn, is removed to the Lefferts Mansion, No. 1,228 Fulton-av., near Bedford-av., and will open its seventh year, with enlarged and improved facilities, Sept. 18.

MR. McDOUGALL'S SCHOOL, (HORACK HALL,) No. 87 West 46th-st., will be open Sept. 16. Catalogues at the bookstores, with testimonials from Princeton Faculty, the City Clergy, and present Patrons.

MISS PLUMB'S ACADEMY OF PHYSICAL CULTURE, No. 1,224 6th-av., corner of 16th-st., will reopen MONDAY, Oct. 14, for classes in Calisthenics, or Light Gymnastics, to meet MONDAY and THURSDAY, P. M.

MOUNTAIN-VIEW ACADEMY—HIGHland Falls, N. Y., 1½ miles South of West Point. Healthy location; fine scenery; a well-disciplined and thorough school. For circulars, address G. H. CARSWELL, Principal.

CIRCULARS OF SEVERAL GOOD Schools, for free use of parents, at J. W. SCHERMERHORN & CO.'S bookstore, No. 430 Broome-st., near Broadway. Also a complete Register of Teachers who seek positions.

MR. ALBERT W. BERG INFORMS his pupils and patrons that he has returned from Europe, and is prepared to resume his lessons. Address care WM. A. POND & CO., No. 547 Broadway.

THE MISSES ROBERTSON FAMILY SCHOOL, Cromwell, three miles from Middletown, Conn., will reopen Wednesday, Sept. 11. For circulars, address MISS ROBERTSON, Cromwell, Conn.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH and French Boarding School for Young Ladies, College-st., New-Brunswick, N. J. A NATIVE FRENCH TEACHER RESIDES IN THE FAMILY.

HOBART HALL, NO. 22 WEST 38TH-ST.—English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies. Fifteenth session begins MONDAY, Sept. 23. Address the Rector, J. J. ELMENDORF, D. D.

MISS SARAH A. YOUNG, NO. 1,128 BROADway, will reopen her school on MONDAY, Sept. 16, for children of both sexes. There is a spacious gymnasium where the children are exercised daily.

THE ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL of the Church of the Transfiguration, East 29th-st., between Madison and 5th avs., Rev. G. H. HOUGHTON, D. D., Rector, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 30.

MME. FITZ-HENRI, ASSISTED BY MME. GRIEUMARD, will reopen her English and French school for young ladies and children, No. 40 Irving-place, TUESDAY, Sept. 24.

THE MURRAY HILL INSTITUTE—AN English, French and Classical school for Boys, corner of 6th-av. and 38th-st., Rev. JOSEPH D. HULL, Principal, will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 23.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, NO. 70 MADISON-AV., will reopen Sept. 25. Letters directed to Mme. A. E. PREVOST, Box No. 1,325 New-York City, will receive prompt attention.

MISS BEACH'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for young ladies will reopen Sept. 18, 1867, at Nos. 23 and 40 Elm-st., New-Haven, Conn. Apply as above.

MISS MEEKER'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 22 West 40th-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 17. Miss MEEKER will be at home after Sept. 1.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE.
Classical, Commercial, English and French, with Preparatory and Post-Graduate Departments, No. 126 West Fourth-street, corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square, GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits pupils of all ages for business or college, and is easy of access from all parts of New-York, neighboring cities and villages.

It has received the patronage for a quarter of a century from the best families of New-York and vicinity, is now in successful operation and has room to admit additional pupils.

Little boys are watched over with special kindness and care. Terms reasonable. For particulars see Catalogue, to be had at the Institute, which parents are especially invited to visit.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE,
NOS. 48 AND 50 EAST 24TH-ST.,
will reopen Sept. 17.
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.
Pupils prepared for college, West Point, Naval Academy and business. Primary department for young boys, gymnasium, &c. The prospectus of the school contains the names of the pupils for the last twelve years. Over two hundred last year.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

GARDNER INSTITUTE.
English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 34 West 32d-st., New-York, will reopen Sept. 17.
The classes in Painting and Drawing will be taught by Prof. W. F. de Haas. A few pupils desiring to give special attention to these branches will be received.
REV. and MRS. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL—NOS. 327 AND 329 4TH-AV., NEW-YORK. REOPENS MONDAY, SEPT. 16. Rev. GEO. W. BACON, M. D., LL. D., Principal, Dr. RICHARD S. BACON, LL. B., Vice-Principal. There are three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory. Young men prepared for college, business, West Point, Naval Academy or Mining School. Modern languages under charge of experienced instructors. There are no extra charges. Circulars at the bookstores.

THE ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE, Nyack, on the Hudson, N. Y., will reopen Sept. 12. For circular or admission address Rev. L. DELOS MANSFIELD, Principal.

RUTGERS FEMALE COLLEGE,
NOS. 487, 489, 491 5TH-AV., NEW-YORK,
FOR BOARDING AND DAY STUDENTS.
Applicants for admission will be received and classified on the first three days of the term, Sept. 18, 19 and 20. The Academic and Preparatory Schools open at the same time.
For catalogues or other information, application may be made personally or by letter at the College.
H. M. PIERCE, LL. D., President.

GERMAN-AMERICAN INSTITUTE,
DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL
for young ladies, in No. 445 West 22d-st.; for young gentlemen in Nos. 267 and 271 West 23d-st., reopens TUESDAY, Sept. 10.
A Kindergarten, Primary Classes, and a spacious hall for Gymnastics and Dancing are connected with the Institute.
H. GERCKE, ROS. F. REUMANN, E. KOESSLY.

IDLEWILD.
FOR YOUNG LADIES.
Miss M. LAMMOND, late Principal of the leading educational institutions of the Pacific Coast, will open a French and English boarding-school in this well-known place on THURSDAY, Sept. 26. Circulars may be obtained of Miss LAMMOND, Idlewild, Moodna Post-office, Orange Co., N. Y. Terms, $400 per annum.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL.
The tenth annual term of this institution will commence at No. 37 Lafayette-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 2, and will continue until May 14, 1868. Graduates are admitted to the New-York Bar.
For catalogues containing fuller information address THEODORE W. DWIGHT, Warden &c.

MISS A. VAN WAGENEN'S
ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
for Young Ladies, No. 11 East 40th-st., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 26. Miss V. W. will be at home after Sept. 16; meanwhile address Box No. 318 New-York Post-office.

MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE.
Morristown, N. J.
A select family school. The situation is unrivaled, and parents will find the institution to be everything that can possibly be desired.
For circulars address D. G. HAZELTINE, A. M., Principal.

MISS ARMSTRONG'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 15 East 21st-st., old No. 32, will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 19.

MLLE. M. TARDIVEL'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH SELECT DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
No. 240 West 23d-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 16.

MRS. WM. STUART APPLETON,
RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.
English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, will open Monday, Sept. 16.
Address for circulars, Rye, New-York.

MRS. ARTOIS'
English and French School for young ladies, No. 131 West 26th-st., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 18.
For circulars address as above.

MRS. WILLIAMES'
English and French Boarding and Day School, No. 26 West 39th-st., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 19. Letters addressed as above.

TAGHCONIC INSTITUTE, LANESBOROUGH, Berkshire County, Mass.—ALBERT TOLMAN, A. M., Principal.—The Principal, three years tutor in Amherst College, and four years teacher in Maplewood Institute, Pittsfield, Mass., has had charge of this Select Family School for Boys, for the last twelve years. The twenty-fifth semi-annual session will commence THURSDAY, Nov. 7; the Principal will remain at the residence of E. L. Childs, Dentist, No. 189 President-st., Brooklyn, until Tuesday, Oct. 1; reference can be given to numerous patrons and friends in New-York and Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADIES' ENGLISH AND FRENCH boarding and day school, with Primary Department, will reopen Sept. 19 at No. 142 Remsen-st. Misses HARRISON & KANNEY, Principals of the Day Department; Mrs. S. B. NEWTON, Principal of the Boarding Department.

HAUTE RIVE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y. —French and English School for young ladies; delightfully situated, and combining thorough instruction with the advantages of a Christian home, will reopen Sept. 17, 1867. For circulars or admission address Mrs. C. W. HORTON, Principal.

MISS HAVEN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 290 Madison-av., will reopen Sept. 25. Circulars may be obtained at the leading bookstores and at her residence. Applications for the admission of pupils will receive immediate attention.

A LATE MEMBER OF THE UNIVERSITY of Oxford, previously a graduate of Harvard College, will receive private pupils and prepare them for the American or English Universities. Address OXFORD, Box No. 172 *Times* Office.

MISS A. ZARN'S GERMAN, ENGLISH and French Day and Boarding-school for young ladies, will reopen Sept. 2. For particulars inquire at No. 15 East Warren-st., Brooklyn.

UNION HALL, JAMAICA, L. I.—THE FEmale Department commences its fifty-first year Sept. 17. Catalogues sent on application.
MISS H. M. G. STEVENS, Principal.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding-school for boys. The next school year will commence Sept. 2, 1867. For circulars, apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

THE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND CLASSICAL School of Dr. F. BERTHET will reopen Sept. 16, at No. 920 Broadway. There is a gymnasium. For circulars apply to LOCKWOOD, No. 411 Broadway.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF BOYS PREPARED for business or for college, in the most thorough manner, in the family of Rev. J. TUFTS, Monson, Mass.

SOUTH BROOKLYN FEMALE SEMINARY, No. 207 Clinton-st., Boarding and Day School, reopens WEDNESDAY, Sept. 11.
A. W. MOREHOUSE, A. M., Principal.

MOHEGAN LAKE SCHOOL, FOUR MILES from Peekskill, New-York, opens Sept. 10. CHARLES D. MORRIS, M. A., late Fellow of Oriel College, Oxford, Principal.

MISS BEAN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No 110 West 42d-st., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 23.

MISS K. S. CLARK'S SCHOOL FOR young children, No. 1,267 Broadway, near 32d-st., reopened on the 16th of September.

THE FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE, No. 126 Madison-av., corner 31st-st., reopens for boarding and day pupils Sept. 18.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND French School for Young Ladies, No. 332 West 20th-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 16.

MISS F. B. PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 203 East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, will reopen Wednesday, Sept. 18.

THE MISSES MARSHALL'S SCHOOL for young ladies, No. 250 West 38th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 16.

MISS FRASER'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG ladies, No. 17 West 48th-st., will reopen Thursday, Sept. 19.

MR. LEGGETT'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH and English School, No. 1,214 Broadway, will be reopened Sept. 16.

ORANGE PRIORY—A HOME SCHOOL FOR young ladies and children, opens Sept. 9. For circulars address Miss S. H. GALE, Orange, New-Jersey.

KINDERGARTEN SCHOOLS—FOR BOYS, 6th-av., bet. 39th and 40th sts.; for girls 68 West 39th-st.; reopen Sept. 16. Address M. COE.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their day school for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., on Monday, Sept. 23.

MISS OLSSEN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 270 4th-av., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 19.

MR. S. P. JESSE'S SCHOOL, AT NO. 1,153 Broadway, will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 17.

MISS PERINE WILL REOPEN HER English and French school for young ladies Sept. 23 at No. 100 East 28th-st., near Park-av.

THE MISSES GREEN WILL REOPEN their school for young ladies on THURSDAY, Sept. 26, at No. 1 5th-av., first door from Washington-square.

MISS S. M. ROGERS' SCHOOL WILL reopen Sept. 16, Lexington-av., S. E. cor. 29th-st.

MAPLE HALL FEMALE SEMINARY, JAMAICA, L. I., opens Sept. 2. F. A. ANDREWS, Principal.

MISS SARAH SEDGWICK'S SCHOOL FOR boys will open Sept. 17, at No. 929 Broadway.

MISS ABBOTT'S SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN, No. 15 East 21st-st., will reopen Sept. 13.

INSTRUCTION.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHON
WILL REOPEN
HIS CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
With Primary Department and Gymnasium,
NO. 212 5TH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST.,
On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 11.

GEORGE STECK & CO.,
Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright
PIANO-FORTES.
Warerooms, No. 141 8th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., New-York.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.—A lady of high respectability and education having her residence in a delightful location in the suburbs, will open on 10th September a Juvenile Boarding-school for Misses under 12 years. Ample play-grounds, with kind, careful, and thorough instruction are the inducements she offers. For circulars, with references, terms, &c., apply to SIBERIA OTT, Esq., No. 733 Broadway.

BOOK-KEEPING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC, &c.—Messrs. DOLBEAR, No. 699 Broadway, teach Book-keeping and Arithmetic practically. They also remove stiffness, cramping or trembling, and make elegant business penmen. Gentlemen can secure private rooms day or evening.

BERNARD FRENCH INSTITUTE,
Nos. 55, 57, 59 and 61 West 33d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., will open Monday, Sept. 23.
FRENCH, ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN.
Pupils prepared for business, college, West Point, Naval Academy and Mining School. Primary department for young boys.
PROF. A. BERNARD,
SANDERSON SMITH, Mining Engineer, } Directors.

LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
NO. 161 5TH-AV. AND 937 BROADWAY,
Corner 22d-st., opens Sept. 16. Twelfth year. Rooms spacious, light, airy, high-ceiled and steam-heated. Young pupils with Mrs. Lyon, the others with Mr. Lyon. Six have just entered college unconditionally—four Columbia, one Harvard, one Yale. Another fine class is preparing. Light gymnastics. A Literary Union gathers teachers and older pupils weekly. Only pure, contented, working pupils desired.
Present patrons of from 3 to 11 years standing:

H. M. Alexander,	Oliver Harriman,	Cyrus A. Smith,
J. Auchincloss,	Enoch Ketcham,	G. M. Speir,
A. M. Allerton,	Calvin E. Knox,	James Stokes,
John S. Boyd,	L. Lockwood,	Chas. N. Talbot,
J. B. Burton,	Jas. L. Phipps,	Geo. P. Trigg,
L. B. Cannon,	Wm. Morrison,	A. S. Underhill,
N. W. Chater,	Dan. L. Schanck	H. O. Van Vorst,
Jos. M. Cooper,	Robert Schell,	Ralph Wells,
Kenny Couillard,	Henry Shaw,	John C. Work,
Henry Day,	John Sherwood,	Thos. S. Young.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., No. 820 Broadway, and No. 116 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.
NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF PUPILS.
The best talent in Europe and America is secured, and no inferior teachers are nor will be engaged in the institution.
The directors will spare neither pains nor expense to retain the reputation which the Conservatory has so justly acquired during the past four years, that of the first MUSIC SCHOOL in America.
TERMS.—Regular classes $10 per quarter for every branch of instruction.
EDWARD MOLLENHAUER,
A. F. LEJEAL, } Musical Directors.
HENRY MOLLENHAUER,
S. N. GRISWOLD, Secretary.

COTTAGE HILL SEMINARY,
POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.
AN ENGLISH AND FRENCH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, very select, delightfully situated, and affording unusual advantages for a solid and elegant education. Expense for full board and the regular course of study, $360 per annum.
REFERENCES: Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D.; Mr. William H. Appleton; Mr. James Winslow, and Mr. Samuel Hawk, St. Nicholas Hotel. For prospectus, address
REV. GEORGE T. RIDER, A. M., Rector.

A PROTESTANT FRENCH DAY-SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
Will be opened on THURSDAY, Sept. 19, 1867, at No. 13 Livingston-place, (Stuyvesant-square.)
References permitted to Profs. L. Agassiz, A. Guyot and D. Cherbuliez; Rev. Ray Palmer, D. D., &c. Full information and circulars can be obtained at the above address, and at Mr. Christern's foreign book-store, No. 863 Broadway.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.
The Academic year will begin MONDAY, Oct. 7. The students are requested to be present for matriculation on that day at 9½ A. M.
Examinations of candidates for admission will be held on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, Oct. 4 and 5, beginning each day at 10 o'clock A. M.
HENRY DRISLER, LL. D., Acting President.

NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., No. 820 Broadway, and No. 116 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Theory Classes now forming.
Terms $15 per quarter.

MRS. LEVERETT'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
NO. 33 WEST 18TH-ST.,
will re-open on Monday, Sept. 23. Applications may be made personally, or by letter, to Mrs. L. at the above address.

MRS. MACAULAY'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Nos. 251 and 253 Madison-av.,
will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 23.
Mrs. Macaulay will be in the City from Sept. 5.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF N. Y. UNIVERSITY,
IN WASHINGTON-SQUARE.
Classical, Commercial, Primary, French.
Fits for College, Business, West Point.

MLLE. ROSTAN'S SELECT FRENCH AND ENGLISH PROTESTANT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 111 East 35th-st., first house below Park-av., will be reopened on TUESDAY, the 24th of September next. The course of instruction is thorough and systematic, and designed to combine a finished English education with the practical knowledge of the French and other modern languages. Superior advantages are also offered in music, drawing and painting, and all the classes are under the care of accomplished professors and teachers. A very limited number of young ladies are received in the family and welcomed to share in all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home.
Applications can be made by letter, or personally, at the above address.

UNIVERSITY OF NEW-YORK—LAW DEPARTMENT—The annual session opens Oct. 1. The full course is two years. Students properly prepared may enter the second year. Graduates are admitted members of the Bar in New-York. For further information apply to the subscriber, University, Washington-square, New-York City.
JOHN NORTON POMEROY, Dean, &c.

IRVINGTON INSTITUTE—IRVINGTON ON the Hudson, 25 miles from New-York, a French, English and classical family boarding-school for boys, will reopen on the 17th of September. The course of studies embraces all the ordinary English branches and the modern languages, which are taught practically. The French is the language of the school. All learn it and speak it. For circulars address
A. BOURSAUD, Principal.

LESSONS IN DRAWING AND PAINTING.—H. GENGEMBRE HUBERT, No. 678 Broadway. Parties desiring to form classes, or take lessons in drawing and painting, will please address as above.
H. GENGEMBRE HUBERT.

THE SPECIAL COURSE FOR THE STUDY of French is now in progress at the Protestant French Day School; also one for that of Italian. Applicants still admitted.
SIG. CALFA, Professor.

J. HARRIS PATTON'S SCHOOL REOPENS Sept. 18, at No. 1,193 Broadway. Classes in the Classics, Mathematics, French and English. Pupils prepared for college.

MISS WALSH'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH boarding and day-school for young ladies, No. 39 East 28th-st., will reopen Sept. 20.

N. W. STARR'S COMMERCIAL AND Collegiate Institute, (recently of Yonkers, N. Y.,) New-Canaan, Conn. Number limited. Now in session.

MISS BALLOW'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for Young Ladies, No. 24 East 23d-st., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 19.

MISS M. W. LEGGETT WILL REOPEN her school, No. 224 East 10th-st., Sept. 16.

TEACHERS.

MISS MARIE SUS, PIANIST AND Concert Artiste from the Leipsic Conservatory, will give lessons to private pupils, either at Steinway Hall, 14th-st., or at pupil's residence. Address Miss SUS, New-York Post-office, Box No. 5,971. Miss Sus refers to S. B. Mills, Steinway & Sons, Dr. Pierce, President of Rutger's Female College, and Dr. Raymond, President of Vassar College.

A GERMAN LADY WISHES TO FIND pupils for private lessons in her native language, and also a home in a private family, where such lessons would be accepted as an equivalent for board and lodging. For direction and references address German Consulate, No. 63 Broad-st.

A LADY FRENCH TEACHER WHO IS teaching, since several years in this City, different branches of French education, wishes to get pupils for the afternoon; very respectable references given. Address, for a week, M. E., care of Miss Farge, No. 135 Waverley-place.

AS TEACHER—AN AMERICAN LADY (OF French descent) who has resided in Paris and speaks the French language fluently, desires a reëngagement in a private family as resident or visiting governess; would be willing to travel abroad. Address Y. Z., No. 77 5th-st., can be seen between the hours of 11 and 1.

A LADY EXPERIENCED IN TEACHING music, French, (spoken,) Latin and English, desires engagements to attend pupils at their residences. Highest references given. Address Miss NORMAN, Station G, New-York.

A LADY WHO HAS TAUGHT THE PAST six years in a family, desires a reëngagement to give instruction in English, music and French; references exchanged. Address TEACHER, Box No. 1,504 New-York Post-office.

A YOUNG LADY QUALIFIED TO TEACH English, French, Spanish, music and drawing, desires a situation as school or family as resident or visiting governess; references excellent. Address M. B. S., Ashland House, 4th-av. and 24th-st.

A FRENCH LADY WISHES A FEW more scholars for the afternoon and evening. Address D. D., Station F.

REWARDS.

$50 REWARD.—STOLEN, ON THE NIGHT of Sept. 23, at Mount Vernon from Wm. Le Roy, an iron-gray HORSE; stands sixteen hands high and is seven years old; has a swollen vein on his hind left foot, the fore part of his foot worn by overreaching; is galled on both shoulders by the harness; is a free driver and valued at $350. A reward of $50 will be paid any person returning the same to WM. LE ROY at Mount Vernon, Westchester Co., N. Y.

$25 REWARD OFFERED FOR THE recovery of the body of DANIEL NOLAN, who was drowned in the Hudson River, opposite Cornwall, Sept. 8. Had on the body at the time, striped pants of brown and cream color, white vest and dark coat. Any information concerning the above will be thankfully received by his wife, No. 14 Jones-st.

Cornwall and Newburgh papers please copy.

SHIPPING.

THE NATIONAL LINE.

Steamers weekly to Liverpool and Queenstown, leaving Pier No. 47 North River, every SATURDAY.
DENMARK, Thomson ... SATURDAY, Oct. [illegible]
ERIN, Hall ... SATURDAY, Oct. [illegible]
Cabin passage, payable in currency, $[illegible].
Steerage passage to Liverpool or Queenstown, $[illegible] in currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown [illegible] in currency.

REDUCTION IN FREIGHT.—This company will now carry fine measurement goods from Liverpool at a maximum rate of 30 shillings per ton of 40 cubic feet and five per cent. primage.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway, or No. 19 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

STEAM BETWEEN ANTWERP AND NEW-YORK.—The Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company,
INMAN LINE,
will dispatch one of their steamships between Antwerp and New-York every four weeks.
CITY OF CORK ... Sept. 7
ETNA ... Oct. 5
Sailing from New-York:
CITY OF CORK ... WEDNESDAY, Oct. 2
ETNA ... WEDNESDAY, Oct. 30
From Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

FROM NEW-YORK.		FROM ANTWERP.	
First cabin	$100	First cabin	$90
Steerage	40	Steerage	40
Payable in currency.		Payable in gold.	

For further information, apply at the Company's office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway.

THE STEAMSHIP CITY OF WASHINGTON, of the Inman Line, will sail from Pier No. 45 North River, at noon, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25, for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.

RATES OF PASSAGE.—First cabin, $100; steerage, $30—currency.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY.

The following FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, built expressly for the New-York trade, are intended to sail regularly between NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, calling at QUEENSTOWN, viz.:
MANHATTAN, MINNESOTA,
CHICAGO, NEBRASKA,
with other first-class steamers building. To sail:
MINNESOTA ... WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25
CHICAGO ... WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9
NEBRASKA ... WEDNESDAY, Oct. 16
From Pier No. 27 East River.

Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $25, currency.

Tickets to bring out passengers from Europe can be obtained on reasonable terms. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, to Havre, calling at Falmouth, carrying the United States mails, from Pier No. 46 North River, on the following days, at noon:
ARAGO ... H. A. Gadsden ... Saturday, Sept. 28
FULTON ... C. H. Townsend ... Saturday, Oct. 26
ARAGO ... H. A. Gadsden ... Saturday, Nov. 23
FULTON ... C. H. Townsend ... Saturday, Dec. 21
and every twenty-eight days thereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN GOLD.
FIRST-CLASS ... $120
SECOND-CLASS ... 70
Through tickets to London $5 extra.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The Company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to
JOSEPH J. COMSTOCK, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
JAS. A. WOTTON, Havre, General Agent in Europe.
LHERBETTE, KANE & CO., Paris.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.

Passage to London or Brest, $110, $75 and $30 currency.
Excursion tickets at reduced rates available for six months.
BELLONA, Capt. DIXON, from New-York, Sept. 26.
CELLA, Capt. GLEADELL, from New-York, Oct. 12.
WM. PENN, Capt. BILLINGE, from New-York, Oct. 26.
ATALANTA, Capt. PINKHAM, from New-York, Nov. 9.
The elegant British iron steamship BELLONA will leave Pier No. 3, North River for London direct, omitting the call at Brest, on THURSDAY, Sept. 26, at 12 M.
Until further notice all the steamers of this line will call at Brest to land passengers. Tickets sold through by rail to Paris at 25 per cent. less than regular rates.
Freight will be taken and through bills of lading given to Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, and Dunkirk.
For passage apply to ROBERT N. CLARK, No. 26 Broadway.
For freight apply at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

CUNARD LINE OF EXTRA STEAMERS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEEK.
MALTA ... Sept. 21
HECLA ... Sept. 25
RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin ... $80 Gold.
Steerage ... $25 Currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown $35 currency.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, at No. 4 Bowling-green.
E. CUNARD.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:
ST. LAURENT ... BOCANDE ... SATURDAY, Oct. 5
PEREIRE ... DUCHESNE ... SATURDAY, Oct. 19
VILLE DE PARIS ... SURMONT ... SATURDAY, Nov. 2
EUROPE ... LEMARIE ... SATURDAY, Nov. 16

PRICE OF PASSAGE (including wine)
payable in gold or equivalent in currency.
TO BREST OR HAVRE,
First cabin, $160; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $165; second cabin, $88.
Baggage checked through to Paris.
Medical attendance free of charge.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid unnecessary risks from transit by English railways and crossing the channel, besides saving much time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR;
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
CHINA leaves Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 25.
RUSSIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Oct. 2.
JAVA leaves Boston, Wednesday, Oct. 9.
SCOTIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Oct. 16.
CUBA leaves Boston, Wednesday, Oct. 23.
PERSIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Oct. 30.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage ... $130
Second Cabin Passage ... 80
FROM NEW-YORK TO PARIS.
Chief Cabin Passage ... $145
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage ... $125
Second Cabin Passage ... 70
Payable in Gold.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NEW-YORK & BREMEN STEAMSHIP CO.
THE CHEAPEST LINE.
Steamship BALTIC, Capt. G. W. ROGERS, will leave Pier 46 N. R., on Saturday, Sept. 28, at 12 M.
FOR SOUTHAMPTON, HAVRE AND BREMEN,
First cabin, $110; second cabin, $65; steerage, $35.
From Bremen, Southampton and Havre to New-York,
First cabin, $110; second cabin, $75; steerage, $43, gold.
EXCURSION TICKETS OUT AND HOME.
First cabin, $210; 2d cabin, $130; steerage, $70, gold.
The ATLANTIC will follow on Oct. 26.
For freight, expressage, bills of exchange or passage apply to ISAAC TAYLOR, President, 40 Broadway.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails:
CITY OF WASHINGTON ... WEDNESDAY ... Sept. 25
CITY OF PARIS ... SATURDAY ... Sept. 28
CITY OF ANTWERP ... SATURDAY ... Oct. 5
CITY OF NEW-YORK ... WEDNESDAY ... Oct. 9
CITY OF BOSTON ... SATURDAY ... Oct. 12
CITY OF BALTIMORE ... SATURDAY ... Oct. 19
and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	105	Steerage to London	35
First Cabin to Paris	115	Steerage to Paris	45

Passage by the Wednesday steamers, first cabin, $110; steerage, $30. Payable in United States Currency.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.
Philadelphia office, No. 411 Chestnut-st.

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.
FURTHER REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES.
Favorite passenger steamers of the ANCHOR LINE sail every SATURDAY with passengers for LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.
IOWA, HEDDERWICK, SATURDAY, Sept. 28.
BRITANNIA, LAIRD, SATURDAY, Oct. 5.
HIBERNIA, MUNRO, SATURDAY, Oct. 12.
From the Company's Pier, No. 20 North River.
Rates of passage, payable in currency:
To Liverpool, Glasgow and Derry, cabins, $90 and $75, according to location.
Excursion tickets, good for twelve months, $160.
Intermediate, $35; Steerage, $25.
Prepaid certificates from these ports, $35.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Havre, &c., at very low rates.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.
FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO., Agents.
To avoid imposition, passengers will please come direct to the office, as this Company does not employ runners.

STEAM TO LONDON DIRECT.
LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.
The elegant British iron steamship
BELLONA,
2,000 tons burden,
E. DIXON Commander,
will leave Pier No. 3 North River for London direct on THURSDAY, Sept. 26, at 12 M. Rates of passage payable in United States currency. First cabin, $110; second cabin, $75; steerage, $30.
For passage, apply to Robt. N. Clark, No. 26 Broadway.
For freight, apply at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND
BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET,
AT REDUCED RATES.
DRAFTS AVAILABLE THROUGHOUT ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.
For particulars apply to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st. and No. 23 Broadway.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, Oct. [illegible]
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, Nov. [illegible]
GUIDING STAR, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, Dec. 23.
These elegant steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For freight or passage, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

SHIPPING.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALIA, VIA PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company [illegible] from Panama to Wellington, [illegible] connecting with the [illegible] Mail Steamship Company's [illegible] (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second [illegible] tickets at the following [illegible] in New-Zealand [illegible] in United States [illegible].
Special attention [illegible] to the newly-discovered gold regions of New-Zealand.
Arrangements [illegible] for issuing through bills of lading. Freight payable here.
For further information [illegible] Pacific Mail Steamship Company, [illegible]
CHARLES W. WEST, Agent,
No. [illegible] William-st., New-York.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE TO
CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,
CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL
VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.
Steamships leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, as follows:
Oct. 1—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. FARNUM.
Oct. 11—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. GRAY, connecting with SACRAMENTO, Capt. GAVERLY.
Oct. 21—RISING STAR, Capt. H. P. CONNER, connecting with MONTANA, Capt. FARNSWORTH.
100 pounds baggage allowed free to each adult passenger. Medicines and attendance free.
All departures touch at Acapulco; those of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports, and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.
Departure of 11th of each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New-Zealand.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.
Steamer of Nov. 11 connects closely with steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, from San Francisco, Dec. 4; at Yokohama with steamer NEW YORK, for Hong Kong, and COSTA RICA, for Nagasaki and Shanghae.
For passage tickets and all further information apply at the office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York. F. R. BABY, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA.
REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE AND FREIGHT.
The fast and elegant steamship
SAN FRANCISCO,
Capt. ELISHA HOWES,
will be dispatched by the North American Steamship Company, on THURSDAY, Oct. 10, at noon, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting on the Pacific with the favorite steamer
AMERICA,
Capt. E. WAKEMAN.
The accommodations on these steamers are unsurpassed by those of any steamers afloat, and the line is run
THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO EVERY TWENTY DAYS.
For passage or freight apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent,
No. 177 West-st., corner Warren-st., New-York.
WILLIAM H. WEBB, President,
No. 54 Exchange-place, New-York.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.
The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer ARIZONA will sail on TUESDAY, Oct. 1, at 12 o'clock noon.
Freight received from THURSDAY, 26th, A. M., until MONDAY, 3 P. M.
For rates, &c., inquire at freight office, on Company's Pier, No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, at noon on
SATURDAY, Oct. 5. SATURDAY, Nov. 2.
Passage money to Nassau ... $45
Passage money to Havana ... 50
Payable in gold.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. RICHARD ADAMS, Sept. 26.
COLUMBIA, Capt. D. B. BARTON, Oct. 3.
For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. B. HARTSON, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.
OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FROM PIER 37 NORTH RIVER, foot of Beach-st.
Steamships ALBEMARLE, SARATOGA, HATTERAS, NIAGARA and VIRGINIA.
Leaving every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M.
Through bills of lading to all points on the Seaboard and Roanoke, Virginia and Tennessee Air Line and Petersburgh Railroads and their connections.
Bills of lading signed on the pier.
For freight or passage apply on the pier, or to
N. L. McCREADY, President,
No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.
EVERY THURSDAY.
The Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Company's side-wheel steamships
H. LIVINGSTON, Capt. BAKER, sails THURSDAY, Sept. 26.
GEN. BARNES, Capt. MORTON, sails THURSDAY, Oct. 3.
From Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M. precisely, giving through passage tickets and bills of lading to all points in connection with the Central Railroad of Georgia, and with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad to points in Florida.
For freight or passage apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.
EVERY THURSDAY.
BLACK STAR INDEPENDENT LINE.
Steamship HUNTSVILLE, Capt. ISAAC CROWELL, leaves THURSDAY, Sept. 26, 1867.
Steamship MONTGOMERY, Capt. THOS. LYON, leaves THURSDAY, Oct. 3, 1867.
At 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.
OCTAVUS COHEN & CO., Agents, Savannah.

NOTICE.
TO SHIPPERS VIA SAVANNAH, GA.
Goods destined for the interior of Georgia, and also Florida, shipped by the Black Star Independent Line, consigned to the Railroad agents, or Octavus Cohen & Co., in Savannah, will be forwarded to place of destination at a total cost not to exceed that now charged by the combination lines.
R. LOWDEN, Agent.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
TO SHIPPERS VIA SAVANNAH, GA.
The Black Star Independent Line will reduce their rate of freights, to conform to the reduced rates of the combination lines in all cases.
R. LOWDEN, Agent.

REGULAR LINE FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.
Through bills of lading issued to all points on the South Carolina Railroad and connections.
Freight 10c. per cubic foot, and always lower than any other line.
First Cabin passage $15, with splendid accommodations.
The fast and popular sidewheel steamship ALABAMA, J. LIMEBURNER, Commander, is now receiving freight, and will be dispatched on SATURDAY, 28th inst., at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st. ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.
Messrs. RAVENEL & CO., Agents of this line at Charleston, will forward all goods for the interior and Florida free of charge. To insure immediate dispatch, mark goods "Care of R. & Co."

FOR CHARLESTON—EVERY THURSDAY—THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S steamships
MONEKA, Capt. WINCHESTER, THURSDAY, Sept. 26,
E. B. SOUDER, Capt. LEBBY, THURSDAY, Oct. 3,
from Pier No. 6 North River, at 3 P. M. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad.
For freight or passage apply at the office of the Company, No. 13 Broadway.
WHEELER & LINNARD, Agents.

MOBILE, GALVESTON AND LAVACA.—The steamship RALEIGH, leaving Pier No. 36 North River, on SATURDAY, Sept. 28, at 3 P. M., will receive freight for the above ports, to be reshipped at New-Orleans per Morgan's line of steamers. For rates of freight apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The new and first-class steamship GEN. MEADE, Capt. A. W. SAMPSON, will leave Pier No. 9 N. R., on SATURDAY, Sept. 28, at 3 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.
The GEORGE WASHINGTON will follow Oct. 5, 1867.

STAR LINE FOR NEW-ORLEANS—THE NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S fine ocean steamers will leave Pier No. 46 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows:
MARIPOSA, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25.
All bills of lading signed at the office upon the pier.
For freight or passage apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT—ATLANTIC Coast Mail Steamship Company's new and first-class light-draft side-wheel steamship RALEIGH, Capt. MARSHMAN, will leave Pier No. 36 North River, for the above port on SATURDAY, Sept. 28, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. S. passports indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 261 Broadway.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES, CARRIAGES, CARRIAGES. GREAT BARGAINS.
I have on consignment from best carriage manufacturers about one hundred different styles carriages that must be sold. Dealers and others will find it to their advantage to call; 200 others that will be offered
AT LESS THAN AUCTION PRICES, AT CALVIN WITTY'S CARRIAGE DEPOT, NO. 638 BROADWAY.

FOR SALE—A SUPERB PAIR OF CARRIAGE horses, dark bays, long tails and manes, six years old, near 16 hands high, very stylish, and warranted perfectly sound, kind and gentle. Price, $1,600. Also a light dog cart, made by Wood Brothers, together with a double harness; Price, $500. Also, a single harness, saddle and bridle, &c., the property of a private gentleman. Apply at MASON & CO.'S Livery Stable, corner Broadway and 29th-st., or to [illegible]

FOR SALE, FOR WANT OF USE—A stylish dapper gray horse and a bay Hambletonian colt, both 15½ hands high, the former eight years old and the latter four years last April; both very kind in single and double harness; warranted sound, and can trot in 2:50; also one top wagon and single harness. To be seen at Finley's, [illegible] track, 72d-st. and Bloomingdale-road.

ARMY WAGONS, AMBULANCES, BLANKETS, $3; new United States McClellan saddles, tents, wagon tracks, grain carriers, army clothing, mule collars, harness, horse shoes, sabres, belts, canteens. W. A. CARTER, No. 52 Courtlandt-st., near Greenwich.

MANTELS.

[illegible] MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE [illegible] Marble Mantels [illegible] at A. KLABER'S Marble [illegible] near 4th-av., New-York. [illegible] Cut this out.

STEAMBOATS.

LONG ISLAND NAVIGATION COMPANY. FOR SAG HARBOR, GREENPORT, ORIENT, SHELTER ISLAND AND NEW SUFFOLK.
The new and beautiful steamer [illegible], Capt. [illegible], leaves [illegible] every [illegible] and SATURDAY [illegible] Hampton, Bridgehampton, [illegible]

FOR PORT JEFFERSON AND STONY BROOK.—[illegible] TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS [illegible]

FOR [illegible].—The elegant steamer [illegible], Capt. W. [illegible] [illegible] J. S. TUTHILL, Agent, No. [illegible]

GREAT REDUCTION IN FIRST-CLASS FARE.
WEST, NORTH AND EAST.
Via New-York Central and Northern Railroads and Troy Line Steamers, from Pier No. 44 North River, foot of Spring-st., daily at 6 P. M., Saturdays excepted.
First class passenger fares from New-York:

To Albany and Troy	[illegible]	Saratoga	[illegible]
Schenectady	[illegible]	Fort Edward	[illegible]
Fonda	[illegible]	Whitehall	[illegible]
Utica	[illegible]	Rutland	[illegible]
Rome	[illegible]	Burlington	[illegible]
Syracuse	[illegible]	North Adams	[illegible]
Rochester	[illegible]	St. Albans	[illegible]
Lockport	[illegible]	Ogdensburgh	[illegible]
Suspension Bridge	[illegible]	Montreal	[illegible]
Buffalo	[illegible]		

And proportionate reductions to all intermediate points and stations west from Buffalo.
Tickets sold and baggage checked at the office, No. [illegible] West-st. or on board.

REGULAR HARTFORD LINE.
First-class steamers STATE OF NEW-YORK and CITY OF HARTFORD leave Peck-slip, East River, daily, (except Sundays) at 4 P. M. for Hartford, Conn., connecting for Springfield, [illegible], Northampton, and all Connecticut River towns for passengers and freight. Fare $1 50 to Hartford; [illegible] making it the cheapest and most agreeable route to the White Mountains.

SHREWSBURY, LONG BRANCH AND RED BANK.
The favorite steamboat META will leave pier foot of Barclay-st., short pier, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, Sept. 17, 9 A. M.	Wednes., Sept. 18, 6½ A. M.
Wednes., Sept. 18, 10½ A. M.	Thursday, Sept. 19, 7 A. M.
Thursday, Sept. 19, 11 A. M.	Friday, Sept. 20, 8 A. M.
Friday, Sept. 20, 12 M.	Saturday, Sept. 21, 9 A. M.
Saturday, Sept. 21, 1 P. M.	Monday, Sept. 23, 9½ A. M.
Tuesday, Sept. 24, 3 P. M.	Wednes., Sept. 25, 12 M.

FOR SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The strong and commodious steamboat SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave foot of Chambers-st. Fare reduced to 25 cents.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, Sept. 24, 2½ P. M.	Monday, Sept. 23, 9¼ A. M.
Wednesday, Sept. 25, 2½ P. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 25, [illegible] A. M.
Thursday, Sept. 26, 3½ P. M.	Thursday, Sept. 26, 6½ A. M.
Friday, Sept. 27, 3½ P. M.	Friday, Sept. 27, 6½ A. M.
Saturday, Sept. 28, 3½ P. M.	Saturday, Sept. 28, 12 M.

SARATOGA, RUTLAND, BUFFALO, Suspension Bridge, Mount Mansfield and White Mountains via Burlington and all points North and West. Albany Day Line.—The steamboats C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW will, on and after May 13, leave Desbrosses-st. at 8¾, and 34th-st. at 8¾ A. M. for Albany, landing at Yonkers, Cozzens' West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Bristol, Catskill, Athens and (Hudson by ferry,) connecting at Athens depot by special train with the New-York Central and Rensselaer and Saratoga railroads via Schenectady with Albany and Susquehanna Railroad at Junction, and without change of cars with the Lake Champlain steamboats at Whitehall for Rouse Point, arriving at Montreal at 5 A. M. Returning, leave Albany at 8½ A. M.

FOR NORWALK DIRECT—CONNECTING with the Danbury Railroad.—The fast and splendid steamboat NELLY WHITE leaves Pier No. 37 East River, foot of Market-st., EVERY AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock; 34th-st. at 3:10; returning leaves Norwalk at 7:45, or on the arrival of the Danbury and New-Haven trains. Fare, 75 cents. Excursion tickets, $1 25. Stages connect for New-Canaan, Wilton and Ridgefield.

LLOYD'S DOCK, (HUNTINGTON,) OYSTER BAY, (EAST NORWICH,) AND UNION DOCK, (BAYVILLE.)—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after MONDAY, Sept. 30, the steamer D. R. MARTIN, Capt. SAMUEL W. UNDERHILL, leaves Pier No. 24 East River, (Catharine-st.,) at 3:30 P. M., and foot of 37th-st., East River, at 3:40 P. M., daily, for the above-named places.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—FOR WHITESTONE, Bayles Dock, Great Neck, Sands Point, GLEN COVE, Mott's Dock, Glenwood and Roslyn. On and after Wednesday, Sept. 25, the elegant new steamboat SEAWANHAKA, CHAS. POST, Master, will leave Pier No. 24 East River, (Peck-slip,) daily, Sundays excepted, at 3:30 P. M., for above-named places.

NORTHPORT AND WILLETT'S POINT.—The steamer MATTANO, Capt. MARSHALL, leaves Pier No. 24 East River, (Catharine-st.,) daily, for the above-named places, at 3 P. M.; returning, leaves Northport at 6 and Willett's Point at 8:15 A. M.

FOR NEWBURGH, WEST POINT, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston, landing at Cozzens' Dock, Cornwall, New-Hamburgh and Milton. The steamer MARY POWELL leaves Desbrosses-st. EVERY AFTERNOON at 3½ o'clock.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

RAILROADS.

TO RAILWAY TRAVELERS.
APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE contains One Hundred Railway Maps, and the Time Tables of all the Railways of the United States and the Canadas; also a Tourist Guide to the Watering Places, Springs, &c. For sale everywhere.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT—CHANGE OF TIME.
Leave James-slip:
7:30 A. M., mail train for Greenport and all way stations.
10 A. M., Syosset, Glen Cove and all way stations.
3:30 P. M., Express train for Greenport.
4 P. M., Syosset, Glen Cove and all way stations.
5:20 P. M., North Islip, Glen Cove, and all way stations.
Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point at 9:30 A. M.; returning, arrives at Hunter's Point at 6:45 P. M.
To take effect Saturday, 14th.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
4 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and all stations west of Turner's, to Port Jervis, Newburgh and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.
6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
7 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South. By this train sleeping-coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.
8 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 3:30, 6:30 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.
SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. and 6 P. M. for Paterson; 7 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 11 P. M. for Paterson and Port Jervis.
Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains.
Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York, and Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, April 29, 1867, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
8 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
10:30 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
12 M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with trains for the West.
4 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.
4:45 P. M. express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., and at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.
6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection at Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.
11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North. This train will run on Sundays.
A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3:30 P. M., arriving in New-York at 7 P. M.
Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 26th-st. at 8 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 1:30 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at [illegible] P. M., arriving in New-York at [illegible] P. M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 8:30 and 9:25 A. M., at 1:15, 4:15, 5:25 and 6:45 P. M. Saturdays only at 11:15 P. M. The 8:25 A. M., 4:15 and 6:45 P. M. run through to Monsey. T. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

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PARMELE BROTHERS
IN NEW-YORK AND BROOKLYN.
English House Cannel, Liverpool and American Orrell, Lehigh, Locust Mountain and Schuylkill Coals carefully prepared for family and office use.
Orders received at No. 32 Pine-st., New-York.

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CUCKOO CLOCKS—OUR PATENT—BETTER and cheaper than any imported; wholesale and retail. A. FRANKFIELD & CO., Jewelers, No. [illegible]-av., corner 11th-st., and No. 115 6th-av., corner 28th-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

JOHN DE POL TO THE PUBLIC OF NEW-YORK.
DEVIL'S AUCTION,
at BANVARD'S THEATRE, Broadway, corner of 30th-st.

THIS GREAT SPECTACULAR PIECE
will shortly be produced [illegible] with unprecedented [illegible] under the direction of Mr. JOHN DE POL.

THE MANAGER'S ADDRESS TO THE PUBLIC OF NEW-YORK.

Having [illegible], I desire to address a few words to the enlightened and appreciative public of New-York by way of preface to my first theatrical enterprise in America, which I am now about to produce, after much labor, time and foreign travel.

The [illegible] in theatrical affairs in Europe, I was induced to take [illegible] in this country, and should I be fortunate enough to please and gratify the American public I shall have reason to feel justly proud. Indeed, I regard the commendation of an American, and especially a New-York audience, as a far greater honor and proof of merit than the favor and appreciation of any other country on the globe.

My object is to present my audiences with a brilliant and delightful theatrical performance, free from the least tinge of aught that can offend the strictest sense of morality; in fact, a spectacular piece suited to the progress and cultivated taste of a New-York audience, and requiring consequently in its composition and production the perfection of artistic and mechanical skill achieved in Paris, London and other European capitals. This marvelous production will be brought out with the greatest splendor of decoration and costume, the highest artistic talent and the most skillful mechanical novelties and stage effects. To secure this I have lately spent five months in visiting the leading theatres of Europe, in the cities of London, Paris, Madrid, Lisbon, Turin, Milan, Vienna, Berlin and Brussels, taking due note of all novelties and improvements.

It has been hinted that I came to the United States in order to compete with certain American managers. This is not correct. The greatest aim of competition is to vanquish a rival and profit by his defeat or extinction. I have no such selfish motive; on the contrary, I entertain the most friendly sentiments towards all my American colleagues, and by no means envy them their well-earned prosperity. I wish to labor with them side by side in perfect harmony, having only a friendly rivalry to please our common patrons, based upon mutual esteem and admiration.

Having demonstrated my object, I have now to call attention to the dramatic company and corps de ballet under my direction. But I must confess that, in view of the custom in this country of coupling the names of theatrical performers with the most extravagant puffing before their appearance, I am almost at a loss how to announce them to the public. My method has always been to announce my artists without any praise, their names alone being a sufficient guarantee of their abilities. All those who are acquainted with European theatricals cannot fail to perceive that the combination of artists engaged by me is far superior in talent to any company ever brought from Europe to this country. I have invariably acted upon this plan, and thus I have never disappointed my audiences by making promises which could not be realized. On the contrary, in all my managerial experience I have given ten times more than I advertised, and to this I attribute in a great measure my success and reputation in the Old World. Consequently, I will confine myself to a simple and modest enumeration of the members of my company, merely giving their respective professional specialties, and the theatres in Europe where they have achieved their fame.

MLLE. JOSEPHINE MORLACCHI
is an artiste of rare merit, having been during five years
PREMIERE DANSEUSE
at HER MAJESTY'S AND COVENT GARDEN THEATRES, IN LONDON. By the English theatre-goers Mlle. Morlacchi is highly and deservedly esteemed. All those who have read the London papers must have noticed the pain and displeasure of the English public at her absence, and the difficulty the managers had experienced in finding a suitable substitute.

This star of honor and glory to the country that gave her birth puts her, according to the Italian Press, at the summit of the most renowned celebrities, and I spared no pains or means to secure her engagement.

ELISA BLASINA.
This beautiful and graceful danseuse is unrivaled in her peculiar style of dancing. Owing to the action of the Italian Government in failing to grant the usual subsidy to the THEATRE OF LA SCALA, AT MILAN, THE GREATEST ART THEATRE IN THE WORLD, where she was engaged to appear, the manager was enabled to effect a transfer of her engagement with M. [illegible], her Italian manager, receiving the congratulations of the leading maestri in Italy.

AUGUSTA SOHLKE
has filled several engagements, with signal success, as premiere danseuse at the principal theatres of Prussia and Austria, her last appearance in Europe having been at the Royal Theatre in Berlin. After much difficulty, her services were secured for the present troupe. Her fascinating and graceful performances have elicited the highest praise from the European Press, as may be seen by the extracts in my office.

ERMESILDA DIANI,
an immense favorite with the public of London, brings with her the indorsement of that very severe critical school, the audiences of Her Majesty's Theatre. Her engagement as premiere danseuse at that establishment is an unquestionable credential of merit.

EUGENIA LUPO
is still another famous artiste, equal to, but differing in style and method from her other sisters of the light fantastic. This dancer has been honored with the first gold medal by the Royal Conservatoire at Turin, over a host of competitors, as premiere danseuse, the distinction having been unanimously awarded to Signora Lupo.

AMELIA RICCI.
There is no need of special mention to direct public attention to the wonderful skill and winning grace of this accomplished dancer. Seeing is believing.

CATALINA CORRADINI,
the beautiful and talented ballerina, who is now filling an engagement at a Belgium theatre, will shortly be added to the troupe.

GIOVANNI LUPO
has a brilliant artistic record, although he is only twenty-two years of age. He made his mark as the leading artiste of the celebrated choreographic company, "The Florentine Children," which astonished all Europe some ten years ago.

The facts above stated are known to many, and but few are ignorant of them; and if there be any who doubt the accuracy of these statements, I shall be pleased to show them ample proof in the shape of original documents in each case. I have next to remark upon a most important point. No theatre in Europe, not even the most celebrated for artistic excellence, employs more than one leading lady-dancer. The custom is to have one premiere danseuse, one [illegible] and two second dancers, making a total of two first and two second dancers.

At Banvard's Theatre, of which I have the honor to be manager, it is proposed to present for the first time in America, or even in Europe, a combination of leading Stars, all equally celebrated, consisting of four first dancers, each different from the other in style and execution, one second dancer, and another of the same class now partially engaged. Such a reunion of first-class artistes, each one of whom is able to insure the fame and fortune of a manager, in one constellation, would be most difficult, if not impossible, to effect in Europe; but I have succeeded in achieving it in America, through my peculiar system of theatrical management. Each of my artistes excels in some special style, and thus I have succeeded in combining all the diverse [illegible]. It is for this reason that I have named my troupe the "European troupe," [illegible] American public familiar with the latest novelties introduced into the ballet in the theatres of Europe without the necessity of crossing the Atlantic to witness them. Indeed, I may say, without fear of exaggeration, that such a combination of talent has rarely been produced at one time at one theatre. But I must leave their merits to be judged by that infallible jury, the public.

The actors engaged in this City to fill the principal roles in THE DEVIL'S AUCTION are all of high rank in the profession. Among them are:
Mr. ROBERT McWADE, Miss FANNY STOCQUELER,
Mr. H. B. PHILLIPS,
Mr. C. DALY, Miss EMMA SOMMERS,
Mr. E. L. MORTIMER, Miss FANNY REEVES, &c.
Mr. S. B. DUFFIELD,
Mr. J. MILLER,
Mr. J. H. PHILLIPS, Prompter.

The Music has been specially composed for this piece, and is the property of the manager.

THE DEVIL'S AUCTION, arranged expressly for my theatre by the young and accomplished Mr. ARTHUR GUYAS ARMENGAL, is a piece that has produced an immense sensation in Europe, having been performed over [illegible] times.

The costumes belonging to the piece, suggested by myself and skillfully arranged by a celebrated Parisian costumer, are elegant and artistic in design and cut. The designs are my sole property, and I shall take the necessary measures in accordance with the United States laws to prevent any imitation of them in this country.

The decorations are in French style and executed by the artist, CALYO, whose reputation in this department is unequaled.

The tricks and transformations are all of my own invention.

THE CORPS DE BALLET,
equal in numbers to that at the Theatre Imperial du Chatelet at Paris, is under the direction of one of the most renowned ballet masters in Italy,
SIGNOR DOMENICO RONZANI.

THE DEVIL'S AUCTION WILL BE PRODUCED AT A COST TO THE MANAGEMENT OF $60,000, and this is the surest guarantee of its excellence in every respect.

The piece has been put upon the stage according to [illegible]

I remain, the public's obedient servant,
JOHN DE POL,
Manager, Banvard's Theatre.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—TO-NIGHT.
MAX MARETZEK ... Director
ITALIAN OPERA.
THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, SEPT. 25, at 8,
ROSSINI'S
OTHELLO.
MME. PAREPA ROSA.
BELLINI, BARAGLI, ANTONUCCI,
[illegible]
(His first appearance.)
THURSDAY, OPENING NIGHT IN BROOKLYN,
DON GIOVANNI.
FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 27,
ROSSINI'S
BARBER OF SEVILLE,
AND A NEW BALLET.
SIGRA. ANGELA PERALTA,
GIORGIO RONCONI,
BARAGLI, [illegible],
P. MEDINI,
(His first appearance in America.)
[illegible] and others.
SATURDAY, GRAND MATINEE AT 1.
LAST TIME OF DON GIOVANNI.
PRICES AS USUAL.
Tickets and Reserved Seats for any of the above-named performances can be had at the Academy of Music; at Pond's (up-town) music store, No. 547 Broadway; at G. Schirmer's music-store, No. 701 Broadway, and down town, at the Theatre Ticket-office, No. 114 Broadway.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—BEGINS AT 8.
JAMES E. HAYES, Lessee. C. L. FOX, Stage Manager.
C. W. TAYLEURE, Business Manager.
CROWDED EVERY NIGHT.
THIRD WEEK OF MR. J. JEFFERSON.
EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON
RIP VAN WINKLE.
THE GREATEST TRIUMPH OF ART KNOWN TO THE MODERN STAGE.
SATURDAY—Beginning 1½, closing 4 P. M.
THIRD RIP VAN WINKLE MATINEE.
In splendid preparation the Shaksperean Spectacle
A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM.

NEW-YORK THEATRE—[illegible] BROADWAY.
UNDER
THE
GAS-LIGHT
Daly's greatly successful drama enters its SEVENTH WEEK to increasing audiences.
THE WONDROUS RAILROAD SENSATION!
THE TOMBS POLICE COURT!
THE PIER AND RIVER SCENE BY STARLIGHT!
EVERY NIGHT
AND
SATURDAY MATINEE.
Free list positively suspended.
Wednesday evening, Benefit of Rose Eytinge.
Seats may be secured now.

OPENING OF
STEINWAY HALL,
TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 1, 1867.
L. F. HARRISON ... Director.
First appearance in twenty years in America of the
GREAT PIANIST,
LEOPOLD DE MEYER.
First appearance since her return to the United States of
MRS. JENNY KEMPTON,
The favorite Contralto.
Second appearance of the celebrated violinist,
MR. CARL ROSA,
together with
MR. G. W. COLBY
AND
MR. THEO. THOMAS,
AND HIS
GRAND ORCHESTRA,
In an entire Original Programme.
TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.
RESERVED SEATS FIFTY CENTS EXTRA.
For sale at G. Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Schuberth's, No. 820 Broadway; Pond's music-stores, Nos. 547 and 865 Broadway; ticket office 112 Broadway, and Steinway Hall.

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GEMS OF THIS OPERA AND LIBRETTOS
FOR SALE AT THE FRENCH THEATRE
OPERA NIGHTS, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
FANNY JANAUSCHEK,
THE GREAT GERMAN TRAGEDIENNE,
will make her appearance at the above Theatre with an entirely new troupe of the most excellent artists from Germany, especially engaged for her, under the direction of
MAX MARETZEK.
Particulars in future advertisements.

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Admission 50 cents. 14th-st., near 6th-av.

GRAND DUCHESS OF GEROLSTEIN.
The only authorized and correct edition of the beautiful songs, "My Father's Sword," price 50 cents; and "Oh Let Him Know," price 50 cents, have just been published by WM. A. POND & CO., Nos. 547 and 865 Broadway, New-York.

"LOOK IN" AT NO. 389 BROADWAY.
See heads of the good and the bad, the high and the low, virtuous and vicious, educated and ignorant, MUSEUM OF PHRENOLOGY, always Open and Free. Examinations of ladies and gentlemen, with full written Charts of Character, daily. Ladies in attendance.

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NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF PUPILS.
The best talent in Europe and America is secured, and no inferior teachers are nor will be engaged in the institution.
The directors will spare neither pains nor expense to retain the reputation which the Conservatory has so justly acquired during the past four years, that of the first MUSIC SCHOOL in America.
TERMS—Regular classes $10 per quarter for every branch of instruction.
EDWARD MOLLENHAUER, [illegible], HENRY MOLLENHAUER, Musical Directors.
S. N. GRISWOLD, Secretary.

CHORUS CLASSES NOW FORMING, to meet at the halls of the New-York Conservatory of Music, No. 82 5th-av. Terms $3 per quarter. Applications to be made at the office of the Conservatory, No. 820 Broadway.

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Designed especially for those pupils who are deficient in the rudiments of music.
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No. 820 Broadway.

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PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours. Safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.
Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, in one interview.
Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, 129 Liberty-st., N. Y., or sent by mail, free of postage.

CONFIDENTIAL MEDICAL AND SURGICAL Consultations.—R. CORBETT, M. D., member of the N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his office, No. [illegible] Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place; from a long and extended practice of over 30 years in the above specialty, he is enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. N. B.—Dr. C. gives special attention to the treatment of strictures, nervous and general debility, and all their complications.

TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery over 30 years, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all obstructions from whatever cause, with or without medicine, at one interview. Sent by mail. Her INFALLIBLE FRENCH MONTHLY PILLS, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, price $5, which are four degrees stronger and can never fail, are safe and healthy. Office No. 1 East 52d-st., first door from 5th-av., or sent by mail. Also sold at Druggists, No. 162 Greenwich-st., and No. 211½ Bowery.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED BY DR. KENNEDY, No. 101 Stanton-st., in less time than any other, or no pay. Thousands elsewhere ruined, are by Dr. KENNEDY satisfactorily, perfectly cured. A cure in from 1 to 8 days of Gonorrhea, Gleet, Strictures, Syphilis, and all venereal diseases, without mercury. Dr. KENNEDY'S remedies are the only medicines on earth to cure certain diseases. Hasten to DR. KENNEDY, No. 101 Stanton-st. Consultations at all hours.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of thirty-two years devoted to the treatment of diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. COOPER to make speedy cures. The victims of misplaced confidence can call with the certainty of being cured.

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DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROPS—THE ONLY thing on earth that will really cure certain diseases without injury to the constitution; all others dry it in the blood. $1 per vial. No. 3 Division-st., since 1834.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; after health and strength to the most debilitated; $5 per bottle. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, [illegible]

WHEN YOUTHFUL FOLLY INDUCES impotency, Dr. KENNEDY'S [illegible]

LADIES' DERANGEMENTS CURED BY the French [illegible] Consult, or address Dr. POWERS, No. 101 Stanton-st.

A CURE AT ONE INTERVIEW FOR married ladies, by Dr. POWERS. Office, 101 Stanton-st.; [illegible]

LADIES CAN ALWAYS RELY ON DR. POWERS' Unfailing French Periodical Compound and Pills; one interview sufficient. Office 101 Stanton-st.

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EVERY AFTERNOON AT 2; EVENING AT 8,
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BLACKSMITH'S WIFE;
OR,
THE LOST CHILD.
TO BE SEEN AT ALL HOURS,
An extensive collection of beautiful
LIVING FISH, FROM THE GULF OF MEXICO,
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A MAMMOTH FAT INFANT,
A GIANTESS, A DWARF, CIRCASSIAN GIRL,
THE LIVING SEA LEOPARDS,
THREE ROCKY MOUNTAIN MOOSE,
LIVING SNAKES, MONKEYS, LEARNED SEAL,
HAPPY FAMILY, GRAND AQUARIA, &c.
OVER 300,000 CURIOSITIES.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.
MONDAY, SEPT. 30,
will be produced a dramatization, by [illegible], of the sensation story,
[illegible];
Or, THE TRAGEDY OF RED MARSH FARM.

BANVARD'S OPERA HOUSE
and Museum,
corner of Broadway and 30th-st.
Manager and Director ... Mr. John De Pol.
Mr. DE POL begs to announce to the public of New-York that the opening of the above establishment will take place
SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 28, 1867,
on which occasion he will have the honor to present the grand Spectacular Feerie in 4 acts and 21 tableaux, entitled the
DEVIL'S AUCTION;
Or, THE GOLDEN BRANCH,
written expressly for this theatre by Mr. Arthur Guyas Armengol, and which will be produced in a manner never before attempted in America, nor surpassed in Europe. The scenery, painted by the eminent artists Messrs. Calyo & Sons, the costumes, armors, properties, and mechanical effects, all made from original designs, and imported from Paris at a cost of $60,000, will outvie in splendor anything yet presented to the American public.
Mr. de Pol has secured the services of
Mlle. GUISEPPINA MORLACCHI,
the new reigning star of the Terpsichorean Art in Europe, whose arrival is daily expected. In addition to whom the following premier danseuses will have the honor of making their first appearance on the opening night:
ELISA BLASINA, of the Milan theatres.
AUGUSTA SOHLKE, of the Berlin and Hamburg theatres.
ERMESILDA DIANI, of Her Majesty's Theatre, London.
EUGENIE LUPO, of the Turin Theatre.
AURELIA RICCI, of the Brusselles Theatre.
CATRINA CORRADINI, from the Paris theatres,
and
Mons. GIOVANNI LUPO, first dancer of the Bordeaux Theatre, and a numerous and talented corps of coryphees, figurantes, &c., &c., under the direction of the world-renowned maitre de ballet
Mons. DOMENICO RONZANI.
In calling attention to the names of these artists, M. de Pol would state that each one of the above has been chosen from among the first dancers in Europe, and not culled from the front ranks of coryphees and foisted on the public to a position they are not entitled to. Each artist in this company will be placed in the rank their talent and reputation fit them for and assume only the same position they have attained in the different European cities where they have just concluded engagements.
The dramatic company will comprise, among other first-class artists,
Mr. ROBERT McWADE
(his first appearance in New-York,)
Mr. H. B. PHILLIPS, Mr. M. C. DALY,
Mr. S. MORTIMER, Mr. D. W. MILLER,
Mr. J. H. PHILLIPS, Mr. J. THOMPSON,
Mr. S. B. DUFFIELD,
Miss FANNY STOCQUELER,
Miss FANNY REEVES, Miss EMMA SOMERS,
Miss ADA MEYERS, &c., &c.
A full and complete orchestra, under the experienced baton of
Mons. A. PREDIGAM,
will perform the new and original music arranged expressly for this piece.
Notwithstanding the enormous expenditures incurred in presenting this grand Terpsichorean Spectacle, Mr. De Pol has determined to adopt the following popular tariffs of admission:
Orchestra Chairs ... $1 50
Parquet Circle ... 1 00
Balcony Chairs ... 1 50
Balcony Circle ... 1 00
Dress Circle Chairs ... 1 00
General Admission and Dress Circle ... 75
Family Circle ... 50
Proscenium Boxes ... $8 00 and 12 00
The box offices for sale of secured seats for three days in advance will be opened on Wednesday morning, Sept. 25, 1867, at 9 o'clock, at the Opera House, corner Broadway and 31st-st.; at the ticket office at Chickering & Sons' Piano-forte Warerooms, No. 652 Broadway, and at No. 114 Broadway.

FRENCH THEATRE.
H. L. BATEMAN ... Lessee and Director
TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS
of
OPERA BOUFFE
and of the
GRAND DUCHESS,
pronounced by the public to be the event of the season.
BRILLIANT RECEPTION
of OFFENBACH'S MASTERPIECE by
THE FASHION OF NEW-YORK.
This charming work will be presented, for the second time, on
THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 26,
with its attractive music, scenery, costumes and choruses.
MLLE. TOSTEE as THE GRAND DUCHESS.
SEATS SECURED IN ADVANCE.
Omnibuses to convey visitors, free of charge, to the French opera will start from corner of Broadway and 14th-st. every five minutes between 7 and 8 P. M., returning from the theatre after the performance.

FIFTH-AV. THEATRE,
24th-st., corner of Broadway and 5th-av.
Fourth week of the great Burlesque and Comedy Company. FRA DIAVOLO, FRA DIAVOLO. THE BEAUTY AND THE BRIGANDS. TOO MUCH FOR GOOD NATURE. A CARNIVAL OF FUN. The best combination of comic actors ever introduced in New-York. LEFFINGWELL as the FORRESTIAN BEPPO and the melancholy DANE, ROMEO JAFFER JENKINS. Mrs. SEDLEY BROWN as FRA DIAVOLO and the charming CHUMMY. Other characters by the company. A NIGHT OF HILARIOUS JOLLITY. MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY at 2 P. M. Doors open evenings at 7¼. Admission 75 cents.

MISS ROSE EYTINGE'S BENEFIT TO-NIGHT.
NEW-YORK THEATRE.
UNDER THE GASLIGHT,
with its wondrous railroad sensations.

MISS ROSE EYTINGE'S BENEFIT TO-NIGHT.
UNDER THE GASLIGHT.
With J. K. Mortimer, A. H. Davenport, C. T. Parsloe, Jr., Blanche Grey and its great cast.

—MATINEE—BLACK CROOK.
NIBLO'S, SATURDAY, at 1 o'clock.

BLACK CROOK MATINEE, SATURDAY.
COMMENCES at 1. NIBLO'S.

MASON & THOMAS' CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, No. 129 5th-av., New-York.
Classes are now formed for children, beginners and advanced pupils.
Also, Evening Classes in all branches.
The popular Evening Elementary, Choral and Orchestral Classes will commence the first week in October.
Office hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WILLIAM MASON. THEODORE THOMAS.

MUSICAL.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE
is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this City and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufactures of this country, eminently the *best Piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools altogether, because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

MASON AND HAMLIN, MANUFACTURERS OF CABINET ORGANS, No. 596 Broadway, New-York, have been awarded a FIRST PRIZE MEDAL at the PARIS EXPOSITION. Fifty styles at $75 to $1,000 each. Second hand instruments of various makers at low prices. ORGANS TO RENT.

NEW PATENT PIANOS.
RAVEN & BACON, Manufacturers of Piano-fortes with Patent Combination Sounding-Boards.
This invention, introduced exclusively into our Pianos, is of the greatest advantage to the tone of the instrument, as it affects the Sounding-Board—the very soul of the Piano—and produces thereby a pure liquid tone, greatly superior in quality and power to that of the ordinary Piano. The Sounding-Board, released from its connection with the piano-case and resting upon under sounding-boards, is relieved from the rigidity caused by such connection, and its vibratory quality greatly increased. All lovers of this eminently household instrument, as well as parties proposing to purchase new Pianos, are invited to call and examine our assortment. Warerooms, 644 and 646 Broadway, N. Y.

A WELL-MERITED SUCCESS.
The celebrated BRASS INSTRUMENTS manufactured by the SCHREIBER CORNET COMPANY have obtained the
FIRST MEDAL
at the International Exhibition in Paris, for their beautiful, clear and sympathetic sound and novelty of construction, combining the greatest advantages for the performer with excellence of material and great durability.
M. J. PAILLARD & CO., Agents,
No. 21 Maiden-lane, New-York.

HAINES BROTHERS
have opened a new and spacious
PIANO-FORTE WAREROOM
at No. 48 East 14th-st., Union-square,
where the public can always find an assortment of first-class pianos at moderate prices.
N. B.—New pianos to rent.

WATERS' PIANO-FORTES—GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.—Melodeons, parlor, church, gem and cabinet organs, the best manufactured; warranted for six years. Second-hand pianos, melodeons, and organs at great bargains, from $50 to $200. Any of the above instruments to let and rent applied if purchased; monthly installments received. Pianos tuned and repaired. Illustrated catalogues mailed. Manufactory and warerooms No. 481 Broadway, New-York.
HORACE WATERS & CO.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF FIRST-class (new) Pianos to rent at HAINES BROTHERS' WAREROOMS, No. 48 East 14th-st., Union-Square.
N. B.—Also pianos sold on installment.

BARGAINS—ROSEWOOD 7-OCTAVE PIANO-forte, round corners, overstrung bass, $250. Rosewood 7-octave, second-hand, $150; 6⅔-octave, $120; 6-octave, $100. Assortment new pianofortes less than [illegible]

[illegible]

CHURCH ORGANS.—[illegible] 11 and 13 stops, pedal bass; one second-hand, 11 stops.

A THOROUGH LADY TEACHER OF [illegible] piano desires a few more pupils. Terms $[illegible] per quarter. Address [illegible], No. 701 Broadway.

$50 TO $600—A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF [illegible] No. 3 Union-[illegible]

THE MISSES SLOMAN, PROFESSORS [illegible] Piano, Singing and Harp, address J. SCHIRMER, [illegible] Broadway.

PIANO-FORTES—SECOND-HAND PIANOS for sale at low prices, by CHICKERING & SONS, 652 Broadway. Pianos to rent.

AMUSEMENTS.

ADELAIDE RISTORI—ELIZABETH.
TO-NIGHT.
FRENCH THEATRE.
Sole Lessee and Director ... J. GRAU
Seats can be secured at Schirmer's, No. 701, Chickering's, No. 652, [illegible], stationer, No. 112 Broadway, and at the French Theatre.
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, Sept. 25,
ADELAIDE RISTORI in her great role of ELIZABETH, QUEEN OF ENGLAND, which will be produced with new scenery, imported from Paris, and grand mise en scene.
SIGNOR BOZZO in the role of Essex.
Extensive preparations are in progress for the production of Giacometti's celebrated tragedy,
MARIE ANTOINETTE.
The regular Ristori nights in New-York will be Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and Saturday Matinee.
TUESDAY—RISTORI IN BROOKLYN.
MONDAY NEXT—FIRST TIME IN NEW-YORK,
Mme. RISTORI in Alfieri's celebrated tragedy,
MYRRHA.

RISTORI MATINEE—SATURDAY.
ELIZABETH—FRENCH THEATRE.
NEXT SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AT 1.
Doors open 12½.
FIRST RISTORI MATINEE.
Admission to all parts of the house, $1 50.
Boxes can be secured for 50c. extra.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY—RISTORI.
MYRRHA.
Director ... J. GRAU
TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, Oct. 1, will be produced Alfieri's celebrated tragedy, MYRRHA.
ADELAIDE RISTORI in her great role of MYRRHA.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager ... Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
It is respectfully announced that this Theatre will REOPEN for the
FALL AND WINTER SEASON
ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 25, 1867.
During the recess the building has been cleansed, renovated and
DECORATED THROUGHOUT.
The beautiful velvet paper hangings and mouldings, by J. Parish Wheeler, No. [illegible] Broadway.
The frescoing by Messrs. R. S. Fosdick & Son.
Ornamentation of balconies and proscenium, &c., by Mr. James Timony and assistants.
THE COMPANY
will include all the well-known and favorite names, with others that appear for the first time on the bills of this Theatre, and will comprise the following artistes:
Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. JOHN GILBERT,
Mr. MARK SMITH, Mr. CHARLES FISHER,
Mr. J. H. STODDART, Mr. A. W. YOUNG,
(first appearance at this Theatre;) Mr. B. T. RINGGOLD,
Mr. J. S. WRIGHT,
Mr. GEO. HOLLAND, Mr. C. ROCKWELL,
Mr. J. B. POLK, (first appearance in this Theatre;) Mr. J. W. LEONARD,
Mr. T. WARD,
Mr. J. CURRAN,
Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON, Mr. C. SHERMAN,
Mr. G. F. BROWN, Mr. F. CASHIN,
Mr. W. H. POPE, Mr. B. DURAND,
AND
MR. LESTER WALLACK.
Miss MARY GANNON, Miss KATE RANOE (from
Miss CLARA JENNINGS, the principal London theatres; her first appear-
Mrs. VERNON, ance in America;)
Miss ANNIE WARD,
Mrs. W. WINTER, Miss FANNY GREEN,
Miss MARY SCOTT, Miss MARY BARRETT,
Miss CARMAN, Miss JENNIE DAY,
Miss HOMER, Miss T. TIMONY,
Miss FANNY MORANT, Miss MONELL,
Mrs. JOHN SEFTON.
The manager has much pleasure in announcing that the musical department, consisting of artistes of acknowledged ability, will be under the direction of
Mr. THOMAS BAKER.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 25, 1867,
will be presented an original comic drama, in two acts, by H. T. Craven, Esq., entitled
MEG'S DIVERSION.
Jeremy Crow, a Devonshire farmer ... Mr. John Gilbert
Ashley Merton, Esq., of the Hall ... Mr. B. T. Ringgold
Jasper Pidgeon, a village carpenter ... Mr. A. W. Young
Roland Pidgeon, (first appearance) his brother ... Mr. J. B. Polk
Eytem, an Exeter Solicitor ... Mr. J. W. Leonard
Margaret, } Daughters of ... { Miss Clara Jennings
Cornelia, } Farmer Crow ... { Mrs. W. Winter
Mrs. Netwold, of the Grange, a widow ... Miss Annie Ward
ACT I.
Interior of Crow's Farmhouse, by H. Isherwood.
ACT II.
Exterior and Garden of Crow's House, by R. R. Halley, Scenic artist from the principal London theatres.
In Act II. will be realized
CALDERON'S PICTURE OF "BROKEN VOWS."
During the evening the orchestra will perform the following music, arranged by Mr. Thomas Baker:
NEW MEDLY OVERTURE ON POPULAR AIRS, with solos for Flute, Oboe, Clarionette, Cornet, Bells, &c., &c., also, introducing for the first time in any theatre, the new musical instrument, called the Zaether.
New Waltz, "The One I Love Best."
Cornet Solo, with echoes, dedicated to the lady patrons of Wallack's Theatre. Each lady, on the opening night, will be presented with a copy.
NEW OVERTURE—BLACK-EYED SUSAN.
To conclude with F. C. Burnand's last and greatest burlesque, entitled
THE LATEST EDITION OF
BLACK-EYED SUSAN,
THE LITTLE BILL THAT WAS TAKEN UP.
THE ARGUMENT.
Who has not heard the touching and truthful history of Black-Eyed Susan? How that her husband, Sweet William, did sail away over the big sea; how one Hatchett, a Smuggler, did try to win her love; how no money came in while everything else went out; and how her wicked uncle and landlord, Doggrass, did threaten to turn Susan and William's poor old mother into the street; how Hatchett did then come to the rescue with money, and did pay her rent for her, hoping, by that means, to induce her to believe in William's death and marry the smuggler.
How William arrived, and how Capt. Crosstree did incontinently fall in love with Susan and did get intoxicated; how the liquor did prevail over his better reason, and how he became rude and disrespectful; how William did knock him down in consequence, and how the young sailor was tried and condemned by court-martial for striking his officer; how an unexpected circumstance did rescue him. All this will be melodiously and truthfully set forth on this occasion.
William (the Bill of the play) ... Miss Kate Ranoe (from the principal London theatres—her first appearance in America.)
Captain Crosstree ... Mr. Mark Smith (who would have had a very long part if he hadn't been cut down in the third scene.)
Doggrass (Susan's uncle) ... Mr. George Holland
Hatchett (a Deal Smuggler) ... Mr. G. F. Browne
Raker (an I-deal Smuggler) ... Miss Mary Barrett
Gnatbrain ... Miss Mary Scott
(Gardener and Waiter at the Admiral Benbow Tavern.)
Shaun O'Ploughshare (an Irish Postman) ... J. C. Williamson
Lord High Admiral ... Mr. J. W. Leonard
Admiral of the Blue ... Mr. T. Ward
Admiral of the Yellow ... Mr. J. Curran
Admiral of the White ... Mr. B. Durand
Admiral of the Black ... Mr. C. Sherman
Telegraph Clerk ... Mr. F. Cashin
Black-Eyed Susan ... Miss Mary Gannon
(who has accepted a bill which she hopes the public will indorse.)
Dame Hatly ... (William's Mother) ... Mr. A. W. Young
Dolly Mayflower ... Miss Fanny Green
This edition will be illustrated with NEW AND MAGNIFICENT SCENERY by Mr. Henry Hillyard and Mr. John Hillyard, Jr.
Acting Manager ... Mr. JOHN GILBERT
Stage Director ... Mr. J. G. HANLEY
Prompter ... Mr. J. S. WRIGHT
Treasurer ... Mr. THEODORE MOSS
Doors open at 7½. Performance commences at 8.
PRICES.
Admission ... 75 cents.
Reserved Seats in Dress Circle ... $1
Orchestra Chairs ... $1 50
Family Circle ... 30 cents.
Private Boxes, admitting seven persons ... $10

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager ... W. WHEATLEY
DOORS OPEN 7¼; BEGINS AT 7¾.
SECOND YEAR OF THE
BLACK CROOK,
JARRETT & PALMER'S
GRAND PARISIENNE BALLET,
strongly reinforced by
NEW ARTISTS, NEW BALLETS, NEW COSTUMES AND MUSIC.
NEW ILLUMINATED BALL-ROOM,
in which will be given a
GRAND CARNIVAL AND MASQUERADE,
and the GORGEOUS TRANSFORMATION.
MATINEE SATURDAY NEXT AT 1 O'CLOCK.
Seats secured six days in advance.

BROADWAY THEATRE—EDWIN FORREST
TO-NIGHT—MACBETH.
EDWIN FORREST ... as ... MACBETH
Lady Macbeth ... Mme. Ponisi | Banquo ... Barton Hill
THURSDAY—EDWIN FORREST as JACK CADE.
SATURDAY—Benefit of JAS. W. COLLIER.

BUNYAN HALL—UNION-SQUARE.
The opening Matinee of
"THE PILGRIM"
having been postponed to WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25, at 2½ P. M., the complimentary tickets will be good for that occasion.
The entertainment will positively be opened to the public on WEDNESDAY EVENING.
RAIN, PHILLIPS & MAYNORD, Proprietors.

NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., No. 820 Broadway, and No. 116 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Theory Classes now forming.
Terms $15 per quarter.

THE SCANDINAVIAN FAIR AND FESTIVAL, and exhibition of statuary by Thorwaldsen, for the benefit of the suffering Danish Slesvigers, is now open at the New-York Assembly Rooms, Broadway and 28th-st., from 2 to 10 o'clock P. M. Admission 25 cents.

THEATRE TICKET OFFICE,
NOS. 112 and 114 BROADWAY.

DANCING.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY,
NO. 82 5TH-AV., CORNER OF 14TH-ST.,
WILL REOPEN TUESDAY, Sept. 24, 1867.
LADIES' CLASS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, 2 to 4 P. M.
MISSES' and MASTERS', WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, 4 to 6 P. M.
GENTLEMEN, TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, at 8 o'clock.
CIRCULARS AT THE ACADEMY.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY,
NO. 212 FIFTH-AV., NEW-YORK.
Morning and afternoon classes for children will commence SATURDAY, Oct. 5. Evening classes for gentlemen will commence TUESDAY, Oct. 8. For terms, &c., send for a circular. Mr. Dodworth will be at home to receive calls after Sept. 28.

F. DODWORTH, DANCING ACADEMY,
No. 129 Pierrepont-st., near Fulton, Brooklyn.
Will commence Tuesday, Oct. 1. For days, &c., send or call for a circular. Private lessons given either single or in class. Mr. Dodworth will receive calls from 12 to 2 P. M.

HLASKO'S DANCING ACADEMY,
and Institute of Physical Culture, [illegible] Broadway, commences TUESDAY, Oct. 15. Days of instruction, TUESDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS.

C. H. RIVERS' DANCING ACADEMY, No. 23 Schermerhorn-st., Brooklyn, will reopen Sept. 30. Send for a circular. Inclose 25 cents for a pamphlet containing the German.

THE TURF.

A PURSE OF $1,000; MILE HEATS, 3 in 5, in harness, to come off on Fashion Track MONDAY, Sept. 30, closed with the following stars:
Fashion Course, Trotting, MONDAY, Sept. 30, at 3½ P. M.—Purse of $1,000; mile heats, 3 in 5, in harness.
John Crook's br. s. George Wilkes.
Dan Pfifer's b. m. Lady Thorn.
R. Dobie's b. m. Lucy.
A. Patterson's b. g. Mountain Boy (agr. Bingham.)
James McMann's br. g. Bruno.
The above is the most extraordinary field of horses that has ever appeared, and as all five are likely to start, a race of the most intense interest may be looked for. Boats from James-slip every half hour, from 34th-st. every five minutes, and trains from Hunter's Point at 1½ and 2½. Police arrangements for the day.
[illegible], Proprietor.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

EXTENSIVE CONFLAGRATION.

Complete Destruction of Nearly Half a Block of Buildings—Aggregate Loss About $250,000.

At 3:50 o'clock yesterday afternoon, an alarm of fire was given at the Grand-street and Williamsburgh Ferry, being caused by the appearance of flames in the sawing and planing mill of Messrs. WHITE, BAILEY & Co., Nos. 3 and 5 Tompkins-street, near Grand. The progress of the flames was rapid, owing to the combustible nature of the contents of the mill, and the fire had gained such headway that it was with great difficulty the firemen succeeded in extinguishing it. Indeed, the heat soon became so intense that the leading hosemen could not approach the burning building as readily or as closely as was desirable.

As soon as Chief-Engineer ELISHA KINGSLAND reached the scene of the fire, he gave orders for a repetition of the signal, (No. 153,) the sound of which called forth another relay of steamers and hook and ladder trucks, when the work of salvage was commenced in right good earnest. By this time the saw-mill of Messrs. WHITE, BAILEY & Co. was completely gutted, and the walls and chimneys fell soon after, the flames extending to a large four-story brick building, fronting on Grand-street, and consisting of Nos. 608, 610, 612, 614 and 616, the property of the mill-owners, which edifice soon succumbed, and sank to the ground a mass of red-hot and crumbled ruins. The hotel on the corner of South and Grand streets was rescued from destruction, despite the fact that it adjoins the last-mentioned building and is surrounded by huge piles of seasoned lumber, the greater part of which was burned. While the firemen were engaged in saving the hotel from the danger in which it stood, the flames extended to several frame buildings on the other side of Tompkins-street, the greater part of which were burned to the ground. So rapid was the progress of the flames in this new direction, that all of this immense destruction was effected before dusk, or in about two hours and a half after the first alarm, the firemen by that time having obtained the mastery and commenced setting their watch lines for the night.

The loses by this disastrous fire are manifold and heavy, owing to the number of tenants and others involved. The following is as correct a list of the owners of buildings and tenants, with their individual losses and insurances as could be obtained. The estimates are made from statements of the sufferers themselves or from those of their employes.

Nos. 3 and 5 Tompkins-street, where the flames originated, as is believed, in the boiler room, was a large three-story brick building owned and occupied by WHITE, BAILEY & Co., as a saw and planing mill. This firm are insured for $26,000 on stock and machinery in the Niagara, Williamsburg City, Adriatic, Franklin, of Philadelphia, and other companies. Their loss is estimated in round figures at $100,000.

The building Nos. 608, 610, 612, 614 and 616 Grand-street was a four-story brick building, known as the "Union Mills," being owned by the saw-mill firm, whose loss is understood to be $50,000, only partially insured. The first and second floors of Nos. 612, 614 and 616 were occupied by WILLIAM H. ALLEN, mineral grinder, whose loss on machinery and stock is understood to be very heavy, the amount of which could not be ascertained. The first and second floors of Nos. 608 and 610 Grand-street were occupied by P. H. JOHNSON & Co., shoddy manufacturers, who also sustain a heavy loss on stock and machinery. The third floor of the entire building of five numbers was occupied by HENRY STRICKER, tobacco manufacturer, who sustains considerable loss, and is insured for $1,000 in the Lafayette. The aggregate losses of these three tenants is fully $50,000, understood to be partially insured. The fourth story of this building was occupied by CHARLES D. CLOSE, cabinet-maker, who sustains a loss of $6,000, only partially covered by insurance.

No. 618 Grand-street was a small one-story brick building, occupied by JOHN KIRTLAND as an oyster saloon, whose loss is stated to be $1,000; no insurance. It was this building that intervened between the hotel and the larger building burned, and aided the firemen in saving it from material damage. This hotel is known as the Hanfield Hotel, consisting of Nos. 620 and 622 Grand-street, owned by Mrs. ZENOBIA HANFIELD, who sustains but slight loss by fire on the roof, fully covered by insurance in the Continental, Queen's County and Commercial Insurance Companies of this City.

On the other side of the hotel in the lumber yard of the mill belonging to WHITE, BAILEY & Co., and fronting on South-street, the greater part of the lumber being destroyed.

No. 1 Tompkins-street was a small frame house occupied by DANIEL ANTHONY, shipjoiner, which building was completely destroyed. The loss of the occupant could not be ascertained.

No. 2 Tompkins-street was a three-story frame building, occupied as dwellings by JOHN GORING, WM. SOPER and ANTHONY O'HARA.

No. 4 Tompkins-street was a similar building, and occupied by JAMES CLARK and two other families, whose names and losses could not be learned. All of these tenants lost nearly all of their household furniture, and were only partially insured.

Nos. 600, 602, 604 and 606 Grand-street were two-story and attic frame buildings, and were owned, together with the two dwellings in Tompkins-street, previously mentioned, by the Kettletas estate. Nos. 600 and 602 had the roofs destroyed, the lower portion of each being flooded by water. Nos. 604 and 606 were completely destroyed, the chimneys falling at 5:30 o'clock.

No. 606 was occupied on the first floor as a lager-beer saloon and restaurant by I. SOHN, and on the upper floors as a dwelling. His loss could not be ascertained.

No. 604 was occupied by KERNAN REED, copper and lead works, and by G. BISHOP, manufacturer of mineral varnish, both partially insured. The upper floors were occupied by ISAAC LOBECK as a dwelling.

No. 602 was occupied on the first floor as a cigar-store by HENRY WALLEN, and on the upper floors as a dwelling. His loss on stock was considerably lessened by the insurance patrol covering it up with tarpaulins; insured in the St. Marks for $1,500.

No. 600 was occupied on the first floor by L. SKINNER & Co. as a confectionery and stationery-store, news depot and sample-room, while the upper floors was occupied by Mr. SKINNER's family. Aggregate loss about $5,000; partially insured.

No. 598½ was occupied by C. SCHLICHTER as a restaurant and dwelling; No. 598 by C. REICHSTETTER, shoemaker, and No. 596½ as a barber-shop, by R. DEMAN, all of whom sustain slight losses.

The Police reserves from the Seventh, Tenth, Eleventh and Thirteenth Precincts, were present on the ground, and maintained admirable order among the crowds who gathered near the fire. Capt. HELME, of the Thirteenth Precinct, was in command of the entire force present. The firemen worked most assiduously, and the hook and ladder men seemed to vie with each other, several narrow escapes being observable while the frame buildings were falling.

The Working Women's Home.

Yesterday the large building No. 45 Elizabeth-street, constructed for a home for working women, was thrown open to the inspection of the Press and the members of the professions. On Thursday all interested are invited to be present at the inaugural exercises, which will then be given. On Saturday the working women of New-York and Brooklyn are called upon to inspect for themselves the home, which, on the first day of October, will receive its tenants.

This building, it will be remembered, was occupied as a monster tenement, giving shelter not long ago to over ninety families. It was purchased by the corporation in whose hands it has undergone a remarkable transformation, with the six lots on which it stands, for $100,000. $40,000 has been expended upon it in refitting and furnishing. It is now a fine structure, and seems in every way adequate to the purpose for which it is designed. It is six stories high. Its basement contains laundry, engine and boiler-room, drying-room, ironing-room, kitchen, bakery, twelve bathing-rooms and eight cellars, with roomy passages leading to all these.

On the first floor are the reception room, 21 feet by 22, the office and counting-room, first, second and third parlors, very spacious, and a dining room where five hundred can sit down to eat. The three parlors, which are thrown together so as to be really one capacious apartment, 70 by 36 feet, are very pleasantly furnished and lighted, and are enriched by the munificence of some of our leading manufacturers, with important instruments both of practical utility and refinement. Messrs. F. G. SMITH & Co., the manufacturers of the celebrated "Bradbury" pianoforte, with a generosity worthy of special recognition, have placed one of their magnificent instruments there, which will contribute incalculably to the happiness and hilarity of the "Home." For family devotional purposes a MASON & HAMLIN parlor organ has been loaned, and it is hoped will not be allowed to get back to its owners. For the promotion of social industry, the Wilcox & Gibb's Company have bountifully furnished the sewing parlor with four of their Noiseless Sewing Machines, so quiet in action as not to disturb the most private conversation, and so simple that any girl can operate them at sight. The library parlor is yet unfurnished with the books and periodicals for which it is intended, and the attention of philanthropic publishers and others is solicited to this important object.

The second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth floors contain in the aggregate eighty dormitories, accommodating four hundred and eighty guests. There are nine common rooms, eleven industrial and business rooms, with all other necessary minor apartments for sanitary purposes. In speaking of the general principles and plans of the establishment, the Trustees say the Working Women's Home is no "charity," but a business establishment, differing from others only in disinterestedness of motive. The Trustees would be the last to injure legitimate business and degrade the laboring classes from their personal independence, by accustoming them to any measure or kind of gratuity in material things. It is their intention, therefore, that the price of board in this establishment shall yield a moderate, living profit, with interest on the investment, but no margin for unpaid board bills, and that every week's board shall be strictly paid in advance. The price of board and washing is $3 25 per week.

It will be remembered that this establishment, which we have before noticed, is in the hands and under the control of the Trustees of the Five Points House of Industry, and that its superintendence is intrusted to the worthy gentleman, Mr. HALLIDAY, who has so long worked faithfully and indefatigably for the House of Industry. In concluding his prospectus, Mr. HALLIDAY says, on behalf of the Trustees, the coöperative plan will be so far adopted, in our management, that whatever profit shall be made at the prices named will be divided among the permanent boarders, under such conditions as the Trustees may deem best. Again, it is not designed to establish a religious, much less a sectarian institution, and no one's religious preferences will be interfered with or even inquired into. At the same time this will not be an irreligious house, but a Christian family for all who desire its advantages. To educate the understanding and the finer tastes of the interesting but neglected class to be brought within reach of our influence will be an object of unceasing solicitude, toward which those possessed of means and talents can hardly render too much assistance. Both opportunities and incentives will be needed. Among the means may be mentioned truly good books of a popular character, vocal and instrumental music, and the cultivation and possession of flowers by means of window-gardening. It will be seen that nothing has been spared in the way of facilities for cleanliness and womanly order, for perfect ventilation and temperature, for the perfection of agreeable and wholesome food, and for convenience and ease in every respect—objects which will always give occasion for continued study and improvement. And in all that is herein said touching the cleanliness and adaptability of the place, in every way, for a healthy, comfortable home for working women, it is but just to say that there is every promise of fulfillment.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Dr. Harris' Weekly Letter—Marked Decrease of Zymotic Diseases—Promise of a Healthy Autumn Season.

Dr. HARRIS, Registrar of Vital Statistics, sent his usual weekly report to the Board of Health yesterday. The communication reads as follows:

METROPOLITAN BOARD OF HEALTH,
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS, Sept. 24, 1867.

In the week that ended Sept. 21, there were 568 deaths in New-York, including the 93 that occurred in the public institutions. Of the latter number, 51 were inmates of asylums and hospitals on the islands. There were 231 deaths registered in Brooklyn, including 31 in county institutions and suburban streets.

Though the aggregate mortality was considerably increased in both cities last week the causes were obvious and they did not partake of an epidemic character. The increase was wholly in those constitutional, inflammatory and congestive disorders that prove fatal under the influence of sudden alterations of temperature, &c. The zymotic maladies destroyed only 180 lives in New-York and but 73 in Brooklyn, against 205 in the former and 92 in the latter city the previous week. But we find that pulmonary consumption, tabes mesenterica and other tubercular or consumptive diseases swept into the grave 141 persons in New-York and 58 in Brooklyn, against 111 and 43, respectively, in the cities the previous week. There were, also, 18 deaths in the former and 5 in the latter city attributed to disorders of the circulating system last week, against 6 and 1, respectively, the previous week. The mean temperature, 70° Fahr., although unusually warm for the season, ranged from 46° to 89°. The average degree of humidity was 66, total saturation of the atmosphere being considered as 100. The mean pressure of the atmosphere was unusually great, being equal to 30.14 inches. The marked decrease of zymotic disorders, typhoid fever excepted, gives promise of a healthy autumn.

A single death by cholera occurred in a filthy quarter of the Seventeenth Ward. Diarrhœal disorders, of all kinds, killed 181 persons in the two cities. In London, the last week of August, there were 248 deaths by this class of causes, including 22 by cholera. In a practical note on those deaths, Dr. FARR justly remarks that "Sanitary officers in all such cases should justly remarks that "sanitary officers in all such cases should still see that disinfectants are effectually employed. The world is justly grateful for such a knowledge of the laws of pestilence as physicians have recently taught concerning the cholera and the means of arresting its ravages. Even in New-Orleans the President of the Board of Health is able to state that "cholera seems to have been extinguished." But the means of extinguishing yellow fever are undiscovered, for as a distinguished medical teacher of that city remarked yesterday, "it is a pestilence whose laws have never been determined." It seems possible to prevent it by perfect cleaning and drainage, but whatever place becomes infected with it, though it be the beautiful Bay Ridge of New-York harbor, remains infected until frost.

RECAPITULATION OF AGES, SEXES AND NATIVITIES.

NEW-YORK.		BROOKLYN.	
Men	105	Men	30
Women	81	Women	36
Boys	203	Boys	88
Girls	179	Girls	77
Total	568	Total	231
NATIVITIES.		NATIVITIES.	
Austria	2	England	6
British America	3	Germany	15
England	9	Ireland	29
France	3	Scotland	3
Germany	41	Sweden	1
Ireland	81	United States	176
Italy	1	Unknown	1
Russia	1	Total	231
Scotland	3		
Sweden	2		
Switzerland	1		
United States	415		
West Indies	1		
Total	568		

CAUSES OF DEATH.

	N.Y.	B'lyn		N.Y.	B'lyn
Zymotic infections	180	73	Inflama'ry diseases		
Whooping-cough	3	3	respir'ry system	43	21
Typhus fever	1	1	Digestive system	20	12
Typhoid fever	5	4	Urinary system	16	1
Dysentery	33	13	Developme'al dise's	42	22
Diarrhœa	36	10	Children	16	11
Cholera (Asiatic)	1	—	Women	2	3
Cholera infa'm	60	25	Old age	4	2
Constitut'nl dise's	152	61	Nutrition	20	7
Diathetic	11	3	Violence	21	4
Tubercular	141	58	Accidn't & negli'ce	17	4
Local diseases	173	8	Homicide	1	—
Nervous system	73	31	Suicide	3	—
Circulatory system	18	5			

Regatta at Salterville, N. J.—Upsetting of one of the Yachts.

Quite an exciting contest took place yesterday, at Salterville, between three of the fastest yachts of their class in these waters. The race was gotten up under the auspices of the Bayonne Yacht Club, mainly to try the merits of their new boat, the *Mattie*, and the challenge was taken up by the owners of the *Polynesia*, also a new boat, hailing from Gowanus Bay. The *Abby*, of Red Bank, North Shrewsbury River, the winning boat in every regatta at Long Branch during the past season, was also one of the contestants. The terms of the race were $100 entrance fee, the winning boat to take the pool. Considerable money was bet on the *Mattie* and *Polynesia*, and the interest of the race centred upon them: the *Abby* being cat-rigged, was not considered as a match for the other boats, they being sloop-rigged. The length of the contesting boats was as follows: *Abby*, 26 feet 4 inches; *Polynesia*, 28 feet 1 inch; *Mattie*, 27 feet 7 inches. Allowance of time two minutes to a foot.

At 2:27:40: time was called, and the *Abby*, being the shortest boat was ordered to cast off, the other boats following at intervals of 30 seconds. The course was from a stake-boat off Mr. MCGIEHAN's, at Salterville, around a stake-boat off old Quarantine landing, Staten Island, this course to be sailed over three times. The wind was blowing almost a gale from the southward, with a heavy sea, which was well calculated to test the qualities of the several boats. The *Polynesia* was the first boat to round the Staten Island stake-boat, and she kept the lead splendidly on the home-stretch, the *Mattie* close behind, and the *Abby* a short distance behind them, but evidently gaining ground sailing before the wind, being provided with a large square sail, which answered the same purpose as a gib, when squared before the wind. The *Polynesia* rounded the home stake-boat first, and the *Mattie* one minute behind her, but the *Abby*, having unshipped the throat of her gaff, hauled out of the race, much to the disappointment of her admirers, some of whom even expected her to be the winning boat. On the return stretch to windward the *Mattie* took the lead, evidently being the best handled boat, her crew working like beavers, while the *Polynesia* was undoubtedly overcrowded with sail. On the second round the *Mattie* rounded the stake-boat at 4:55:55, and while the *Polynesia* was at least a mile from the home stake-boat, she took a sudden roll, her long boom caught in the water, and she capsized. As a great number of sailboats were present from different clubs, all the assistance necessary was rendered to the crew of the *Polynesia*, and happily no lives were lost. The *Mattie* ran out the race, and reached the home stake-boat for the third time at exactly 5:13:35, making the whole distance, calculated at over thirty miles, in 2:45:25. The judges were Mr. JAMES LEE, backer and trainer of the Ward crew; ELIAS PITCHER, of Shrewsbury, and JOHN MCDONALD, owner of the well-known yacht *Gen. Wright*. The sailing master of the *Mattie* was Mr. JOS. ELLSWORTH. The *Mattie* is owned by the Bayonne Yacht Club, and was built by Mr. P. MCGIEHAN, of Salterville. The Bayonne men are greatly elated at the success of their new boat, and expressed their willingness to back her for any amount in a race with any boat of her class. After the race Mr. MCGIEHAN entertained his personal friends at his private residence, during which some remarks were made by the gentlemen present, when Mr. MCGIEHAN offered to back six of the boats built by him against any six boats of their class in the country for any amount.

Opening of Bids at the Comptroller's Office.

Contracts were awarded to the lowest bidders for the undermentioned work at the Comptroller's office, yesterday, as follows:

Stone tower, engine-house and boiler-house, chimney and steps, for the high service of water at Carmansville. One bid. Awarded to JOHN L. BROWN and JOHN WITHERELL at the following rates:

Tower	$75,626 85
Engine-house	86,139 50
Boiler-house	38,658 85
Total	$200,825 20

Cast iron lamp-posts, 6 3-16 cents per pound, JOHN O'DONNELL; rebuilding pier foot of Thirty-seventh-street, $8,535, B. KELLY; flagging sidewalk in Thirtieth-street, between Seventh and Eighth-avenues, $705 60, J. MAHONY; regulating, grading and setting curb and gutter stones in One Hundred and Twenty-third-street, from Third-avenue to Mount Morris-square, $8,611 55, THOS. FEALEY.

The opening of bids for repairing Pier No. 39 North River, &c., was postponed.

The Yellow Fever Sufferers.

Messrs. SPOFFORD, TILESTON & Co. acknowledge the receipt of the following sums for the benefit of sufferers by the epidemic at New-Orleans:

Mercer-street Presbyterian Church, $120 77; Church of the Covenant, $132 54; West Presbyterian Church, $187 61; Brick Church, $55; Bentley, Burton & Co., $25; Broadway Tabernacle, $230 55; T. T. Berry, $25; F. B. Nichol, $25; John Grey, $25; P. R. H., $20; "Wall-street," $100; H. P. L., $10; A Friend, $5; Austin, Thorp & Co., $50; Mrs. R. B. Alden, $250; S. S. Wyckoff & Co., $50; Cash, $5; T. J. P., $7; Thank Offering for Health Granted, $20. Total, $1,363 50. Previously acknowledged, $1,937 50. Grand total, $3,301.

Also the following amounts for the benefit of the Galveston sufferers: Brick Church, $174 18; Samuel Bonnell, Jr., $10; Hallett & Robbins, $50; West Presbyterian Church, $187 61; Mrs. R. B. Alden, $250. Total, $673 79. Previously acknowledged, $4,281. Total, $4,954 79.

And also the following for Houston sufferers: Brick Church, $174 18; Thos. P. Jeremiah, $20; Cash, $50; Hallett & Robbins, $50; Friend, $7. Total, $286 18. Previously acknowledged, $363. Total, $651 18.

H. B. CROMWELL & CO. acknowledge the receipt of the following amounts in aid of the yellow fever sufferers at New-Orleans:

C. & B. Poillon, $50; W. H., Sr., $2; Standard Fire Insurance Company, $25; Lawrence Bros. & Tweedy, $25; A. T. Stewart & Co., $100; B. F. Towne, $5; J. E. P., $25; S. H. S., $50; Lathrop, Ludington & Co., $100; Drohan & Alen, $25; Van Valkenburgh & Humes, $50; R. F. Seaman, $25; Haviland, Lindsley & Co., $50; Demmster Iron Works, $50; S. W. Chambers, $5; Thos. G. Benton & Sons, $5; Brooklyn White Lead Co., $100.

By the hand of E. C. PALMER, of E. C. PALMER & Co., New-Orleans:

Philip & Solomon, Washington, D. C., $25; Jessup & Moore, $25; Bradley R. Hard & Co., $25; Beebe, Son & Co., $25; Herman Griffith & Co., $20; Owens & Agar, $20; W. H. Parsons & Bro., $25; Warren & Hastings, $25; H. C. & M. Hubbard, $25; Vernon Bros. & Co., $25; Samuel Rayner & Co., $20; B. & P. Lawrence, $20.

By the hand of EDWARD FENNER, of HERTER, PETERSON & FENNER, New-Orleans:

Sullivan, Randolph & Budd, $50; Wilson G. Hunt, $25.

Total—$1,047; previously remitted, $1,015. Total, $2,062.

At a meeting of the Richmond County Medical Society, Dr. W. C. ANDERSON was authorized to receive and remit all funds contributed for the relief of the sufferers.

No. 24 PARK-ROW, New-York, Sept. 24, 1867.

To the Charitable:

In behalf of sufferers by yellow fever in New-Orleans, we will receive any funds which may be intrusted to us, and pay the amount by telegraph through Messrs. BARNES, WARD & Co., New-Orleans, to the Howard Association of that city, daily.

Lists of contributors will be furnished the Press.

DEMAS BARNES & CO.

The Slaughter-Houses in Forty-eighth-street.

A meeting of residents and property-owners was held last evening at No. 617 West Forty-eighth-street, for the purpose of taking measures to secure the removal of the slaughter-houses and other nuisances in the neighborhood of Forty-eighth-street and Eleventh-avenue. Mr. C. C. ELLIS was called to the chair. A memorial to the Board of Health, asking that the nuisances be abated, was presented, and was signed by all present. This document complains of the slaughter-houses already erected and to be erected in Forty-eighth-street, west of Eleventh-avenue; of the driving of cattle, sheep and swine through the streets at all hours, and of a fat and bone-boiling establishment in the same neighborhood. The meeting, after this memorial was signed, was adjourned till Friday evening, when another will be held at No. 658 Eleventh-avenue.

POLICE COURTS.

THE TOMBS—HOGAN, JUSTICE.

FEMALE SHOPLIFTERS.

MARY ELKINS, ELLEN THOMPSON and another woman name unknown, entered the store of WILLIAM K. PEYTON, No. 272 Bowery, at dusk on Monday evening and made a slight pretence of purchasing goods. While these women were standing in front of the counter one of the clerks, ROBERT F. SWAYZE, noticed ELKINS push two pieces of dress goods, valued at $52, toward THOMPSON who managed to secrete the property beneath her skirt. This operation having been successfully performed all three of the women turned to leave the premises, but were intercepted by Mr. SWAYZE, who detained the two women named, the unknown one eluding his grasp. Officer MUNIER, of the Fourteenth Precinct, was then summoned and the shop-lifters searched, the missing pieces of goods being found in the possession of ELLEN, who had placed it in a large "pocket" or bag, as is usual with professional shoplifters. The prisoners were arraigned before the magistrate yesterday, and they were fully committed for trial in default of bail. MARY was recognized in Court as an old offender. She is a native of Germany, and 44 years of age. ELLEN is a native of Ireland, 35 years of age, and resides at No. 74 Downing-street.

ALLEGED HORSE THIEF.

SERF LEVY, a white man, was arrested yesterday by Detective WOOLDRIDGE, of the Sixth Precinct, on a charge of horse stealing. When the case came before the Magistrate, JOHN WALLACE, a colored man, and a resident of Washington City, D. C., appeared and stated that on Saturday last the prisoner entered his stable without authority and took possession of a bay horse, valued at $175, which animal he shipped to this City on board the steamer *John Gibson*. As soon as the complainant ascertained the direction taken by the accused he telegraphed to Capt. JOURDAN, of the Sixth Precinct, requesting his action in the matter. The Captain detailed his detective to watch for the steamer, and the latter arrested the alleged fugitive and recovered the horse, LEVY being also in waiting for the steamer's arrival He was remanded for examination.

THE NOBLE CASE.

The examination in the case of DANIEL NOBLE, accused of complicity in the Royal Insurance Bond Robbery, was closed yesterday on the part of the prosecution by the introduction of JOHN CROSS, of Elmira, who testified that GRIFFIN had at one time expressed a wish to purchase his stables, and stated that he had $60,000 worth of Government bonds and $10,000 in Danville. GRIFFIN had spent on the day in question nearly $300.

Mr. JOHN GRAHAM, counsel for the prisoner, made a motion to strike out all of Mrs. GRIFFIN's testimony, on the ground that she was incompetent to give evidence in any case, or of such a character as would tend to convict her own husband of a similar crime, in the event of his return to the United States. Mr. LAROCQUE, on the part of the prosecution, combatted this motion, claiming that it was legitimate and proper evidence, and must be included in the evidence forming the case.

The magistrate desired time to examine the authorities cited by counsel, and accordingly adjourned the examination until this forenoon, when the examination of witnesses for the defence will be commenced, pending the decision of the magistrate upon the motion made by Mr. GRAHAM.

A QUEER CASE.

WILLIAM SWAINE, of No. 177 East Broadway, appeared before the magistrate yesterday and made oath that he had, on the 15th of August last, made an affidavit before a magistrate, whose name he did not know, in the City of Norfolk, Va., to the effect that one GEORGE W. STAPLES had committed a felony in having stolen from his (SWAINE's) possession, on the 27th of July, a check on the First National Bank of Norfolk, Va., for the sum of $1,000. He further stated that the Virginia magistrate had issued a warrant for the arrest of STAPLES, who had eluded the officers until yesterday, when complainant had caused his arrest in this City. He therefore desired that the sitting magistrate grant a temporary commitment for the prisoner until such time as a requisition could be obtained from the Governor of Virginia upon Gov. FENTON for the surrender of the accused. Counsel for the defence, on cross-examination asked the complainant if he had ever been in the State Prison, which question the complainant declined to answer and was sustained by the Court, though he became much excited thereat. SWAINE, on further cross-examination, said that he had received a note from Mr. STAPLES for the amount named, but did not have it at the time; had received it on the 27th of July and retained it for two weeks. He was a captain of a steamboat, and the money was drawn for by permission of the bank. He had a small amount of money of his own in the bank, and was to get a commission of $50. The accused made a note for $1,040 which complainant expected would be paid, which was not done. It was not put in any bank for collection, and was STAPLES' individual note. The magistrate granted the temporary commitment desired and the prisoner was remanded.

JEFFERSON MARKET—LEDWITH, JUSTICE.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

Officer MCKENZIE, Twenty-ninth Precinct, yesterday made a complaint against MICHAEL CAVANAGH and JAMES HENNESSY, charging that during the morning he saw them driving through West Fifteenth-street a horse attached to a heavily loaded ice-wagon, the horse having two large sores on the shoulders, and arrested them for cruelty to the animal. They were required to give bail in the sum of $300 each to answer at the Court of Special Sessions.

A WATCH STOLEN.

JOSEPH H. LEVINE on Saturday evening being, as he states, under the influence of liquor, consigned himself to the custody of a colored woman named SOPHIA ALLEN, who took him to her room at No. 68 Grand-street, where he remained all night. In the morning he found that his companion and his watch, valued at $100, had disappeared. After a long search the woman was found, and notwithstanding her denial of any knowledge of the missing property, she was committed in default of $500 bail to answer at the Court of General Sessions.

MINOR ITEMS.

PATRICK CAMPBELL, for the theft of a sheet from No. 124 West Twenty-fourth-street, and WM. LEWIS, for the theft of [illegible] No. 5 Wooster-street, were committed in default of $300 each to answer at the Special Sessions.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

THE SCANDINAVIAN FAIR.—A Fair for the benefit of the suffering Danish Schleswigers, who are now wandering homeless in Denmark, to the number of six thousand [illegible], was successfully inaugurated last evening at the New-York Assembly Rooms, corner Broadway and Twenty-eighth-street. The opening address was delivered by Mr. F. S. STALLKNECHT, who was listened to with close attention. Brief remarks by Hon. JAMES D. REYMERT followed, at the conclusion of which Mayor HOFFMAN spoke a few well-chosen and happy words of sympathy for the suffering people of Schleswig. The attractions of the Fair are too numerous to mention, as was attested by the large attendance of last evening. The prices are so moderate that goods are sold very readily, and it is probable that very little will remain to be auctioned off on Thursday evening next. The music, instrumental and vocal, is furnished by THOMAS' String Band, and a quartette of good singers, chosen from the Scandinavian Society. A ball to be held on Friday evening will bring the Fair to a close. The Committee in charge are Messrs. [illegible], J. CLAUSEN and J. M. [illegible].

ARRIVALS IN THE CITY.—Mr. ROMERO, Mexican Minister at Washington, and Mme. de STOECKL, wife of the Russian Minister, are at the Clarendon Hotel. M. BERTHEMY, the French Minister, is at the Brevoort House. The Count and Countess de Vanlee, France, and Gov. BURNSIDE, of Rhode Island, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Hon. A. BRANDAGEE, of Connecticut, is at the St. James Hotel. Capt. [illegible], of Russia, is at the Albemarle Hotel. Judge ALLEN, of Oswego; Hon. G. W. CASS, Pittsburgh; Charles A. Rogers, of the Boston *Journal*; Hon. S. VAUX, Philadelphia, and Hon. J. C. TURNER, of North Carolina, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Gen. H. L. CAKE, M. C., and Hon. D. C. LITTLEJOHN, Buffalo, are at the Astor House.

SWINDLING A GERMAN.—Yesterday afternoon PATRICK MCDONALD, who keeps an exchange office at No. 22 Albany-street, was arrested by Officer KEELEY, of the Twenty-seventh Precinct, on a charge of defrauding an emigrant. It appears that WM. KERN, a German, called on the accused and purchased a passage ticket for Europe, which subsequently proved to be wholly worthless. MCDONALD also obtained possession of a check for $900 on one of the City banks, and failed to return it until arrested, though he offered his victim $750 for the same, which liberal offer was refused. The prisoner was locked up at the Police Headquarters for examination.

METROPOLITAN REVENUE BOARD.—The Board met yesterday, but transacted no business of public interest. It is understood that a vessel lying at one of the down-town piers has been placed under surveillance, in consequence of having whisky on board that has not been accounted for to the Government. Two bonded warehouses in the Thirty-second District have been closed under the new regulation. It is now thought that the new regulations will not affect bonded warehouse proprietors so injuriously as was at first anticipated.

THE DIOCESAN CONVENTION.—The Convention will assemble in St. John's Chapel, Trinity Parish, at 10 o'clock this morning. The service list contains Varies in F to the "Te Deum," "Jubilate," "Kyrie Eleison Sanctus," and the "Gloria in Excelsis;" the anthem from the "Messiah, "Comfort ye my People," "Every Valley Shall be Attacked," chorus, "And the Glory of the Lord." Rev. E. Y. HIGBIE, D. D., will preach the sermon. Dr. JAMES PECK will officiate as organist.

FELONIOUS ASSAULT.—At 8 o'clock last night Officer DUNLAP, of the Seventeenth Precinct, found WM. POLLOCK, of New-Haven, Conn., in the alleyway of No. 374 Bowery, bleeding profusely from wounds about the head and face, which he received at the hands of several men unknown to him, who enticed him into the alley and then knocked him down, robbing him of a gold watch and chain valued at $250 and $800 in bank bills.

DROWNING CASES.—The body of EDWARD DYER, aged twelve years, was recovered yesterday in the North River, near Christopher-street, the deceased having been drowned near that place a few days ago. The remains of an unknown man were also found yesterday floating in the East River, near James-slip. Coroner WILDEY held inquests in both cases, the verdicts being in accordance with the facts.

CARRIAGE COLLISION.—Last evening a collision occurred between carriages in Eighth-avenue, near One Hundred and Forty-eighth-street, when Ex-Sheriff JAMES LYNCH and Mr. WM. MOORE, Keeper of Ludlow-street Jail, were severely injured by being thrown from their wagon. The other carriage belonged to L. G. EVANS, of Fremont, who was also dangerously injured by the collision.

A RUFFIAN.—OLGA GELNIEK, of No. 246 East Twenty-sixth-street, and aged twelve years, was severely injured yesterday afternoon, on the corner of Thirtieth-street and Second-avenue, by a stone thrown by WM. DOVE at Officer SHERIDAN, from whom he attempted to rescue a prisoner. DOVE was arrested, and the girl taken home by her father.

CHILD KILLED BY A FALL.—An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner GOVER over the remains of EMILE HOLLANDER, a native of Germany, aged 5 years, whose death was caused by injuries sustained by a fall from the rear stoop of his parents' residence, No. 12 Columbia-street, on the 23d inst. The jury rendered a verdict of accidental death.

MUSIC IN THE PARK.—The Park Commissioners announce that if the weather is fine there will be music on the Lake at the Park to-day, commencing at 3½ o'clock P. M.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

IMPRESSIVE CEREMONIES AT CALVARY CEMETERY—CONSECRATION OF NEW GROUND BY ARCHBISHOP MCCLOSKEY.—The impressive ceremony of consecrating that portion of Calvary Cemetery not heretofore used for burial purposes, was performed at an early hour yesterday morning by Archbishop MCCLOSKEY, assisted by his Secretary, Father MCNIERNEY, and Father JOYCE, of the Mortuary Chapel. At 9 o'clock the Archbishop, accompanied by the clergymen named and Superintendents CAROLAN and ROWAN, of the cemetery, took his place beside the large cross in front of the Mortuary Chapel, and commenced the exercises by reciting the first prayer of blessing, after which he recited, with the assisting clergymen, the Litany of the Saints. A circuit of the ground (twenty acres and upward) was then made, the Archbishop sprinkling it with holy water, and the assistant clergymen accompanying him and reciting the Psalm Miserere. The circuit having been made, all returned to the cross in front of the chapel, when the Archbishop took the censor and incensed it, and brought the ceremonies to a conclusion by reciting the blessing from the ritual. The ceremonies occupied one hour, but were witnessed by few persons, as the time of the consecration was not generally known.

THE RECENT OUTRAGE IN FLUSHING-AVENUE.—The examination of PATRICK KANE and MICHAEL QUINN, charged with outraging and beating the person of Mrs. MARGARET WALTON, at her residence in Flushing-avenue, E. D., on the night of the 9th inst., was resumed before Justice DAILEY yesterday. The first witness called was MARIA HEDDENRECK, who resides in the house where the outrage was committed. This witness testified that she saw the prisoners in Mrs. WALTON's apartments on the night in question; that she heard Mrs. WALTON scream for help for nearly an hour, and afterward found her eyes blackened and her face covered with blood. EMMA CRANSON, sister of Mrs. WALTON, testified that she was also present on the occasion referred to, but stated that she was so drunk that she could not remember what happened. The examination was then further adjourned until this morning, and the prisoners were remanded to jail.

THE NEW-ORLEANS SUFFERERS.—A meeting of the medical fraternity of Brooklyn was held in the rooms of the Historical Society in Court, near Joralemon-street, last evening. Dr. W. W. REESE presided, and addresses were made by Drs. SHEPPARD, NORRIS, BELL and Ex-Mayor HALL. The latter spoke of his experiences (which are more extensive than any man in Brooklyn) in relation to the cholera at Bay Ridge in 1857, and in regard to the disease generally. Hon. DEMAS BARNES also spoke, and a resolution was finally adopted to appoint a Committee of thirteen to report at a future meeting in relation to holding a meeting at the Academy of Music, in order to raise funds for the sufferers in the South. The meeting then adjourned. There were but few present.

INJUNCTION AGAINST A RAILROAD COMPANY.—An application was made yesterday morning to Judge GILBERT, of the Supreme Court, for an injunction restraining the Bushwick Railroad Company from laying their tracks in South Fourth and Meserole streets, E. D. The motion was made on behalf of JAMES RODWELL and others, on the ground that the consent of a majority of the property-owners along the route had not been obtained as required by law. Judge GILBERT gave an order in the case requiring the defendants to show cause on the 30th inst. why a perpetual injunction should not be granted, and restraining them from laying the tracks until the present matter is disposed of.

SUPPLYING THE CITY WITH WATER.—The new water main that was ordered by the Brooklyn Common Council some years since, is now being constructed from the Ridgewood Reservoir to the city. It is finished and in use as far down as Nostrand-avenue. The work will be wholly completed in two or three months, and the main will be 48 inches in diameter, and each section of pipe weighs four and a-quarter tons.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—About 7 o'clock yesterday morning, a man named JOHN GARLAND, residing at the corner of Hamilton-avenue and Hicks-street, fell down stairs and broke his neck. Death resulted immediately. Coroner SMITH held an inquest yesterday afternoon, when a verdict in accordance with the above facts was rendered by the jury.

FOUNDLING.—At a late hour on Monday night, a well-dressed, healthy-looking female infant, aged about two weeks, was found in an area in South Fourth-street, E. D., and taken to the Forty-fifth Precinct Station-house, [illegible] by the doorman [illegible]. Yesterday it was sent to the County Nursery.

A CASE OF DESTITUTION.—On Monday evening, a colored woman, advanced in years, was found in an unconscious state in the hallway of the house No. 30 Fulton-street. It is supposed that she was suffering from want. She was conveyed to the City Hospital.

THE EPISCOPAL COUNCIL.—Yesterday evening special services were held in the various Episcopal Churches by direction of Bishop POTTER, on behalf of the great council of the Episcopal Church held in London on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of the present week.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—The Yale Beethoven Society have been engaged by the Young Men's Christian Association of Brooklyn, to give a concert at the Academy of Music, on the 20th of November.

FOUNDLING.—A healthy female infant, about two weeks old, was found in a basket in the area of No. 17 Lafayette-place, on Monday night. The waif was taken in charge by the Superintendent of the Poor.

NEW-JERSEY.

SUDDEN DEATH UNDER PECULIAR CIRCUMSTANCES.—Coroner WHITE, of Hoboken, yesterday commenced an investigation as to the cause of the sudden decease of ROSANNAH MCMAHON, aged 55, which took place at her residence, corner of Newark and Grand streets, on Monday evening. Deceased complained of cramps in the stomach on Sunday evening, and continued unwell on Monday. About 6 P. M. a neighbor, at the request of deceased, went to Dr. FREE's drug-store, where the clerk put up a prescription intended to allay the pain, with directions on the bottle to take a teaspoonful every hour. The deceased took one dose and said she would lay down to sleep. In about fifteen minutes afterward she was discovered dead. Some of the jurymen were of opinion that death was caused by heart disease, but as there was no certainty in the matter an adjournment was had until Thursday evening, for the purpose of having a post-mortem examination, and, if deemed advisable, to have an analysis of the medicine.

INCENDIARY FIRE—TWO HORSES BURNED TO DEATH.—At 12:15 o'clock yesterday morning flames were discovered issuing from some one-story frame stables in Bay-street, near Grove-street, Jersey City, in which there were seven horses belonging to different parties. Owing to the combustible material the flames spread rapidly, but some of the firemen reaching the scene almost immediately succeeded in rescuing five of the horses, but were unable to approach the other two, and they were soon burned to death. They were owned by JOHN JURGEN, teamster for HERRICK & Co., whose loss, including harness, is over $400. The other horses, which were but slightly injured, belonged to A. WHITE, expressman, who also owned the stable. His loss is about $400; insured for $300. The side-boarding of Mr. DAVIS' house, No. 195 Bay-street, was all on fire, but was extinguished with but slight damage. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

VERDICT OF CENSURE.—Coroner WARREN, of Jersey City, held an inquest, on Monday evening, on the body of an aged woman named HELEN KEOGAN, who was killed at the Jersey-avenue crossing on the Erie Railroad by a freight train, which was being backed down on a side track outside of the inclosure, the gates of which were down at the time for a train of cars to pass. The jury rendered a verdict that HELEN KEOGAN came to her death by the culpable neglect of the railroad company in not placing proper persons on the outside track to warn people of danger when the main gate is closed. They also find the engineer (HENRY RADCLIFF) guilty of gross neglect of duty in not ringing the bell at the proper time, the fireman being absent.

A WATERFALL AS A LIFE-PRESERVER.—At Plainfield, a few evenings since, a team of horses attached to a carriage occupied by Mrs. W. B. T. LEE, took fright and ran away. Mrs. LEE was thrown from the vehicle, striking her head and shoulder heavily on the ground. She was taken up insensible and is now improving, and it is believed her life was saved by her waterfall, as it partially warded off the blow from her head.

A MYSTERIOUS CASE.—An unknown young woman was found lying insensible in the streets of Newark early on Monday morning, and has remained in an unconscious condition ever since. There is no doubt but that she has been heavily drugged and wrongly dealt with.

FIRE IN CALDWELL.—Between 10 and 11 o'clock on Monday night the barns and barracks of ISAAC SIMONSON, at Caldwell, were set on fire and burned to the ground. The horses were saved. The loss in hay and grain was about $300.

INDICTED FOR MURDER.—The Grand Jury of Essex County have found bills of indictment against THOMAS WELSH and PATRICK FARLEY for the murder of PATRICK TOBNEY. The trial is set down for Oct. 14.

NEWS IN BRIEF.—On Monday afternoon an attempt was made to burn the house rear of No. 268 Wayne-street, Jersey City, by setting fire to some straw and shavings. The owner, CORNELIUS MURPHY, having cause to suspect BRIDGET MURPHY, has caused her arrest, and she is held for an examination.... Two young men belonging in Jersey City having fallen out about a young lady, are reported to have engaged in a ring fight on the Paterson Dock, about 12 o'clock on Saturday night, in the presence of some thirty spectators.... A girl, 17 years of age, named CATHARINE BRADENAHAN, was arrested in Jersey City yesterday, charged with having some time since stolen articles valued at $25 from the house of FREDERICK REMMING, at Staten Island, where she was employed as a domestic. The property was recovered. The annual meeting of the State Temperance Society takes place at Newark to-day, (Wednesday.).... A State Convention of all the Young Men's Christian Associations of New-Jersey will be held at Elizabeth on the 1st and 2d of October.... Three men, arrested on suspicion of having garroted and robbed JOHNSON BALDWIN near Newark, were discharged from custody yesterday, there being no evidence to implicate them.... The Police Department of Newark go on a target excursion to-day, (Wednesday.).... United States Deputy Marshal BENJAMIN will sell the oil refinery of CONRAD BAUMAN at Hudson City to-day, (25th,) by auction, it having been forfeited by the Government.... HENRY W. MILLER, son of the late United States Senator MILLER, of New-Jersey, has been appointed Secretary and Auditor of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company.... Three bills of indictment have been found by the Grand Jury of Essex County for forging checks.... The valuable library of the late Rev. Dr. SCOTT, of Newark, is to be sold at auction to-day, 25th.

Markets by Telegraph.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Tuesday, Sept. 24.

FLOUR active; sales 1,900 bbls. at $10 50@$11 for No. 1 Spring; $12 for Red Winter $12 50 for White; $13 for Double Extra. WHEAT dull; sales 3,000 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee Club, at $2 12½. CORN opened steady but closed firmer; sales in the morning 10,000 bushels No. 1 Illinois at $1 18. BARLEY dull; the last sales were 27,000 bushels Canadian at $1 40@$1 45½. CORN MEAL $1 50 @ 100lbs. MILLFEED scarce and firm; shorts, $22; Shipstuffs, $30 @ ton. CANAL FREIGHTS steady—Flour 40c.; Wheat 11c.; Corn and Barley 9c. to New-York; Lumber $3 75 to the Hudson. RAILROAD FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston 80c., to Albany 60c., to New-York by rail and river 70c. LAKE IMPORTS—12,500 bushels Wheat, 12,000 bushels Barley, 368,000 feet Lumber. CANAL EXPORTS—21,700 bushels Barley, 1,033,000 feet Lumber. The amount of Flour and Grain on the canals from Buffalo to Oswego, for tide-water, up to yesterday was, as near as can be ascertained, was as follows: 2,650 bbls. Flour, 1,073,000 bushels Wheat, 1,107,000 bushels Corn, 291,000 bushels Oats, 222,000 bushels Barley, 124,000 bushels Rye.

BUFFALO, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

FLOUR dull; sales 100 bbls. White Canada at $12; 250 bbls. Amber'd an Spring, City Ground, Mixed, at $10 25. 200 bbls. RYE FLOUR at $7 75. WHEAT dull and declining; sales of 2,500 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 97; 7,000 bushels No. 2 Chicago at $1 93½. Market bare of White and Amber Wheats. CORN quiet and unchanged; sales, early 24,000 bushels at $1 17, and late 32,000 bushels at $1 18, all No. 2 Western. OATS higher and in fair demand; sales 70,000 bushels Western at 68c. half to arrive. RYE—Sales 3,000 bushels Western at $1 55. BARLEY—No inquiry and entirely nominal. MESS PORK quiet at $24 50 for heavy. LARD dull at 14½c. HIGHWINES entirely nominal. RECEIPTS—Wheat, 173,000 bushels; Corn, 32,000 bushels; Barley, 3,000 bushels; Flour, 12,300 bbls. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 125,000 bushels; Corn, 32,000 bushels; Oats, 12,000 bushels; Rye, 4,000 bushels. FREIGHTS have advanced—11c. on Wheat, 10c. on Corn, 9c. on Oats to New-York.

TOLEDO, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

FLOUR quiet but steady. WHEAT—White is unchanged; Amber has advanced 1c.; sales of White Michigan at $2 40@2 45½; Amber Michigan at $2 22@$2 23; No. 2 Red Wabash at $2 19; No. 1 Spring at $2 02; No. 2 Spring at $1 90; No. 3 do. at $1 70; sales of Amber for all the month at $2 20@$2 23½; for the first half of October at $2 20@$2 22. CORN—No. 1 has advanced 1c.; No. 2 advanced ½c.; sales of No. 1 Wabash at $1 14; No. 3 do. at $1 11½; Michigan at $1 10; No. 2 White at $1 11; sales of No. 1 for all the month at $1 12@$1 14½. OATS active at an advance of ½c.; sales of No. 1 at 60c. RYE—Sales of No. 1 at $1 [illegible]. BARLEY—Sales of No. 1 at $1 [illegible]. LAKE FREIGHTS—¼c. on Corn, and 3c. on Wheat to Oswego; 3¼c. on Corn, 3c. on Wheat by steam to Buffalo. RECEIPTS—[illegible] bbls. Flour, 23,000 bushels Wheat, 36,000 bushels Corn, 12,000 bushels Oats, 1,400 bushels Rye, 1,600 bushels Barley.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

TOBACCO active for Lugs and Low Medium advanced ¼c.; others unchanged. COTTON quiet at 20c. for new, and 19c. for ordinary. FLOUR steady; choice brands are very firm; Superfine, $7 50@$8; Choice and Fancy, [illegible]; Double and Treble Extra, [illegible]. WHEAT dull; sales at $2 08@$2 20 for Red; $2 15@$2 45 for White, and $2 50@$2 55 for Choice. CORN firm. [illegible] for common to choice Yellow; [illegible] Mixed and White. OATS heavy at 70c.@71c. BARLEY advancing; sales at $1 45@$1 55 for Choice Spring, and [illegible]. RYE [illegible] to Choice. PROVISIONS heavy. MESS PORK, $24. BACON—Shoulders 14¾c.; Clear [illegible] Sides; Sugar Cured Hams [illegible]. LARD [illegible]. WHISKY dull at $2 [illegible]. RECEIPTS—2,300 bbls.; Wheat, 5,000 sacks; Corn, 3,000 sacks; Oats, 3,100 sacks; Barley, 1,000 sacks.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

FLOUR firm but unchanged; Family, $10 75@$11 75; Fancy, $11 50@$12. WHEAT firm and in demand at $2 20 for No. 1, and $2 15 for No. 2. CORN firm at $1 18 for No. 1. RYE firm at $1 50. BARLEY firm at $1 [illegible]. COTTON dull and nominal at 20c. for Middling. WHISKY dull; nothing doing in bond. MESS PORK quiet but firm; sales at $24. BULK MEATS steady; [illegible]. BACON—Shoulders, 14c.; Sides, [illegible]; Clear Sides, 17¼c.@17½c.; sales were small. Sugar Cured HAMS in moderate demand and prices are nominal at 20c.@21c. Sales of LARD at 14c. BUTTER firm at 30c.@35c. for Choice. CHEESE unchanged. EGGS [illegible]. SUGAR firm. COFFEE firm. LINSEED OIL $1 22. PETROLEUM firm. FLAXSEED $2 [illegible]. GOLD 142¾ buying. EXCHANGE steady.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

FLOUR dull and declined 20c.@25c.; Spring Extras, $8 @$10 50. WHEAT quiet and declined 3c.@4c.; sales at $1 90@$1 92 for No. 1, and $1 86@$1 88 for No. 2. CORN [illegible]; sales at [illegible] for No. 1, and [illegible] for No. 2. OATS steady at [illegible]. [illegible] BARLEY active and declined [illegible]; sales at $1 11 for No. 1. [illegible]. [illegible] dull [illegible]. [illegible] Wheat to Buffalo.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

COFFEE [illegible]. COTTON very quiet; [illegible]. FLOUR [illegible]. WHEAT [illegible]. CORN [illegible]. OATS [illegible]. RYE [illegible]. PROVISIONS steady. [illegible] SUGAR quiet, but firm, and in good inquiry for Fair to Good Refining at 11@11½c. WHISKY nominally unchanged.

CLEVELAND, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

FLOUR very firm: Double Extras from Winter Red White, $10 [illegible]; from Amber, $11 50@$12; Wheat steady [illegible]. [illegible] No. 1 Mixed held at $1 12@$1 13; sales at $1 12½. RYE firmer and better; held at $1 50 for No. 1 State. OATS quiet and steady at [illegible]. BARLEY firm at $1 50@$1 55 for No. 1 State, and $1 55 for No. 1 Canada. PETROLEUM firm, but unchanged.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

COTTON dull and easier; sales 350 bales; Low Middlings, 21¼c.; receipts for three days, 1,130; exports, 2,207 bales. FLOUR firm and in good demand; superfine and lower grades of extra advanced 25@50c. CORN scarce; sales at $1 [illegible] for Mixed. OATS scarce at 80c. PORK quiet, but firmer at $26. BACON quiet, but unchanged. LARD firm, at [illegible]. Sterling Exchange, 153@155½. New-York Sight Exchange, ¼@⅜.

MILWAUKEE, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

FLOUR weak and lower; City Double Extras, $9 75@$10 25; Country do., $9@$9 50. WHEAT firm. OATS firm at 48c. CORN steady at $1 05 for No. 1, and $1 02 for No. 2. FREIGHTS weak—Wheat to Buffalo, 7½@8c. RECEIPTS—4,000 bbls. Flour, 153,000 bushels Wheat, 4,000 bushels Oats, 2,400 bushels Corn. SHIPMENTS—4,500 bbls. Flour, 158,000 bushels Wheat, 4,000 bushels Oats.

LOUISVILLE, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

TOBACCO—Sales 177 hhds.; Lugs are lower; Leaf higher at $4@$17 50; Hart County, $38. Superfine FLOUR, $7 75; No. 1, $11 75. WHEAT, $2 10@$2 21. CORN steady. OATS, 70c. RYE, $1 [illegible]. MESS PORK, $26 50. BACON—Shoulders 14½c.; Clear Ribbed Sides, 18c.; Clear Sides, 18½c.; Fancy Hams, 24c., packed. LARD—13½c. for kettle rendered. COTTON, 21½c. WHISKY, in bond, 35c.@36c.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

PETROLEUM, 33½c. for refined. COTTON dull; Middling Uplands, 24½c. FLOUR dull; Superfine, $8 25; Extra State, $12 50. WHEAT quiet; sales 2,000 bush in lots at $2 45 for Pennsylvania Red at $2 42, and Amber at $2 50 for Pennsylvania. RYE—Sales 15,000 bushels at $1 65. CORN advancing and scarce; sales 4,000 bushels Yellow, $1 42; Mixed Western, $1 36. OATS in improved demand; sales 4,000 bushels at 75c. BARLEY—sales 4,500 bushels Western at $1 60@$1 65.

MEMPHIS, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

COTTON active; Uplands, 21c.@22½c. CORN dull. OATS dull at 73c.@75c. PORK dull and unchanged. BACON—Clear Sides, 16½@16c. LARD dull at 15½c.

MOBILE, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

COTTON is in demand and easier; sales 500 bales; Middling, 20½c.@21c. Receipts, 129 bales; exports, 746 bales.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Tuesday, Sept. 24.

COTTON declined ½c.; sales 28 bales; Middling, 20c.@21c.; receipts 208 bales.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Tuesday, Sept. 24.

COTTON dull and declining; Middlings, 21c.@21½c.; sales 40 bales; receipts, 690 bales.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Tuesday, Sept. 24.

SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE steady at 54c. ROSIN steady at $3 25@$7.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Tuesday, Sept. 24.

COTTON market weak; sales 80 bales; Middling, 20c.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Sept. 24.

Stocks dull. Pennsylvania State Fives, 97½; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 27¾; Reading Railroad, 50¾; Pennsylvania Railroad, 53⅞. Gold, 142¾. Sight Exchange on New-York at par.

[Advertisement.]

FULLER & BARNUM'S NEW TUCK CREASER AN SELF-GUIDE AND BASTER COMBINED.

This grandest of all improvements is by H. W. Fuller, the *original inventor of all Tuckers*. While sewing a tuck, at each stitch, two fingers "*pinch up*" a *crease* for the next tuck, *the same as by hand*, (instead of straining the cloth over a SHARP POINT, by a "NOTCH," as heretofore,) and CANNOT CUT or STRAIN any kind of goods. The light spring of the Self-Guide and Baster smooths the cloth, (holding it together without basting,) and aids in guiding. *No measuring or marking. Time saved, and amount of tucking increased from* TWO to THREE TIMES. Sold at most of the sewing-machine offices, and by the gross at the Gen. Office, No. 663 Broadway, N. W. cor. of Bleecker-st., New-York, where all the *sewing-machine tuckers are sold*. $4, with cut and directions; $4 50 by mail. I. W. BARNUM, sole Agent for supplying the trade.

At the American Institute Fair, northeast corner of Northern Gallery.

[Advertisement.]

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE.

Prize medal awarded HERRING's PATENT CHAMPION SAFES at Paris. Also, at the WORLD's FAIR, London, and WORLD's FAIR, NEW-YORK. For sale only at No. 251 Broadway, corner Murray-st., New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Many a family will regret before another Spring that their house was not protected with the Burglar Alarm Telegraph, the only protection never broken through by burglars. E. HOLMES, No. 232 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

At the head of the fashionable world stands KNOX, the Hatter, whose establishments, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st., and No. 533 Broadway, (Prescott House,) are resplendent with his matchless Fall styles of gentlemen's hats and head-gear generally. Prices remarkably low.

[Advertisement.]

Ask your Grocer for KENT's East India Coffee. Safe for invalids, and liked by everybody. Beware of imitations. Depot removed to Nos. 233, 235 and 237 Washington-st.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM EUROPE.

Siberia	Sept. 10	Liverpool	New-York.
City of Paris	Sept. 11	Liverpool	New-York.
Denmark	Sept. 11	Liverpool	New-York.
Pereire	Sept. 12	Havre	New-York.
Tarifa	Sept. 14	Liverpool	New-York.
Java	Sept. 14	Liverpool	Boston.
America	Sept. 14	Bremen	New-York.
Hammonia	Sept 14	Hamburg	New-York.
Western Metropolis	Sept. 14	Bremen	New-York.
Celia	Sept. 14	London	New-York.
Saxonia	Sept. 21	Hamburg	New-York.
Scotia	Sept. 21	Liverpool	New-York.
FOR EUROPE.			
Minnesota	Sept. 25	New-York	Liverpool.
Hecla	Sept. 25	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Washington	Sept. 26	New-York	Liverpool.
Deutschland	Sept. 26	New-York	Bremen.
Baltic	Sept. 28	New-York	Bremen.
Iowa	Sept. 28	New-York	Glasgow.
Teutonia	Sept. 28	New-York	Hamburg.
Bellona	Sept. 28	New-York	London.
Arago	Sept. 28	New-York	Havre.
FOR HAVANA.			
Morro Castle	Sept. 26	Havana.	

Departure of Foreign Mails.

The mails for Europe, *via* Boston and Liverpool, by the *China*, close at the General Post-office Tuesday, Sept. 24, at 12½ P. M.

The mails for Europe, *via* Quebec, by the *Nestorian*, close at the General Post-office Wednesday, Sept. 25, at 6 P. M.

The mails for Havana and West Indies, by the *Morro Castle*, close at the General Post-office Thursday, Sept. 26, at 2 P. M.

The mails for Europe, *via* Southampton and Bremen, by the *Deutschland*, close at the General Post-office Thursday, Sept. 26, at 10:30 A. M. Supplementary mail for paid letters, on the pier foot of Third-street, Hoboken, to 12 M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30, 2:30 and 6 P. M.
Western Mails	5 A. M., 3:30, 4:30 6:30 and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	5 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 3 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 3 P. M.
South Mails	5 A. M., and 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Arrived.

SEPT. 24.—*In steamship St. Laurent, from Havre and Brest*—Messrs. Becker, Conway, Hogust and family, Holbery, Eastland, Mrs. Chuffart, Miss E. Watson, Mr. Kinney and lady, Vanderpool, Gicquel, E. Dwight, Gallet, C. de Ruiz, Ruiz, Mrs. Six, Oballe and family, Lagano, Torriante, Dillon and family, Varet, Count and Countess de Lanonia, Bohnesly, Couturie, Buridge, Mr. and Mrs. Boardman, Mrs. Blain and family, Brulcost and lady, Cluse, G. Grubie, Roas, Hernandez, Streuli, Viroles and family, Geo. McKenzie, Connolly, Labasse and family, McKenzie, Mrs. Starr, Mr. and Mrs. Guy, Mr. and Mrs. Werden, Mrs. Riggs and family, Mrs. Cannon, Lawrence Smith and family, Lilienthal and family, Siederman, Guardias Bis, Hubert, de Gonebriand, Zantroid, Mr. and Mrs. Booth, Pothier, Samonin, Godillot and family, Zuyla, Trouillet, Serre, Garli, Peabody, S. Tilton, Mrs. Wright, Ward, Hays, Mrs. Seligny and family, Miss Israel, Mrs. Brunswick and family, Col. Levy, Chauviere, A. Vena, Ary, Van der Berg, Bernard, W. E. Culwer, Dabous, Downon, Adnet, Wertemberg, Fribourg, Beduchaud, Evillard, S. Levy, Cisel, E. de Yongh, Cosmo, Mr. and Mrs. Gibot, Puthomme, Clavier, Siano, Amengual, Weill, Mr. Stone and lady, Squadrilla, Magnus, Deccoby, Lathy, Legeard, Nouel de Kranque, Dobardt, Lemorne, Mrs. Nicole, Bioch, Mr. Miflet and son, Mr. Mathey and family, Miss Louisa See, Miss Bauer, Mr. Yarad and son, Mr. and Mrs. Roid, A. Brauer, Pony, Zougues, Ulrich Zous, Mrs. Heymann, Miss Eisemann, Mrs. Morel, Gerama, Miss Ernie, Bentley, Forbes, P. Camus, Maurois, A. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Pilicod, Rieten, Baudouin, Mrs. Ruth, Auiree, Woge, Laplanche, Mrs. Zauberi, Miss Cain and brother, Mrs. De Bressoroiles, Mrs. Walter and family, Leblanc, Bonafont, Arbizu, Angellos, Schaoleb, Bavas, Downing, Gelbke, Darcel and family, Rizzo.

In steamship Manhattan, from Charleston—John Murray, John Riley, T. L. Davidson, Mrs. J. Wetherin, L. D. Shapina, A. Miller, James Kennedy, Miss Katy Dowd, S. Brown, C. C. Dwight, Miss A. Knox, Lewis Moore, George Reich, J. Wertham, Mr. Smalley, D. O'Neill, Hy. Brye, Mrs. C. Dowd, Mrs. Eliza Webster, Isaac Klein, Mrs. M. C. Knox, M. L. Mechalowsky and child, and others in the steerage.

In steamship San Jacinto, from Savannah—A. Barrey, M. Jeffries, J. A. Mosley, W. Mitchell, Master Mitchell, T. Henderson, D. Birey, Miss Shanta, M. Freidmann and wife, L. Dinsmore, B. Scatilla, B. F. Chase, M. S. Grittner, S. Goldberg and lady, S. H. Smith, W. H. Martin.

SEPT. 24.—*In steamship Medway, from Antwerp*—Rev. Mr. Eisel, Mr. Dubois, Rev. Mr. Fleming, Mr. Gaboner, wife and 7 children, and 155 in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises 5 53 | Sun sets 5 53 | Moon rises 3 07

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook 6 33 | Gov. Island 6 22 | Hell Gate 7 54

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, Sept. 24.

Cleared.

Steamships City of Washington, (Br.,) [illegible], Liverpool, J. G. Dale; Hecla, (Br.,) Edmondson, Liverpool, E. Cunard; Saratoga, King, Norfolk, [illegible]; Richmond, [illegible], Richmond, N. L. McCready & Co.; Chesapeake, [illegible], Portland, J. F. Ames.

Steamers Monitor, Jones, Philadelphia, [illegible]; Briggs; Neptune, Baker, Boston, H. F. [illegible].

Ships Orient, Hill, San Francisco, S. L. Merchant & Co.; [illegible], Liverpool, Lambert, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Barks White Wing, (Br.,) Pike, Laguayra and Porto Cabello, Dallett & Bliss; Wm. Rock (Br.,) McBride, St. John's, N. F., Crandall, Umphrey & Co.; Evening Star, (Br.,) Miller, [illegible]; Juniper, Alvey, Galveston, Texas, Murray, Ferris & Co.; [illegible], (Br.,) Glasgow, Cork or Falmouth for orders, [illegible]; [illegible] (Br.,) Wescott, Buenos Ayres, John Boynton's Son & Co.

Brigs Alma, (Br.,) Galvin, Jacmel, J. W. Elwell & Co.; Mary & Catharine, (Br.,) Maddie, Queenstown for orders, C. F. Bailey.

Schooners Red Jacket, Averill, Rockland, Me., W. S. Brown & Co.; [illegible], Bonsen, St. Thomas, [illegible] & Co.; Mary Curly, (Br.,) Masters, St. John's, N. F., Crandall, Umphrey & Co.; Bina, (Br.,) Dernier, Hillsboro, N. B., Nevius & Sons; M. H. Reininger, West, Lavaca, N. L. McCready & Co.; C. Russell, McDonald, Boston; O. O. Acker, Hobbie, Stamford.

Arrived.

Steamship St. Laurent, (Fr.,) Bocande, Havre Sept. 12, and Brest 14th, at 5 P. M., with mdse. and 206 passengers to George Mackenzie. Had fine weather the entire passage. Arrived at Quarantine at 4 A. M. 19th inst., lat. 49 34, lon. 44 3, passed Swedish ship Crest, hence for Gottenburg. 21st, lat. 43 14, lon. 57 58, ship Constellation, (from Liverpool) for New-York.

Steamship Medway, (Br.,) Harris, Antwerp 9th inst., with mdse. and 163 passengers to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Steamship San Jacinto, Atkins, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to Garrison & Allen. Sept. 23, off Cape Lookout, passed steamship Manhattan, with steamship Georgia in tow for New-York.

Steamship Alabama, Limeburner, Charleston, to Arthur Leary. 23d, P. M., 40 miles S. W. of Hatteras, saw steamship Gen. Sedgwick, bound S. Had strong N. E. winds from Frying-pan Shoals.

Ship Chancellor, Jones, Liverpool Aug. 19, with mdse. to Williams & Guion. Had strong westerly winds the first part of the passage; latter part light, variable and calms.

Ship Minnehaha, (of Londonderry,) McGrath, Londonderry, 36 ds., with mdse. and 112 passengers to G. & J. Knox & Co.

Ship Edith, Child, Newport, Wales, Aug. 18, with iron to Charles Carow. Had light westerly winds the entire passage. 11th inst., lat. 42 13, lon. 61 45, saw steamship Virginia, hence for Liverpool.

Ship Ladoga, Walley, Cronstadt 43 ds., with mdse. to Wm. Ropes & Co.

Bark Annie M. Goodwin, Fitchett, Havre 53 ds., with mdse. and 21 passengers to Boyd & Hincken—vessel to Goodwin & Blake. Sept. 12, lat. 36 52, lon. 60 41, fell in with wreck of vessel named Ristori, (before reported.) Had calms and light winds the entire passage, all well.

Bark Laboramus, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Raymond, Leghorn 62 ds., with marble, rags, &c., to Boyd & Hincken.

Bark Adelaide, Flemmer, Boston, in ballast to A. P. Francia.

Bark May Belle Roberts, Burns, Bridgeport, C. B., 11 ds., with coal to Brett, Son & Co.

Bark Silver Star, (Br.,) Lowe, New-Bedford, in ballast to master.

Brig Veteran, (of Liverpool, N. S.,) Snow, Malaga 48 ds., with fruit, &c., to master. Had light N. winds and calms the entire passage.

Brig Josephine, (of Halifax, N. S.,) Forbes, Cow Bay 11 ds., with coal to H. J. De Wolf & Co.

Brig Champion, (of Pictou, N. S.,) Marteau, Cow Bay, C. B., 13 ds., with coal to B. F. Small & Co.

Schr. J. W. Hatfield, (Br.,) Potter, Windsor, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to Crandall, Umphrey & Co.

Schr. Queen of Clippers, (Br.,) Davison, Windsor, N. S., with plaster to Crandall, Umphray & Co.

Schr. S. C. Scribner, Burgess, Glace Bay, with coal to New-York Gas Light Co.

Schr. Amelia, Fitchett, Rockland, N. B., 5 ds., with stone to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Schr. Ricardo Barros, Furman, St. Martin's 12 ds., with salt to B. J. Wenberg.

Schr. Jos. Hall, Penfield, Elizabethport, for Middletown.

Schr. Fair Wind, Smith, Ellsworth, with lumber.

Schr. C. W. Dexter, Dayton, Augusta, with lumber.

Schr. Gertrude Horton, Jameson, Rockland.

Schr. Trade Wind, ——, Rockland.

Schr. Fleetwing, Nash, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Veto, Robinson, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Eurotas, Ham, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Leader, ——, Bridgeport, for West Indies.

Schr. Galena, Gale, Bridgeport.

Schr. Alaska, Strout, Portland, with lumber.

Schr. J. E. Potts, Robinson, Albany, for Newport.

WIND—At sunset, S.

Below.

Ship Isaac Webb, Stowell, Liverpool Aug. 22.

Ship Emma, Bich, Cardiff Aug. 17.

Ship A. Thayer, (Br.,) ——.

Sailed.

Steamships Saratoga, for Norfolk and Richmond; Neptune, for Boston; Chesapeake, for Portland.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Sept. 24—Arr. steamer Norman, from Philadelphia; schr. R. B. Smith, from New-York.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 24—Arr. steamships Champion, from New-York; Falcon, Baltimore; schrs. Archer and Reeves, from Philadelphia; Calista, Rockport; David Collins, Philadelphia.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 24—Arr. steamships C. W. Lord, from New-York; Wyoming, Philadelphia. Sld. steamship Leo, for New-York. Cld. brig Resolute, for Baltimore.

WOODS' HOLE, Sept. 24—Arr. bark Fannie T. Bell, from Swan Island.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 24—Arr. steamer Jas. A. Garr, Baltimore, and steamer W. P. Clyde, from New-York.

Miscellaneous.

The U. S. school-ship Portsmouth came up Long Island Sound, and anchored near Riker's Island yesterday. It is understood that she will not come to the City.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 24.—The pilot-boat Coquette reports having boarded the barks Atalanta, from Liverpool for Norfolk, with salt; Stella, from Cardiff; Elverton, from West Indies; St. Lawrence, from Demerara; Kathleen, from Liverpool; Eureka, from New-York for Baltimore; brig Wardle, from Navassa for Richmond, with guano, and U. S. ship Sabine, for Annapolis.

Spoken, &c.

Annie Goodwin—bark, Pidgeon, from Havre for New-York, 50 ds. out, Sept. 18, lat. 37 1, lon. 70 30.

Castilia—schr., bound E., Sept. 1, lat. 45 13, lon. 30 50.

Lady Clarendon—ship, bound E., Sept. 18, lat. 41 15, lon. 62 30.

Tara—ship, of Liverpool, bound W., Aug. 28, lat. 55 11, lon. 17 54.

1867.

FALL FASHIONS.

DUPLEX SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or Double Spring) SKIRTS are the MOST DURABLE and ECONOMICAL SKIRT MADE. EACH HOOP BEING COMPOSED OF TWO FINELY TEMPERED STEEL SPRINGS, ingeniously braided FIRMLY together, EDGE to EDGE, and while they are very flexible and easy to the wearer, they are also the STRONGEST and MOST SERVICEABLE SKIRT WORN. They are made in the MOST FASHIONABLE and ELEGANT SHAPES for RECEPTION, PROMENADE, OPERA, CARRIAGE, CHURCH, HOUSE and STREET DRESS.

AT RETAIL in all FIRST-CLASS STORES in the UNITED STATES. AT WHOLESALE by MOST of the LEADING JOBBERS; and the SOLE OWNERS of PATENT.

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,
Office and Warerooms,
Nos. 97 Chambers and 79 and 81 Reade sts., New-York.

GREAT BARGAINS ARE OFFERED daily in teas, coffee, sugars, flour and all kinds of provisions, at the celebrated grocery store of THOS. R. AGNEW, Nos. 260 and 262 Greenwich-st., corner Murray, New-York. Call, save your money, and see for yourselves.

OFFICIAL DRAWING

Of the Georgia State Lotteries.—For the benefit of the "Masonic Orphan Home."

GEORGIA STATE—EXTRA CLASS No. 89, Sept. 24, 1867.
47, 71, 75, 53, 31, 50, 69, 18, 59, 67, 15, 7, 48.
GEORGIA STATE—CLASS No. 90, Sept. 24, 1867.
47, 52, 59, 25, 69, 77, 56, 34, 27, 20, 55, 31, 62.
SUPPLEMENTARY—EXTRA CLASS No. 370, Sept. 24, 1867.
74, 31, 25, 40, 29, 59, 14, 56, 53, 57, 11, 5, 23.
SUPPLEMENTARY—CLASS No. 371, Sept. 24, 1867.
35, 46, 31, 38, 63, 36, 33, 52, 3, 59, 17.

BOYD, WILSON & CO., Managers, Atlanta, Ga.

Circulars sent, prizes cashed, and all orders attended to by addressing McINTIRE & CO., No. 126 Chatham-st., and No. 79 Cortlandt-st., New-York City.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

PRIZES CASHED IN ALL LEGALIZED lotteries. Information given. Circulars sent free.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 73 Broadway.

CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION FURnished in all legalized lotteries.
J. CLUTE, Broker, No. 176 Broadway, and No. 153 Fulton-st.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

A PROFITABLE AND PERMANENT business for $5.
A business secured against competition for $5.
A business certain to pay from $800 to $1,600 per year for $5.
A business not interfering with any other, and earning a living, for $5.

ALABASTER BLUEING.

In order to secure the universal and immediate introduction of the Alabaster Blueing, the undersigned will sell their exclusive agency for any county in the United States, to satisfactory parties, for $5, and furnish the Blueing at wholesale prices. Agents will have a fair margin for profits on Blueing furnished by the box to grocers and druggists in their counties, and the usual profits on all retailed by themselves.

Reasons why the Alabaster Blueing will supersede all others:

1. It is 50 per cent. cheaper—requiring far less in amount than any other.
2. It gives clothes a bright and new appearance.
3. Too much will not stain and blacken the clothes.
4. It is free from specks and sediment.
5. It has no acids that will destroy clothes.

Read the following certificates, from respected ladies of New-York, all proprietors of stores, who have tested the Blueing:

"I have used the Alabaster Blueing. It is cheaper and far superior to any other Blueing I know of."
Mrs. R. LENNING, No. 277 3d-av., New-York.

"The above recommendation I cheerfully certify to."
Mrs. E. HAMBLEY, No. 798 3d-av.

"I bear cheerful testimony to the highly satisfactory results of the use of the Alabaster Blueing. I am satisfied no family will do without it after using it."
Mrs. L. ROSSIE, No. 332 8th-av.

"I have no hesitation in recommending the Alabaster Blueing to every family that are particular about their washing. It is certainly the best I have ever used."
Mrs. E. COOLEY, No. 683 3d-av.

"I fully concur in all the above."
Mrs. BURLINSON, No. 686 3d-av.

"Its perfect purity of color, freedom from speck and sediment and economy in its use, render it preferable, in my judgment, to all other washing blues."
Mrs. MARTIN, No. 224 8th-av.

Address the ALABASTER BLUEING CO., No. 6.9 Broadway, New-York.

Wanted, an efficient General Agent, to supply the City trade.